

# Square Roots And Cube Roots

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## Exercise 6.1

**Q. 1. A. What will be the units digit of the square of the following numbers?**

**39**

**Answer :** Given a number 39 and need to find out the unit digit of the square of number.

Now, the square of number,  $n = n^2$

Since, we have “9” as the unit place in the number “39”.

$$\Rightarrow 9^2 = 81$$

$\Rightarrow$  1 will be the unit digit of square of 39.

Hence, the units' digit of the square of 39 is 1.

**Q. 1. B. What will be the units digit of the square of the following numbers?**

**297**

**Answer :** Given a number 297 and need to find out the unit digit of the square of number.

Now, the square of number,  $n = n^2$

Since, we have “7” in the units place in the given number “297” we have to square the number 7

$$\Rightarrow 7^2 = 49 \text{ and } 9 \text{ will be the units' digit.}$$

Hence, the units digit of the square of 297 is 9.

**Q. 1. C. What will be the units digit of the square of the following numbers?**

**5125**

**Answer :** Given a number 5125 and need to find out the unit digit of the square of number.

Now, the square of number,  $n = n^2$

Since, we have “5” in the units place in the given number “5125” we have to square the number 5

$\Rightarrow 5^2 = 25$  and 5 will be the units’ digit.

Hence, the units digit of the square of 5125 is 5.

**Q. 1. D. What will be the units digit of the square of the following numbers?**

**7286**

**Answer :** Given a number 7286 and need to find out the unit digit of the square of number.

Now, the square of number,  $n = n^2$

Since, we have “6” in the units place in the given number “7286” we have to square the number 6

$\Rightarrow 6^2 = 36$

$\Rightarrow 6$  will be the units’ digit.

Hence, the units digit of the square of 7286 is 6.

**Q. 1. E. What will be the units digit of the square of the following numbers?**

**8742**

**Answer :** Given a number 8742 and need to find out the unit digit of the square of number.

Now, the square of number,  $n = n^2$

Since, we have “2” in the units place in the given number “8742” we have to square the number 2

$\Rightarrow 2^2 = 4$

$\Rightarrow 4$  will be the units’ digit.

Hence, the units digit of the square of 8742 is 4.

**Q. 2. A. Which of the following numbers are perfect squares?**

**121**

**Answer :** Given, a number 121 and need to find out whether it is perfect square or not.

Now, we have the perfect square  $m = n * n = n^2$ , [T1] where m and n are integers

⇒ 121 is a perfect square as it can be expressed as  $11 \times 11$  form the product of two equal integer.

$$\Rightarrow 121 = 11 \times [T2] 11$$

Hence, 121 is a perfect square.

**Q. 2. B . Which of the following numbers are perfect squares?**

**136**

**Answer :** Given a number 136 and need to find out whether it is perfect square or not.

Now, we have the perfect square  $m = n * n = n^2$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 136 is not a perfect square as it cannot be expressed as  $n \times n$  form the product of two equal integer.

Hence, 136 is not a perfect square.

**Q. 2. C. Which of the following numbers are perfect squares?**

**256**

**Answer :** Given a number 256 and need to find out whether it is perfect square or not.

Now, we have the perfect square  $m = n * n = n^2$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 256 is a perfect square as it can be expressed as  $16 \times 16$  form the product of two equal integer.

$$\Rightarrow 256 = 16 \times 16$$

Hence, 256 is a perfect square.

**Q. 2. D. Which of the following numbers are perfect squares?**

**321**

**Answer :** Given a number 321 and need to find out whether it is perfect square or not.

Now, we have the perfect square  $m = n * n = n^2$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 321 is not a perfect square as it cannot be expressed as  $n \times n$  form the product of two equal integer.

Hence, 321 is not a perfect square.

**Q. 2. E. Which of the following numbers are perfect squares?**

**600**

**Answer :** Given a number 600 and need to find out whether it is perfect square or not.

Now, we have the perfect square  $m = n * n = n^2$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 600 is not a perfect square as it cannot be expressed as  $n \times n$  form the product of two equal integer.

Hence, 600 is not a perfect square.

**Q. 3. A. The following numbers are not perfect squares. Give reasons?**

**257**

**Answer :** Given a number 257 is not perfect square. Need to find out the reason.

Now, we have the perfect square  $m = n * n = n^2$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 257 is not a perfect square as it cannot be expressed as  $n \times n$  form the product of two equal integer and the number that have 2,3,7 or 8 in the units place are not perfect squares.

Hence, the given number 257 is not a perfect square.

**Q. 3. B. The following numbers are not perfect squares. Give reasons?**

**4592**

**Answer :** Given a number 4592 is not perfect square. Need to find out the reason.

Now, we have the perfect square  $m = n * n = n^2$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 4592 is not a perfect square as it cannot be expressed as  $n \times n$  form the product of two equal integer and the number that have 2,3,7 or 8 in the units place are not perfect squares.

Hence, the given number 4592 is not a perfect square.

**Q. 3. C. The following numbers are not perfect squares. Give reasons?**

**2433**

**Answer :** Given a number 2433 is not perfect square. Need to find out the reason.

Now, we have the perfect square  $m = n * n = n^2$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 2433 is not a perfect square as it cannot be expressed as  $n \times n$  form the product of two equal integer and the number that have 2,3,7 or 8 in the units place are not perfect squares.

Hence, the given number 2433 is not a perfect square.

**Q. 3. D. The following numbers are not perfect squares. Give reasons?**

**5050**

**Answer :** Given a number 5050 is not perfect square. Need to find out the reason.

Now, we have the perfect square  $m = n * n = n^2$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 5050 is not a perfect square as it cannot be expressed as  $n \times n$  form the product of two equal integer.

Hence, the given number 5050 is not a perfect square.

**Q. 3. E. The following numbers are not perfect squares. Give reasons?**

**6098**

**Answer :** Given a number 6098 is not perfect square. Need to find out the reason.

Now, we have the perfect square  $m = n * n = n^2$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 6098 is not a perfect square as it cannot be expressed as  $n \times n$  form the product of two equal integer and the number that have 2,3,7 or 8 in the units place are not perfect squares.

