

1. The primary objective of the 'Go East Movement' was :  
(A) To acquire modern education in Japan  
(B) To drive out the French from Vietnam, overthrow the puppet emperor and re-establish the dynasty.  
(C) To establish a republic in Vietnam  
(D) All the above
2. When did the war between Vietnam and the US officially end?  
(A) In 1972 after the signing of a peace treaty  
(B) In January 1974, in Paris, a peace settlement was signed  
(C) In Saigon on 30 April, 1975  
(D) In 1970 at Saigon
3. Cochinchina became a French colony in  
(A) 1867 (B) 1868  
(C) 1869 (D) 1870
4. Which was the language used by the Vietnamese elite ?  
(A) French (B) Chinese  
(C) Vietnamese (D) Yaman
5. An organic compound used to thicken gasoline and develop firebombs used in the Vietnam war was  
(A) Napalm (B) benzene  
(C) naphthalene (D) phenol
6. Where was the peace settlement signed ?  
(A) In Laos (B) In Geneva  
(C) In Paris (D) In China
7. French Indo-China was formed in the year  
(A) 1787 (B) 1886  
(C) 1887 (D) 1897
8. Confucius belonged to  
(A) America. (B) Britain.  
(C) China. (D) Switzerland.
9. Indo-China comprises  
(A) India and China  
(B) North and South Vietnam and China  
(C) India, China and Vietnam  
(D) The modern countries of Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia
10. The Scholars Revolt took place in  
(A) 1865. (B) 1866.  
(C) 1867. (D) 1868.
11. Why was conflict started in Vietnam against French colonizers in all areas of life? Explain.
12. What was the main motive of the French to develop the infrastructural projects in Vietnam? Explain how far did they succeed in their mission?
13. How did the entry of US in the Vietnamese war prove to be expensive for US ?
14. Explain any three impacts of Great Depression of 1930s on Vietnam.
15. Discuss the views of Phan Chu Trinh regarding Vietnamese Government.

## Answers Key

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**TOPIC : THE NATIONALIST MOVEMENT IN INDO-CHINA**

1.	B	2.	B	3.	A	4.	B	5.	A	6.	C	7.	C
8.	C	9.	D	10.	D								