<1M> 1.Which of the follow (A) Vitamins.	Which of the following are called protect		ods? oth (A) and	I (B). (D) No	(D) None.	
2.The energy supplie (A) Protein.	energy supplier component of food i rotein. (B) Vitamin.		ellulose.	(D) Carbohydı	(D) Carbohydrate.	
3. The name of disea (A) Kwashiorkor	se for too much (B) Obe	•	(C) Anen	nia (D) Sco	urvy	
4.Starch is a kind of: (A) Carbohydrate	(B) Fat	(C) P	rotein	(D) Vitamin		
5.Which part of the p	olant is cabbage?	?				
(A) Root	(B) Fruit	(C) B	ud (D) Flower		
6. Starch is tested with (A) caustic soda	solution. (B) salt		(C) HCl	(D) iodine		
7.Which food is obta(A) Sugar	ined from anima (B) Honey		aggery	(D) Jam		
8.For strong bones a (A) Vitamin A	nd teeth we nee (B) Vitamin D		itamin E	(D) Vitamin K		
9.Protein is called(A) Energy giving foo	d. (B) Boo	ly building fo	ood. (C) Protective food.	(D) Roughage	
10.Calcium deficiency(A) Weak muscles an(C) Poor eyesight.		(B) Strong b (D) Poor bre		crong muscles.		
11.The vitamin lost b (A) A (B) C	y heating is (C) D	(D) B	3			
12.A baby is exposed (A) Vitamin A	to sunlight in th (B) Vitamin B	•		to produce in the D) Vitamin K	body.	
13.Guava is a source (A) A (B) B	of Vitamin- (C) C	(D) D)			

Components of Food

14. Soya beans are the richest source of ---

(A) Carbohydrates	(B) Proteins	roteins (C) Fats		(D) Roughage				
15. Which of the following is not a source of fats obtained from animals? (A) Butter (B) Cream (C) Coconut oil (D) Fish								
16. White portion of an egg turns violet when two drops of copper sulphate and ten drops of caustic soda are added to it. This indicates the presence of (A) Starch (B) Proteins (C) Fats (D) Vitamins								
17. Which of the following food turns blue-black with iodine solution? (A) Milk (B) Groundnut (C) Tomato (D) Raw potato								
18.Whose deficiency causes (A) Iron (B) cale		(C) Iodine	(D) Phosphorus				
19. Which of the following for (A) Rice. (B) Cal		ns carbohydrate (C) Vitamins.		D) Butter.				
20.Name two food items whi	ch is the sourc	e of phosphoru	s.					
21.In which nutrient is dal rich?								
22.What are the symptoms o	f rickets?							
23.How will you prevent the	deficiency dise	eases?						
24. What should a balance diet contain?								
25. Which of the following is essential for body growth and formation of new cells? (A) Proteins. (B) Carbohydrates. (C) Vitamins. (D) Fats.								
26.The indigestible material i (A) Fats. (B) Pro		nown as - (C) Carbohydr	ates.	(D) Roughage.				
27.Match the items given in a COLUMN A I. Amla, lemon II. Soyabean III. Obesity IV. Goitre	column A with	those in column COLUMN B a. Protein b. Iodine c. Vitamin C d. Overeatin						
(A) I-c, II-a, III-d, IV-b (B) I-d, II-a, III-b, IV-c (C) I-a, II-c, III-b, IV-d (D) I-b, II-a, III-d, IV-c								
28. Vitamin K is needed for- (A) Normal night vision. (C) Healthy teeth and gums.	, ,	ormal growth of otting of blood.	bones.					

29.Blue black colour opresence of-	on adding dilute iodine	solution in a c	rushed food ite	em indicates the		
(A) Fats.	(B) Vitamins.	(C) Proteins.	(D) Sta	arch.		
30.Rich sources of ro (A) Salad, corn and p (C) Vegetables and fo	orridge (dalia).	(B) Mil (D) Bot	k. th (A) and (C).			
31.Fats are- (A) Protective nutrier (C) Fibrous compone			ergy giving nut dy building foo			
32.A balanced diet co (A) Proteins, carbohy (C) Roughage and wa	drates and fats.	(B) Minerals a (D) All of the a				
33.A person is sufferi (A) Vitamin C.	ng from bleeding of gu (B) Vitamin B.	ms, it shows th (C) Vitamin A.	•	f- camin E.		
34.Vitamin D is obtain (A) Carrot.	ned from - (B) Liver.	(C) Pumpkin.	(D) Ex	posure to sun light.		
35.A malnourished child needs - (A) Costly medicine. (B) Vitamins. (C) The required amount of balanced diet. (D) Tonics.						
36.Tooth decay is cau (A) Vitamin A.	used due to the deficie (B) Iron.	ncy of- (C) lodine.	(D) Calcium.			
37. Find the one that (A) A doctor.	needs a diet rich in car (B) An office clerk.	•	l fats- advocate .	(D) A player.		
38.Which food compe (A) Fats.	onent prevents constip (B) Vitamins.	oation? (C) Carbohydr	ates.	(D) Roughage.		
39.Find the odd one (A) Wheat.	out- (B) Maize.	(C) Rice.	(D) Bu	tter.		
40.Which vitamin is c (A) B (B) E	destroyed by heating? (C) C	(D) K				
41.Mainly pulses are (A) Protein	the sources of: (B) Carbohydrate	(C) Fat	(D) None			
42.What is the reason	n of Obesity?					
43. Why fats, proteins and carbohydrates are called as nutrients?						
44.What happens wh	nen we eat lot of fried	l food ?				

45. Why do we have to drink lot of water? 46. Why we have to eat lot of fibres in our food? 47. What may happen if person does not get adequate food or his diet does not contain all nutrients? help in keeping our eyes, bones, teeth and gums healthy. 48. 2. 49. Carbohydrates and are the three main components of food. 50. Vitamin D helps our body to use for bone and teeth. 51. Which nutrients give us energy? hence what are the food items rich in those nutrients called as? 52. How do proteins help us? What are the food rich in proteins called as? 53. Name two energy giving components of food. 54. Name the disease caused by the deficiency of Iodine. Suggest a few food items to prevent it. 55. Write any four symptoms for protein deficiency. 56. What are the symptoms of carbohydrate - protein deficiency. 57. Name the disease caused by the deficiency of -(a) Iron (b) Vitamin A (C) Vitamin B1 (D) Vitamin C 58. How to test for the presence of fat in food item. 59. Which components of food are known as protective foods? Why 60. How will you test the starch in a food item? 61. What is a balanced diet? 62. What are the major nutrients needed for the growth of our body? 63. What are nutrients? 64. What leads to obesity? 65. What are dietary fibres? Explain its importance in our body. 66. What are the uses of water for our body? What are its sources.

- 67.List any three nutrients with an example for each.
- 68.List any three nutrients and mention their functions..
- 69. What are the deficiency disease you suffer if your diet lacks Iodine and Vitamin C. Write the symptoms also.
- 70. What nutrients should my diet contain to avoid the following
- (a) Loss of vision
- (b) Weakness
- (c) Week muscles
- (d) Tooth decay.

- (e) bleeding gums
- (f) Swollen glands

<5M>

- 71. How can you check the loss of vitamins in our body? (Write any five points)
- 72. How will you test the presence of proteins in the food items?
- 73.List five vitamins and their functions?
- 74. Give the functions of : (a) Fats $\{b\}$ Proteins (c) Vitamins.
- 75. What is the role of water in our body?
- 76. What is role of roughage in our body?
- 77. Vitamins do not provide any energy to us, but still they are considered very important for our body. Explain why ?