Hence, the given number 6098 is not a perfect square.

**Q. 4. A. Find whether the square of the following numbers are even or odd?**

**431**

**Answer :** Given a number 431 and need to find out whether it is even or odd

Now, the square of number,  $n = n^2$

Consider units digit of a number 431 and square the units digit number.

⇒ Here, Units digit number is 1

⇒ Square of 1 = 1

⇒ Square the unit digit 1 = 1

⇒ 1 is a odd number

⇒ ∴ square of 431 will be again odd number

Hence, 431 is odd number.

**Q. 4. B. Find whether the square of the following numbers are even or odd?**

**2826**

**Answer :** Given a number 2826 and need to find out whether it is even or odd

Now, the square of number,  $n = n^2$

Consider units digit of a number 2826 and square the units digit number.

⇒ Here, Units digit number is 6

⇒ Square of 6 = 36

⇒ 6 is a even number

⇒ ∴ square of 2826 will be again even number

Hence, 2826 is even number.

**Q. 4. C. Find whether the square of the following numbers are even or odd?**

**8204**

**Answer :** Given: A number 8204 and need to find out whether it is even or odd

Now, the square of number,  $n = n^2$

Consider units digit of a number 8204 and square the units digit number.

⇒ Here, Units digit number is 4

⇒ Square of 4 = 16

⇒ 4 is a even number

⇒ ∴ square of 8204 will be again even number

Hence, 8204 is even number.

**Q. 4. D. Find whether the square of the following numbers are even or odd?**

**17779**

**Answer :** Given a number 17779 and need to find out whether it is even or odd

Now, the square of number,  $n = n^2$

Consider units digit of a number 17779 and square the units digit number.

⇒ Here, Units digit number is 9

⇒ Square of 9 = 81

⇒ 9 is a odd number

⇒ ∴ square of 17779 will be again odd number

Hence, 17779 is odd number.

**Q. 4. E. Find whether the square of the following numbers are even or odd?**

**99998**

**Answer :** Given a number 99998 and need to find out whether it is even or odd

Now, the square of number,  $n = n^2$

Consider units digit of a number 99998 and square the units digit number.

⇒ Here, Units digit number is 8

⇒ Square of 8 = 64

⇒ 8 is a even number

⇒ ∴ square of 99998 will be again even number

Hence, 99998 is even number.

**Q. 5. A. How many numbers lie between the square of the following numbers**

**25; 26**

**Answer :** Given, two numbers 25 and 26 we need to find out the numbers lie between the squares of the given numbers.

Now, we have numbers lie between the square of  $n$  and  $(n + 1)$  as  $2n$  i.e  $2 \times$  base of first number.

⇒ Numbers between squares of 25 and  $(25 + 1) = 2 \times 25$

⇒ 50

Hence, 50 numbers lies between the square of the given numbers.

**Q. 5. B. How many numbers lie between the square of the following numbers**

**56; 57**

**Answer :** Given, two numbers 56 and 57 we need to find out the numbers lie between the squares of the given numbers.

Now, we have numbers lie between the square of  $n$  and  $(n + 1)$  as  $2n$  i.e  $2 \times$  base of first number.

⇒ Numbers between squares of 56 and  $(56 + 1) = 2 \times 56$

⇒ 112

Hence, 112 numbers lies between the square of the given numbers.

**Q. 5. C. How many numbers lie between the square of the following numbers**

**107;108**

**Answer :** Given, two numbers 107 and 108 we need to find out the numbers lie between the squares of the given numbers.

Now, we have numbers lie between the square of  $n$  and  $(n + 1)$  as  $2n$  i.e  $2 \times$  base of first number.

$\Rightarrow$  Numbers between squares of 107 and  $(107 + 1) = 2 \times 107$

$\Rightarrow 214$

Hence, 214 numbers lies between the square of the given numbers.

**Q. 6. A. Without adding, find the sum of the following numbers**

**$1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 =$**

**Answer :** Given, 5 consecutive odd numbers sum. To find out, the sum of consecutive odd numbers from “1” to “9” without adding.

We have sum of first  $n$  odd numbers  $= n^2$ .

Here,  $n = 5$

$\Rightarrow 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 = 5^2$

$\Rightarrow 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 = 25$

Hence, the sum of  $1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9$  without adding  $= 25$

**Q. 6. B. Without adding, find the sum of the following numbers**

**$1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 =$**

**Answer :** Given, 9 consecutive odd numbers sum. To find out, the sum of consecutive odd numbers from “1” to “17” without adding.

We have sum of first  $n$  odd numbers  $= n^2$ .

Here,  $n = 9$

$\Rightarrow 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 = 9^2$

$\Rightarrow 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 = 81$

Hence, the sum of  $1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17$  without adding  $= 81$

**Q. 6. C. Without adding, find the sum of the following numbers**

$$1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 + 19 + 21 + 23 + 25 =$$

**Answer :** Given, 13 consecutive odd numbers sum. To find out, the sum of consecutive odd numbers from “1” to “25” without adding.

We have sum of first n odd numbers =  $n^2$ .

Here,  $n = 13$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 + 19 + 21 + 23 + 25 = 13^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 + 19 + 21 + 23 + 25 = 169$$

Hence, the sum of  $1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 + 19 + 21 + 23 + 25$  without adding = 169

## Exercise 6.2

**Q. 1. A. Find the square roots of the following numbers by Prime factorization method.**

**441**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 441. We need to find out the square root using prime factorization method.

Step 1: Resolve the given number into prime factors, we get

7	441
3	63
3	21
	7

$$\Rightarrow 7 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7$$

Step 2: Make pairs of equal factors, we get

$$\Rightarrow (3 \times 3) \times (7 \times 7)$$

Step 3: Choosing one factor out of every pair, we get

$$\Rightarrow 3 \times 7$$

$$\Rightarrow 21$$

Hence, 21 is the square root of the given number 441 using prime factorization method

**Q. 1. B. Find the square roots of the following numbers by Prime factorization method.**

**784**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 784. We need to find out the square root using prime factorization method.

