

Single Correct Option Type Questions

- Q.1 (a, b) and (c, d) are solutions of simultaneous equation $5(\log_y x + \log_x y) = 26$, $xy = 64$ then $a + b + c + d =$
 (A) 51 (B) 17 (C) 68 (D) 34
- Q.2 If $\log_k x \log_5 k = \log_5 5$, $k \neq 1$, $k > 0$, then sum of all values of x is
 (A) 5 (B) $\frac{24}{5}$ (C) $\frac{26}{5}$ (D) $\frac{37}{5}$
- Q.3 Complete set of solution of $\log_{1/3}(2^{x+2} - 4^x) \geq -2$ is
 (A) $(-\infty, 2)$ (B) $(-\infty, 2 + \sqrt{13})$ (C) $(2, \infty)$ (D) None of these
- Q.4 In which of the following intervals does $\frac{1}{\log_{1/2}(1/3)} + \frac{1}{\log_{1/5}(1/3)}$ lies
 (A) (1, 2) (B) (2, 3) (C) (3, 4) (D) (4, 5)
- Q.5 If $T_r = \frac{1}{\log_{2^r} 4}$ (where $r \in \mathbb{N}$), then the value of $\sum_{r=1}^4 T_r$ is :
 (A) 3 (B) 4 (C) 5 (D) 10
- Q.6 Sum of all the solutions of the equation $|x - 3| + |x + 5| = 7x$, is :
 (A) $\frac{6}{7}$ (B) $\frac{8}{7}$ (C) $\frac{58}{63}$ (D) $\frac{8}{45}$
- Q.7 If $2^x = 3^y = 6^{-z}$, the value of $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}$ is equal to
 (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) 3
- Q.8 Complete set of real values of x for which $\log_{(2x-3)}(x^2 - 5x - 6)$ is defined is
 (A) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, \infty\right)$ (B) $(6, \infty)$ (C) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, 6\right)$ (D) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2\right) \cup (2, \infty)$
- Q.9 Suppose $\log_a b + \log_b a = C$. The smallest possible integral value of C for all $a, b > 1$ is
 (A) 4 (B) 3 (C) 2 (D) 1
- Q.10 $\log_{0.01} 1000 + \log_{0.1} 0.0001$ is equal to
 (A) -2 (B) 3 (C) $-\frac{5}{2}$ (D) $\frac{5}{2}$
- Q.11 If $7\log_a \frac{16}{15} + 5\log_a \frac{25}{24} + 3\log_a \frac{81}{80} = 8$, then $a =$
 (A) $2^{1/8}$ (B) $(10)^{1/8}$ (C) $(30)^{1/8}$ (D) 1

Q.12 $\log_8(128) - \log_9 \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) =$

(A) $\frac{31}{12}$ (B) $\frac{19}{12}$ (C) $\frac{13}{12}$ (D) $\frac{11}{12}$

Q.13 The value of $\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{27}}\right)^{2 - \left(\frac{\log_2 16}{2 \log_2 9}\right)}$ equals to

(A) $\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{27}$ (B) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{27}$ (C) $\frac{4\sqrt{2}}{27}$ (D) $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{27}$

Q.14 The sum of all the roots of the equation $\log_2(x-1) + \log_2(x+2) - \log_2(3x-1) = \log_2 4$

(A) 12 (B) 2 (C) 10 (D) 11

Q.15 Let $\lambda = \log_5 \log_5(3)$. If $3^{k+5^{-\lambda}} = 405$, then the value of k is

(A) 3 (B) 5 (C) 4 (D) 6

Q.16 A circle has a radius $\log_{10}(a^2)$ and a circumference of $\log_{10}(b^4)$. Then the value of $\log_a b$ is equal to

(A) $\frac{1}{4\pi}$ (B) $\frac{1}{\pi}$ (C) 2π (D) π

Q.17 If $2^x = 3^y = 6^{-z}$, the value of $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}$ is equal to

(A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) 3

Q.18 The value of $\log_{(\sqrt{2}-1)}(5\sqrt{2}-7)$ is

(A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) 3

Q.19 The value of $\log_{ab}\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)$, if $\log_{ab} a = 4$ is equal to

(A) 2 (B) $\frac{13}{6}$ (C) $\frac{15}{6}$ (D) $\frac{17}{6}$

Q.20 Identify the correct option

(A) $\log_2 3 < \log_{1/4} 5$ (B) $\log_5 7 < \log_8 3$

(C) $\log_{\sqrt[3]{2}} \sqrt{3} > \log_{\sqrt[3]{2}} \sqrt{5}$ (D) $2^{1/4} > \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{1/3}$