Step 1: Resolve the given number into prime factors, we get

2	784
2	392
2	196
2	98
7	49
	7

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7$$

Step 2: Make pairs of equal factors, we get

$$\Rightarrow (2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2) \times (7 \times 7)$$

Step 3: Choosing one factor out of every pair, we get

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times 2 \times 7$$

$$\Rightarrow 28$$

Hence, 28 is the square root of the given number 784 using prime factorization method

**Q. 1. C. Find the square roots of the following numbers by Prime factorization method.**

**4096**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 4096. We need to find out the square root using prime factorization method.

Step 1: Resolve the given number into prime factors, we get

2	4096
2	2048
2	1024
2	512
2	256
2	128
2	64
2	32
2	16
2	8
2	4
	2

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times 2$$

Step 2: Make pairs of equal factors, we get

$$\Rightarrow (2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2)$$

Step 3: Choosing one factor out of every pair, we get

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 64$$

Hence, 64 is the square root of the given number 4096 using prime factorization method

**Q. 1. D. Find the square roots of the following numbers by Prime factorization method.**

**7056**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 7056. We need to find out the square root using prime factorization method.

Step 1: Resolve the given number into prime factors, we get

2	7056
2	3528
2	1764
2	882
7	441
7	63
3	9
	3

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 3 \times 3$$

Step 2: Make pairs of equal factors, we get

$$\Rightarrow (2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2) \times (7 \times 7) \times (3 \times 3)$$

Step 3: Choosing one factor out of every pair, we get

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 84$$

Hence, 84 is the square root of the given number 7056 using prime factorization method

**Q. 2. Find the smallest number by which 3645 must be multiplied to get a perfect square.**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 3645. We need to find out a number which if multiplied by the given number we should get a perfect square.

Step 1: Resolve 3645 into prime factors

5	3645
9	729
9	81
3	9
	3

We get,  $5 \times 9 \times 9 \times 3 \times 3$

Step 2: Pair the factors obtained

$$\Rightarrow (9 \times 9) \times (3 \times 3) \times 5$$

Step 3: multiply the number with the factor which is alone.

Here, 9,3 are in pair and 5 is alone.

So, we must multiply the given number by 5 to get a perfect square.

$$\Rightarrow 3645 \times 5 = 18225.$$

Hence, 5 should be multiplied to the given number "3645" to make it perfect square.

**Q. 3. Find the smallest number by which 2400 is to be multiplied to get a perfect square and also find the square root of the resulting number.**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 2400. We need to find out a number which if multiplied by the given number we should get a perfect square.

To find out square root of the resulting number

Step 1: Resolve 2400 into prime factors

3	2400
2	800
5	400
2	80
5	40
2	8
2	4
	2

We get,  $3 \times 2 \times 5 \times 2 \times 5 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$

Step 2: Pair the factors obtained

$$\Rightarrow (2 \times 2) \times (5 \times 5) \times (2 \times 2) \times 3 \times 2$$

Step 3: multiply the number with the factor which is alone.

Here, 2,5 are in pairs and 3,2 are alone.

So, we must multiply the given number by  $3 \times 2$  to get a perfect square.

$$\Rightarrow 2400 \times 3 \times 2 = 2400 \times 6 = 14400.$$

Step 4: The resulting number obtained is 14400

2	14400
2	7200
2	3600
2	1800
3	900
3	300
2	100
2	50
5	25
	5

Square root is found out using common factors

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{14400} = \sqrt{(5 * 5) * (2 * 2) * (3 * 3) * (2 * 2) * (2 * 2)}$$

$$= 5 \times 2 \times 3 \times 2 \times 2$$

$$= 120$$

Hence, 6 should be multiplied to the given number "2400" to make it perfect square. The square root of the resulting number is 120.

**Q. 4. Find the smallest number by which 7776 is to be divided to get a perfect square.**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 7776. We need to find out a number which if divided by the given number we should get a perfect square.

Step 1: Resolve 7776 into prime factors

2	7776
2	3888
2	1944
2	972
2	486
3	243
3	81
3	27
3	9
	3

We get,  $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$

Step 2: Pair the factors obtained

$$\Rightarrow (2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2) \times (3 \times 3) \times (3 \times 3) \times 3 \times 2$$

Step 3: divide the number with the factor which are alone.

Here, 2,3 are in pairs and 3,2 are alone.

$$\Rightarrow 3 \times 2 = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{7776}{6} = 1296.$$

Hence, 6 is the smallest number which is to be multiplied to the given number to get perfect square.

**Q. 5. 1521 trees are planted in a garden in such a way that there are as many trees in each row as there are rows in the garden. Find the number of rows and number of trees in each row.**

**Answer :** Given, 1521 trees are planted in a garden. We need to find out number of rows and number of trees.

Let us assume the number of trees in each row =  $x$ .

Since, we know that number of trees in each row = number of rows in the garden.

Total number of trees planted in a garden =  $x \times x = x^2$

Calculate  $x$  value.

$$\therefore x^2 = 1521$$

Calculate, prime factors for 1521.

3	1521
3	507
13	169
	13

We know from pairing the factors

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = (3 \times 3) \times (13 \times 13)$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = 3 \times 13$$

$$\Rightarrow X = 39$$

Hence, the number of trees in each row is 39 and number of rows in the garden is also 39.

**Q. 6. A school collected ` 2601 as fees from its students. If fee paid by each student and number students in the school were equal, how many students were there in the school?**

**Answer :** Given, 2601 fees collected from the students. We need to find out number of students and fees paid by each student.

Let us assume the number of students in a school = x.

Since, we know that fee paid by each student = number of students in the school.

Total number of fees collected by the student =  $x \times x = x^2$

Calculate x value.

$$\therefore x^2 = 2601$$

Calculate prime factors for 2601.