Q.21 Sum of all values of x satisfying the system of equations $5(\log_y x + \log_x y) = 26$, $xy = 64$ is

(A) 42 (B) 34 (C) 32 (D) 2

Q.22 The product of all values of x satisfying the equation $\log_3 a - \log_x a = \log_{\sqrt{3}} a$ is:

(A) 3 (B) $\frac{3}{2}$ (C) 18 (D) 27

Q.23 The value of x + y + z satisfying the system of equations

$$\begin{aligned} \log_2 x + \log_4 y + \log_4 z &= 2 \\ \log_3 y + \log_9 z + \log_{10} x &= 2 \\ \log_4 z + \log_{16} x + \log_{16} y &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

is

(A) $\frac{175}{12}$ (B) $\frac{349}{24}$ (C) $\frac{353}{24}$ (D) $\frac{112}{3}$

Q.24 $\left(\frac{1}{49}\right)^{1+\log_7 2} + 5^{-\log_{1/5} 7} =$

(A) $7\frac{1}{196}$ (B) $7\frac{3}{196}$ (C) $7\frac{5}{196}$ (D) $7\frac{1}{98}$

Q.25 The number of real values of x satisfying the equation $\log_2(3-x) - \log_2\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)}{(5-x)}\right) = \frac{1}{2} + \log_2(x+7)$ is

(A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) 3

Q.26 The number of real values of x satisfying the equation $3|x-2| + |1-5x| + 4|3x+1| = 13$ is

(A) 1 (B) 4 (C) 2 (D) 3

Q.27 The number of values of x satisfying the equation $\log_2(9^{x-1} + 7) = 2 + \log_2(3^{x-1} + 1)$ is

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 0

Q.28 The product of all values of x satisfying the equation $|x-1|^{\log_3 x^2 - 2\log_3 9} = (x-1)^7$, is

(A) 162 (B) $\frac{162}{\sqrt{3}}$ (C) $\frac{81}{\sqrt{3}}$ (D) 81

Q.29 Evaluate $3^{2-\log_3 4}$

(A) $\frac{4}{9}$ (B) $\frac{9}{4}$ (C) 36 (D) None of these

Q.30 Let $P(x) = x^2 + \frac{4x}{3} + \log_{10}(4.9)$, $A = \prod_{i=1}^{12} P(a_i)$ where $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{12}$ are positive reals and $B = \prod_{j=1}^{13} P(b_j)$ where $b_1, b_2, \dots, b_{13}$ are non-positive reals then which one of the following is always correct?

(A) $A > 0, B > 0$ (B) $A > 0, B < 0$

(C) $A < 0, B > 0$ (D) $A < 0, B < 0$

Q.31 The set of all rest values of x for which both $\log_{\frac{x-2}{x+3}}(x^2 + x + 1)$ and $\sqrt{x^2 - 9}$ are meaningless, is equal to

(A) $[-4, -3]$ (B) $(-3, -2)$ (C) $(-3, 2]$ (D) $(-3, 1)$

Multiple Correct Option Type Questions

- Q.32** If x satisfies $|x-1| + |x-2| + |x-3| > 6$, then
 (A) $x \in (-\infty, 1)$ (B) $x \in (-\infty, 0)$ (C) $x \in (4, \infty)$ (D) $(2, \infty)$
- Q.33** If the equation $\ell n(x^2 + 5x) - \ell n(x + a + 3) = 0$ has exactly one solution for x , then possible integral value of a is:
 (A) -3 (B) -1 (C) 0 (D) 2
- Q.34** If $x \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ and $\sin x = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$; Let $k = \log_{10} \sin x = \log_{10} \cos x + 2 \log_{10} \cot x + \log_{10} \tan x$. Then the value of k satisfies
 (A) $k = 0$ (B) $k + 1 = 0$ (C) $k - 1 = 0$ (D) $k^2 - 1 = 0$
- Q.35** If $a < 0$, then the value of x satisfying $x^2 - 2a|x-a| - 3a^2 = 0$ is/are
 (A) $a(1 - \sqrt{2})$ (B) $a(1 + \sqrt{2})$ (C) $a(-1 - \sqrt{6})$ (D) $a(-1 + \sqrt{6})$
- Q.36** If $\log_2(3^{2x-2} + 7) = 2 + \log_2(3^{x-1} + 1)$ then x equals
 (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) None of these

Passage Based Questions

Passage # 1 (Q. 37 & 38)

Given a right triangle ABC right angled at C and whose legs are given $1 + 4\log_p(2p)$, $1 + 2^{\log_2(\log_2 p)}$ and hypotenuse is given to be $1 + \log_2(4p)$. The area of ΔABC and circle circumscribing it are Δ_1 and Δ_2 respectively, then