51	2601
	51

We know from pairing the factors

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = (51 \times 51)$$

$$\Rightarrow X = 51$$

Hence, the number of students in the school is 51.

**Q. 7. The product of two numbers is 1296. If one number is 16 times the other, find the two numbers?**

**Answer :** Given, the product of two numbers = 1296 and one number is 16 times the other.

Let us, consider the number as x and other number as 16x.

Now, the product of two numbers = 1296

$$\Rightarrow x * 16x = 1296$$

$$\Rightarrow 16x^2 = 1296$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{1296}{16}$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = 81$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{81}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 9$$

Another number is  $16x = 144$

$\therefore$  The numbers are 9 and 144

**Q. 8. 7921 soldiers sat in an auditorium in such a way that there are as many soldiers in a row as there are rows in the auditorium. How many rows are there in the auditorium?**

**Answer :** Given, 7921 soldiers in a auditorium. We need to find out number of rows and number of soldiers.

Let us assume the number of soldiers in each row = x.

Since, we know that number of soldiers in each row = number of rows in the auditorium.

Total number of soldiers =  $x \times x = x^2$

Calculate x value.

$$\therefore x^2 = 7921$$

Calculate prime factors for 7921.

89	7921
89	89

We know from pairing the factors

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = (89 \times 89)$$

$$\Rightarrow X = 89$$

Hence, number of rows in the auditorium is 89.

**Q. 9. The area of a square field is 5184 m<sup>2</sup>. Find the area of a rectangular field, whose perimeter is equal to the perimeter of the square field and whose length is twice of its breadth.**

**Answer :** Given, the area of a square field as 5184m<sup>2</sup>

We need to find out the area of a rectangular field.

We know that perimeter of a rectangular field = perimeter of the square field and length = twice breadth.

Now, Area of a square field = 5184m<sup>2</sup>

Area of a square = s × s, where s is side

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{5184} = 72$$

Perimeter of a square field = 4 × s

$$= 4 \times 72 = 288\text{m}$$

Perimeter of a square field = 288m = perimeter of a rectangular field.

Let breadth (b) = x and length (l) = 2x

We know that perimeter = 2 × (l + b)

$$= 2 \times (2x + x)$$

$$= 2 \times (3x)$$

$$= 6x$$

Here,  $6x = 288\text{m}$

$$\Rightarrow 6x = 288$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{288}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 48\text{m}$$

Hence, breadth is 48m and length is  $2 \times 48 = 96\text{m}$

### Exercise 6.3

**Q. 1. A. Find the square roots of the following numbers by division method.**

**1089**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 1089.

We need to find out the square root using division method

Step 1: Pair the given digit number, starting from units place to left as 10 and 89

Step 2: Find the largest number whose square is less than or equal to the first pair or single digit from left. Here we get  $3 \times 3 = 9$

	3
3	1089
	-9

Step 3: Subtract the resulted value 9 from the number

Step 4 : Bring down the second pair 89 to the right of the remainder

	3
3	1089
	-9
	189

Step 5: double the quotient 3

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 3 \\ \hline 3 & 1089 \\ & -9 \\ \hline 6 & 189 \end{array}$$

Step 6: Guess the possible value such that the product is equal to or less than new dividend

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 33 \\ \hline 3 & 1089 \\ & -9 \\ \hline 63 & 189 \\ & 189 \\ \hline & 0 \end{array}$$

Hence, the square root of 1089 is 33

**Q. 1. B. Find the square roots of the following numbers by division method.**

**2304**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 2304.

We need to find out the square root using division method

Step 1: Pair the given digit number, starting from units place to left as 23 and 04

Step 2: Find the largest number whose square is less than or equal to the first pair or single digit from left.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 4 \\ \hline 4 & 2304 \\ & -16 \end{array}$$

Step 3: Subtract the resulted value 16 from the given number

Step 4 : Bring down the second pair 04 to the right of the remainder

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 4 \\ \hline 4 & 2304 \\ & -16 \\ \hline & 704 \end{array}$$

Step 5: double the quotient  $4 + 4 = 8$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 4 \\ \hline 4 & 2304 \\ & -16 \\ \hline 8 & 704 \\ \hline & \end{array}$$

Step 6: Guess the possible value such that the product is equal to or less than new dividend

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 48 \\ \hline 4 & 2304 \\ & -16 \\ \hline 88 & 704 \\ & -704 \\ \hline & 0 \end{array}$$

Hence, the square root of 2304 is 48

**Q. 1. C. Find the square roots of the following numbers by division method.**

**7744**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 7744.

We need to find out the square root using division method

Step 1: Pair the given digit number, starting from units place to left as 77 and 44

Step 2: Find the largest number whose square is less than or equal to the first pair or single digit from left.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 8 \\ \hline 8 & 7744 \\ & -64 \end{array}$$

Step 3: Subtract the resulted value 64 from the given number

Step 4 : Bring down the second pair 04 to the right of the remainder

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 8 \\ \hline 8 & 7744 \\ & -64 \\ \hline & 1344 \end{array}$$

Step 5: double the quotient  $8 + 8 = 16$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 8 \\ \hline 8 & 7744 \\ & -64 \\ \hline 16 & 1344 \\ & \phantom{00} \end{array}$$

Step 6: Guess the possible value such that the product is equal to or less than new dividend

	88
8	7744 -64
168	1344 -1344
	0

Hence, the square root of 7744 is 88

**Q. 1. D. Find the square roots of the following numbers by division method.**

**6084**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 6084.

We need to find out the square root using division method

Step 1: Pair the given digit number, starting from units place to left as 60 and 84

Step 2: Find the largest number whose square is less than or equal to the first pair or single digit from left.

	7
7	6084 -49

Step 3: Subtract the resulted value 49 from the given number

Step 4 : Bring down the second pair 84 to the right of the remainder

	7
7	6084 -49
	1184

Step 5: double the quotient  $7 + 7 = 14$

	7
7	6084 -49
14	1184

Step 6: Guess the possible value such that the product is equal to or less than new dividend

	78
8	6084 -49
148	1184 -1184
	0

Hence, the square root of 6084 is 78

**Q. 1. E. Find the square roots of the following numbers by division method.**

**9025**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 9025.

We need to find out the square root using division method

Step 1: Pair the given digit number, starting from units place to left as 90 and 25

Step 2: Find the largest number whose square is less than or equal to the first pair or single digit from left.

	9
9	9025 -81

Step 3: Subtract the resulted value 81 from the given number

Step 4 : Bring down the second pair 25 to the right of the remainder

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 9 \\ \hline 9 & 9025 \\ & -81 \\ \hline & 925 \end{array}$$

Step 5: double the quotient  $9 + 9 = 18$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 9 \\ \hline 9 & 9025 \\ & -81 \\ \hline 18 & 925 \\ \hline & \end{array}$$

Step 6: Guess the possible value such that the product is equal to or less than new dividend

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 95 \\ \hline 9 & 9025 \\ & -81 \\ \hline 185 & 925 \\ & -925 \\ \hline & 0 \end{array}$$

Hence, the square root of 9025 is 95

**Q. 2. A. Find the square roots of the following decimal numbers.**

**2.56**

**Answer :** Given, a decimal number as 2.56.

We need to find out the square root using division method

Step 1: Pair the given digit number, starting from units place to left as 2 and 56

Step 2: Find the largest number whose square is less than or equal to the first pair or single digit from left.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 1 \\ \hline 1 & 2.56 \\ & -1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Step 3: Subtract the resulted value 1 from the given number

Step 4 : Bring down the second pair .56 to the right of the remainder

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 1 \\ \hline 1 & 2.56 \\ & -1 \\ \hline & 1.56 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Step 5: double the quotient  $1 + 1 = 2$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 1 \\ \hline 1 & 2.56 \\ & -1 \\ \hline 2 & 1.56 \\ \hline & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Step 6: Guess the possible value such that the product is equal to or less than new dividend

	1.6
1	2.56
	-1
2.6	1.56
	-1.56
	0

Hence, the square root of 2.56 is 1.6

**Q. 2. B. Find the square roots of the following decimal numbers.**

**18.49**

**Answer :** Given, a decimal number as 18.49.

We need to find out the square root using division method

Step 1: Pair the given digit number, starting from units place to left as 18 and 49

Step 2: Find the largest number whose square is less than or equal to the first pair or single digit from left.

	4
4	18.49
	-16

Step 3: Subtract the resulted value 16 from the given number

Step 4 : Bring down the second pair .49 to the right of the remainder

	4
4	18.49
	-16
	2.49

Step 5: double the quotient  $4 + 4 = 8$

	4
4	18.49 -16
8	2.49

Step 6: Guess the possible value such that the product is equal to or less than new dividend

	4.3
4	18.49 -16
8.3	2.49 -2.49
	0

Hence, the square root of 18.49 is 4.3

**Q. 2. C. Find the square roots of the following decimal numbers.**

**68.89**

**Answer :** Given, a decimal number as 68.89.

We need to find out the square root using division method

Step 1: Pair the given digit number, starting from units place to left as 68 and 89

Step 2: Find the largest number whose square is less than or equal to the first pair or single digit from left.

	8
8	68.89 -64

Step 3: Subtract the resulted value 64 from the given number

Step 4 : Bring down the second pair .89 to the right of the remainder

	8
8	68.89
	-64
	4.89

Step 5: double the quotient  $8 + 8 = 16$

	8
8	68.89
	-64
16	4.89

Step 6: Guess the possible value such that the product is equal to or less than new dividend

	8.3
8	68.89
	-64
16.3	4.89
	-4.89
	0

Hence, the square root of 68.89 is 8.3

**Q. 2. D. Find the square roots of the following decimal numbers.**

**84.64**

**Answer :** Given, a decimal number as 84.64.

We need to find out the square root using division method

Step 1: Pair the given digit number, starting from units place to left as 84 and 64

Step 2: Find the largest number whose square is less than or equal to the first pair or single digit from left.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 9 \\ \hline 9 & 84.64 \\ & -81 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Step 3: Subtract the resulted value 81 from the given number

Step 4 : Bring down the second pair .64 to the right of the remainder

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 9 \\ \hline 9 & 84.64 \\ & -81 \\ \hline & 3.64 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Step 5: double the quotient  $9 + 9 = 18$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} & 9 \\ \hline 9 & 84.64 \\ & -81 \\ \hline 18 & 3.64 \\ \hline & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Step 6: Guess the possible value such that the product is equal to or less than new dividend

	9.2
9	84.64 -81
18.2	3.64 -3.64
	0

Hence, the square root of 84.64 is 9.2

**Q. 3. Find the least number that is to be subtracted from 4000 to make it perfect square**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 4000.

Need to find out the least number which must be subtracted to make it a perfect square.

Now, using by division method we get

	63
6	4000 -36
123	400 -369
	31

That means if we subtract 31 from 4000 we get perfect square

$$\Rightarrow 4000 - 31 = 3969.$$

$$\sqrt{3969} = 63.$$

Hence, 31 must be subtracted from the given number to get a perfect square

**Q. 4. Find the length of the side of a square whose area is 4489 sq.cm.**

**Answer :** Given, area of square as 4489 sq.cm

We need to find out the length.

Now, we know that area =  $l \times l$

$$\text{Area} = l^2$$

$$\Rightarrow l^2 = 4489$$

$$\Rightarrow l = \sqrt{4489}$$

$$= \sqrt{(67 * 67)}$$

$$\Rightarrow l = 67 \text{ cm}$$

Hence, the length of the side of a given square is 67cm

**Q. 5. A gardener wishes to plant 8289 plants in the form of a square and found that there were 8 plants left. How many plants were planted in each row?**

**Answer :** Given, 8289 plants are to be planted in the form of square with 8 left to be planted.

We need to find out number of plants planted in each row.