- Q.37** $\Delta_1 + \frac{4\Delta_2}{\pi}$ is equal to
 (A) 31 (B) 28 (C) $3 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ (D) 199
- Q.38** The value of $\sin\left(\frac{\pi(25p^2\Delta_1 + 2)}{6}\right) =$
 (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ (C) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ (D) 1

Passage # 2 (Q. 39 & 40)

If $\log_{10} |x^3 + y^3| - \log_{10} |x^2 - xy + y^2| + \log_{10} |x^3 - y^3| - \log_{10} |x^2 + xy + y^2| = \log_{10} 221$, where x, y are integers, then

- Q.39** If $x = 111$, then y can be
 (A) ± 111 (B) ± 2 (C) ± 110 (D) ± 109
- Q.40** If $y = 2$, then value of x can be
 (A) ± 111 (B) ± 15 (C) ± 2 (D) ± 110

Column Matching Type Questions

Q.41 Match the following List-I with List-II. (Where $[.]$ denotes the greatest integer function)

- | | List-I | List-II |
|-----|--|---------|
| (P) | If $\log_4 x = \log_6 y = \log_6 (x+y)$ then $\left[\frac{4y}{x}\right]$ is equal to | (1) 3 |
| (Q) | If $a = \log_{245} 175$ and $b = \log_{1715} 875$ then $\left[\frac{1-ab}{a-b}\right]$ is equal to | (2) 4 |
| (R) | If $\log_2 x + \log_x 2 = \frac{10}{3} = \log_2 y + \log_y 2$ and $x \neq y$ then $\left[\frac{x+y}{2}\right]$ is equal to | (3) 5 |
| (S) | If $3^a = 4, 4^b = 5, 5^c = 6, 6^d = 7, 7^e = 8$ and $8^f = 9$ then $\left[\frac{5abcdef}{3}\right]$ is equal to | (4) 6 |

Codes :

	P	Q	R	S
(A)	4	3	1	2
(B)	4	2	3	1
(C)	4	2	1	3
(D)	4	3	2	1

Numeric Response Type Questions

- Q.42** The value $\left[\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3 \log_{10}(1728)}{1 + \frac{1}{2} \log_{10}(0.36) + \frac{1}{3} \log_{10} 8} \right)\right]^{-1}$ is
- Q.43** How many ordered pair(s) satisfy $\log\left(x^3 + \frac{1}{3}y^3 + \frac{1}{9}\right) = \log x + \log y$
- Q.44** If $\log_{16}(\log_{\sqrt{5}}(\log_{\sqrt{5}}(x))) = \frac{1}{2}$; find x .
- Q.45** Find the number of real values of x satisfying the equation $9^{2\log_3 x} + 4x + 3 = 0$
- Q.46** If $x, y, z \in (0, 1]$ such that $(\log x)(\log y) = \log(xy)$ and $2(\log x)(\log z) = \log(zx)$, then the value of $2x + 3y + 4z$ is equal to _____
- Q.47** If sum of maximum and minimum value of $y = \log_2(x^4 + x^2 + 1) - \log_2(x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 1)$ can be expressed in form $((\log_2 m) - n)$, where m and 2 are coprime then compute $(m + n)$.
- Q.48** If $1 - \log_x 2 + \log_x 2 \cdot 9 - \log_x 3 \cdot 64 < 0$, then range of x is (a, b) . Find the minimum value of $(a + 9b)$.

ANSWER KEY

Single Correct Option type Questions

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|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. (C) | 2. (C) | 3. (A) | 4. (B) | 5. (C) | 6. (B) | 7. (A) |
| 8. (B) | 9. (C) | 10. (D) | 11. (A) | 12. (A) | 13. (D) | 14. (D) |
| 15. (C) | 16. (D) | 17. (A) | 18. (D) | 19. (D) | 20. (D) | 21. (B) |
| 22. (D) | 23. (C) | 24. (A) | 25. (B) | 26. (C) | 27. (B) | 28. (A) |
| 29. (B) | 30. (A) | 31. (C) | | | | |

Multiple Correct Option type Questions

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|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 32. (B,C) | 33. (B,C,D) | 34. (B,D) | 35. (A,D) | 36. (A,C) |
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Passage Based Questions

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|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 37. (A) | 38. (C) | 39. (C) | 40. (B) |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|

Column Matching Type Questions

41. (D)

Numeric Response Type Questions

- | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| 42. 2 | 43. 1 | 44. 5 | 45. 0 | 46. 9 | 47. 5 | 48. 25 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|