Since, 8 plants are left from the given number of plants

$$= 8289 - 8$$

$$= 8281$$

To form a square number of plants planted in each row = number of rows.

Consider it as  $x$

$$\Rightarrow x \times x = 8281$$

$$\Rightarrow X^2 = 8281$$

$$X = 91.$$

Hence, 91 plants are planted in each row.

**Q. 6. Find the least perfect square with four digits.**

**Answer :** We need to find out the least perfect square with four digits

Let us consider a four digit number as 1000 which is not a perfect square.

Now, we must find out a number when it is added to this number the resultant number will be a perfect square.

Using division method we get

	31
3	1000 -9
61	100 -61
	39

We know that 1000 lies between  $31^2$  and  $32^2$

$$\Rightarrow 31^2 < 1000 < 32^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 32^2 - 1000$$

$$= 1024 - 1000$$

$$= 24$$

24 must be added to 1000 we get 1024

Hence, the least perfect square with four digit is 1024

**Q. 7. Find the least number which must be added to 6412 to make it a perfect square?**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 6412.

Need to find out the least number which must be added to make it a perfect square.

Now, using by division method we get

	80
8	6412 -64
16	0012

This shows that 6412 lies between  $80^2$  and  $81^2$

$$\Rightarrow 80^2 < 6412 < 81^2$$

$\therefore$  The number to be added is  $81^2 - 6412$

$$= 6561 - 6412$$

$$= 149$$

Hence, 149 must be added to make the given number as perfect square.

**Q. 8. A. Estimate the value of the following numbers to the nearest whole number**

$$\sqrt{97}$$

**Answer :** Given, a number as 97. We need to estimate the value of the number to the nearest whole number.

97 lies between 81 and 100

$$\Rightarrow 9^2 = 81 \text{ and } 10^2 = 100$$

$$\therefore 81 < 97 < 100$$

$$\Rightarrow 9 < \sqrt{97} < 10$$

Thus, the approximate value of  $\sqrt{97}$  is 9

**Q. 8. B. Estimate the value of the following numbers to the nearest whole number**

$$\sqrt{250}$$

**Answer :** Given, a number as 250. We need to estimate the value of the number to the nearest whole number.

250 lies between 225 and 256

$$\Rightarrow 15^2 = 225 \text{ and } 16^2 = 256$$

$$\therefore 225 < 250 < 256$$

$$\Rightarrow 15 < \sqrt{250} < 16$$

Thus, the approximate value of  $\sqrt{250}$  is 15

**Q. 8. C. Estimate the value of the following numbers to the nearest whole number**

$$\sqrt{780}$$

**Answer :** Given, a number as 780. We need to estimate the value of the number to the nearest whole number.

780 lies between 729 and 784

$$\Rightarrow 27^2 = 729 \text{ and } 28^2 = 784$$

$$\therefore 729 < 780 < 784$$

$$\Rightarrow 27 < \sqrt{780} < 28$$

Thus, the approximate value of  $\sqrt{780}$  is 27

### Exercise 6.4

**Q. 1. A. Find the cubes of the following numbers**

8

**Answer :** Given, a number as 8. We need to find out the cube of the number.

Now, we know cube of a number as  $n^3$

$$\Rightarrow 8^3$$

$$\Rightarrow 512$$

Hence, the cube of a given number 8 is 512.

**Q. 1. B. Find the cubes of the following numbers**

**16**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 16. We need to find out the cube of the number.

Now, we know cube of a number as  $n^3$

$$\Rightarrow 16^3$$

$$\Rightarrow 4096$$

Hence, the cube of a given number 16 is 4096.

**Q. 1. C. Find the cubes of the following numbers**

**21**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 21. We need to find out the cube of the number.

Now, we know cube of a number as  $n^3$

$$\Rightarrow 21^3$$

$$\Rightarrow 9261$$

Hence, the cube of a given number 21 is 9261.

**Q. 1. D. Find the cubes of the following numbers**

**30**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 30. We need to find out the cube of the number.

Now, we know cube of a number as  $n^3$

$$\Rightarrow 30^3$$

$$\Rightarrow 27000$$

Hence, the cube of a given number 30 is 27000.

**Q. 2. A. Test whether the given numbers are perfect cubes or not.**

**243**

**Answer :** Given, a number 243 and need to find out whether it is perfect cube or not.

Now, we have the perfect cube  $m = n * n * n = n^3$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 243 is not a perfect cube as it cannot be expressed as  $n \times n \times n$  form the product of three equal integer.

Hence, 243 is not a perfect cube.

**Q. 2. B. Test whether the given numbers are perfect cubes or not.**

**516**

**Answer :** Given, a number 516 and need to find out whether it is perfect cube or not.

Now, we have the perfect cube  $m = n * n * n = n^3$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 516 is not a perfect cube as it cannot be expressed as  $n \times n \times n$  form the product of three equal integer.

Hence, 516 is not a perfect cube

**Q. 2. C. Test whether the given numbers are perfect cubes or not.**

**729**

**Answer :** Given, a number 729 and need to find out whether it is perfect cube or not.

Now, we have the perfect cube  $m = n * n * n = n^3$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 729 is a perfect cube as it can be expressed as

$n \times n \times n$  form the product of three equal integer.

⇒  $729 = 9 \times 9 \times 9$

Hence, 729 is a perfect cube.

**Q. 2. D. Test whether the given numbers are perfect cubes or not.**

**8000**

**Answer :** Given, a number 8000 and need to find out whether it is perfect cube or not.

Now, we have the perfect cube  $m = n * n * n = n^3$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 8000 is a perfect cube as it can be expressed as

$n \times n \times n$  form the product of three equal integer.

$$\Rightarrow 8000 = 20 \times 20 \times 20$$

Hence, 8000 is a perfect cube.

**Q. 2. E. Test whether the given numbers are perfect cubes or not.**

**2700**

**Answer :** Given, a number 2700 and need to find out whether it is perfect cube or not.

Now, we have the perfect cube  $m = n * n * n = n^3$ , where m and n are integers

⇒ 2700 is not a perfect cube as it cannot be expressed as  $n \times n \times n$  form the product of three equal integer.

Hence, 2700 is not a perfect cube

**Q. 3. Find the smallest number by which 8788 must be multiplied to obtain a perfect cube?**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 8788. We need to find out a number which if multiplied by the given number we get a perfect cube.

Step 1: Resolve 8788 into prime factors

2	8788
2	4394
13	2197
13	169
	13

We get,  $2 \times 2 \times 13 \times 13 \times 13$

Step 2: Pair the factors obtained in the group of three

$$\Rightarrow (2 \times 2) \times (13 \times 13 \times 13)$$

Step 3: multiply the number with the factor which is alone.

Here, 13 is in group of three and 2 is alone.

$$\Rightarrow 8788 \times 2 = 17576$$

Hence, 2 is the smallest number which is to be multiplied to the given number for perfect cube.

**Q. 4. What smallest number should 7803 be multiplied with so that the product becomes a perfect cube?**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 7803. We need to find out a number which if multiplied by the given number we get a perfect cube.

Step 1: Resolve 7803 into prime factors

3	7803
3	2601
3	867
17	289
	17

We get,  $3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 17 \times 17$

Step 2: Pair the factors obtained in the group of three

$$\Rightarrow (3 \times 3 \times 3) \times (17 \times 17)$$

Step 3: multiply the number with the factor which is alone.

Here, 3 is in group of three and 17 is alone.

$$\Rightarrow 7803 \times 17 = 132651$$

Hence, 17 is the smallest number which is to be multiplied to the given number for perfect cube.

**Q. 5. Find the smallest number by which 8640 must be divided so that the quotient is a perfect cube?**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 8640. We need to find out a number which if divided by the given number we get quotient as a perfect cube.

Step 1: Resolve 8640 into prime factors

2	8640
2	4320
2	2160
2	1080
2	540
2	270
5	135
3	27
3	9
	3

We get,  $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$

Step 2: Pair the factors obtained in the group of three

$$\Rightarrow (2 \times 2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2) \times (3 \times 3 \times 3) \times 5$$

Step 3: divide the number with the factor which is alone.

Here, 2, 3 is in group of three and 5 is alone.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{8640}{5} = 1728$$

Hence, 5 is the smallest number which is to be divided to the given number for perfect cube.

**Q. 6. Ravi made a cuboid of plasticine of dimensions 12cm, 8cm and 3cm. How many minimum numbers of such cuboids will be needed to form a cube?**

**Answer :** Given, a cuboid with sides as 12cm, 8 cm and 3cm

To find out number of cuboids required to form a cube.

$$\text{Volume of the cuboid} = 12 \times 8 \times 3 \text{ cm}^3$$

The cube is formed by stacking many such cuboids and it will have side lengths which are multiple of 12,8,3 cm

The smallest such cube will have a side length of LCM(12,8,3)

LCM is found out as follows:

3	3,8,12
4	1,8,4
2	1,2,1
	1,1,1

LCM is  $3 \times 4 \times 2 = 24$  cm

And a volume =  $(24 \times 24 \times 24)$ cm

$$\therefore \text{Number of cuboids to fit in a cube} = \frac{24 \times 24 \times 24}{12 \times 8 \times 3}$$

$$= 2 \times 24$$

$$= 48$$

Hence, 48 cuboids are needed to form a cube

**Q. 7. Find the smallest prime number dividing the sum  $3^{11} + 5^{13}$ .**

**Answer :** Given, the sum of  $3^{11}$  and  $5^{13}$

We need to find out smallest prime numbers.

We know that sum of two odd numbers is even and any even number is divisible by 2.

Hence, the sum of  $3^{11}$  and  $5^{13}$  is divisible by 2 which is the smallest prime number.

### Exercise 6.5

**Q. 1. A. Find the cube root of the following numbers by prime factorization method.**

**343**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 343. We need to find out the cube root using prime factorization method.

Step 1: Resolve the given number into prime factors, we get

7	343
7	49
7	7
	1

$$343 = 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 1$$

Step 2: Make pairs of equal factors, we get

$$\Rightarrow (7 \times 7 \times 7) \times 1$$

Step 3: Choosing one factor out of every pair, we get

$$\Rightarrow 7$$

Hence, 7 is the cube root of the given number 343 using prime factorization method

**Q. 1. B. Find the cube root of the following numbers by prime factorization method.**

**729**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 729. We need to find out the cube root using prime factorization method.

Step 1: Resolve the given number into prime factors, we get

3	729
3	243
3	81
3	27
3	9
	3

$$\Rightarrow 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$$

Step 2: Make pairs of equal factors, we get

$$\Rightarrow (3 \times 3 \times 3) \times (3 \times 3 \times 3)$$

Step 3: Choosing one factor out of every pair, we get

$$\Rightarrow 3 \times 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 9$$

Hence, 9 is the cube root of the given number 729 using prime factorization method

**Q. 1. C. Find the cube root of the following numbers by prime factorization method.**

**1331**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 1331. We need to find out the cube root using prime factorization method.

Step 1: Resolve the given number into prime factors, we get

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 11 & 1331 \\ \hline 11 & 121 \\ \hline & 11 \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow 11 \times 11 \times 11$$

Step 2: Make pairs of equal factors, we get

$$\Rightarrow (11 \times 11 \times 11)$$

Step 3: Choosing one factor out of every pair, we get

$$\Rightarrow 11$$

Hence, 11 is the cube root of the given number 1331 using prime factorization method

**Q. 1. D. Find the cube root of the following numbers by prime factorization method.**

**2744**

**Answer :** Given, a number as 2744. We need to find out the cube root using prime factorization method.

Step 1: Resolve the given number into prime factors, we get

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 2744 \\ \hline 2 & 1372 \\ \hline 2 & 686 \\ \hline 7 & 343 \\ \hline 7 & 49 \\ \hline & 7 \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$$

Step 2: Make pairs of equal factors, we get

$$\Rightarrow (2 \times 2 \times 2) \times (7 \times 7 \times 7)$$

Step 3: Choosing one factor out of every pair, we get

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times 7 = 14$$

Hence, 14 is the cube root of the given number 2744 using prime factorization method

**Q. 2. A. Find the cube root of the following numbers through estimation?**

**512**

**Answer :** Given number as 512. We need to find out the cube root using estimation method.

Step 1: start making groups of three digits starting from the units place.

$\Rightarrow$  512 as first group and it has no second group

Step 2: first group will give us the units digit of the cube root.

$\Rightarrow$  512 ends with 2, cube of 2 =  $2^3 = 8$

$\therefore$  8 will go in units place

Step 3: Now, we do not have second group to calculate

8 becomes the required cube root.

$$\therefore \sqrt[3]{512} = 8$$

Hence, the cube root of 512 using estimation method is 8

**Q. 2. B. Find the cube root of the following numbers through estimation?**

**2197**

**Answer :** Given number as 2197. We need to find out the cube root using estimation method.

Step 1: start making groups of three digits starting from the units place.

⇒ 197 as first group and 2 as second group

Step 2: first group will give us the units digit of the cube root.

⇒ 197 ends with 7, cube of 7 =  $7^3 = 343$

∴ 3 will go in units place

Step 3: Now, take second group. i.e 2

⇒ We know  $1^3 < 2 < 3^3$

As the smallest number is 1, it becomes the tens place of the required cube root.

$$\therefore \sqrt[3]{2197} = 13$$

Hence, the cube root of 2197 using estimation method is 13

**Q. 2. C. Find the cube root of the following numbers through estimation?**

**3375**

**Answer :** Given number as 3375. We need to find out the cube root using estimation method.

Step 1: start making groups of three digits starting from the units place.

⇒ 375 as first group and 3 as second group

Step 2: first group will give us the units digit of the cube root.

⇒ 375 ends with 5, cube of 5 =  $5^3 = 125$

∴ 5 will go in units place

Step 3: Now, take second group. i.e 3

⇒ We know  $1^3 < 3 < 2^3$

As the smallest number is 1, it becomes the tens place of the required cube root.

$$\therefore \sqrt[3]{3375} = 15$$

Hence, the cube root of 3375 using estimation method is 15

**Q. 2. D. Find the cube root of the following numbers through estimation?**

**5832**

**Answer :** Given number as 5832. We need to find out the cube root using estimation method.

Step 1: start making groups of three digits starting from the units place.

⇒ 832 as first group and 5 as second group

Step 2: first group will give us the units digit of the cube root.

⇒ 832 ends with 2, cube of 2 =  $2^3 = 8$

∴ 8 will go in units place

Step 3: Now, take second group. i.e 5

⇒ We know  $1^3 < 5 < 2^3$

As the smallest number is 1, it becomes the tens place of the required cube root.

$$\therefore \sqrt[3]{5832} = 18$$

Hence, the cube root of 5832 using estimation method is 18

**Q. 3. A. State true or false?**

**Cube of an even number is an odd number**

**Answer :** The given statement is false

Consider cube of even numbers

⇒  $2^3 = 8$ ,  $4^3 = 64$ ,  $6^3 = 216$  all are even numbers.

Hence, it is false that the cube of an even number is an odd number

**Q. 3. B. State true or false?**

**A perfect cube may end with two zeros**

**Answer :** The given statement is false

Since, a perfect cube ends with three zeros

⇒ Consider  $10^3 = 1000, 20^3 = 8000$

Hence, it is false that a perfect cube may end with two zeros.

**Q. 3. C. State true or false?**

**If a number ends with 5, then its cube ends with 5**

**Answer :** The given statement is true.

Consider a number 5

⇒ Cube of 5 =  $5^3 = 125$

Hence, it is true that number ends with 5, then its cube ends with 5

**Q. 3. D. State true or false?**

**Cube of a number ending with zero has three zeros at its right**

**Answer :** The given statement is true.

⇒ Consider a number ending with zero as 10

⇒ Cube of that number is  $10^3 = 1000$  (Has three zeros at its right)

Hence, it is true that a number ending with zero has three zeros at its right.

**Q. 3. E. State true or false?**

**The cube of a single digit number may be a single digit number.**

**Answer :** The given statement is true.

Consider a single digit number “2” which is second smallest single digit number.

Cube of 2 =  $2^3 = 8$ .

⇒ 8 is a single digit number

Hence, it is true that the cube of a single digit number may be a single digit number.

**Q. 3. F. State true or false?**

**There is no perfect cube which ends with 8**

**Answer :** The given statement is false

Since, cube of 2 =  $2^3 = 8$

Hence, it is false that no perfect cube ends with 8

**Q. 3. G. State true or false?**

**The cube of a two-digit number may be a three-digit number.**

**Answer :** The given statement is false.

⇒ Let us consider, the smallest two-digit number 10

⇒ Cube of 10 =  $10^3$

⇒ 1000 (not a three-digit number)

Hence, it is false that the cube of a two-digit number may be a three-digit number.

**Q. 4. Find the two-digit number which a square number is and also a cubic number.**

**Answer :** Need to find out a two-digit number which is a square number and also a cubic number.

⇒ A number which is a square must equal to =  $x^2$

⇒ A number which is a cube must equal to =  $y^3$

⇒ Number must be sixth power of an integer =  $z^6$

∴ We can have  $x = z^3$  and  $y = z^2$  so  $x^2 = z^6$  and  $y^3 = z^6$

By trial and error method  $1^6 = 1$ ,  $2^6 = 64$  and  $3^6 = 729$  (need two digit number).

So, 64 is the number.

⇒  $8^2 = 64 = 4^3$

Hence, 64 is the two-digit number which is a square number and also cubic number.