Case study based questions 10th English

The Ball Poem

Passage - 1 5 Marks

Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow: What is the boy now, who has lost his ball, What, what is he to do? I saw it go Merrily bouncing, down the street, and then Merrily over — there it is in the water!

- Q 1. Who has the boy lost?
 - (1) Ball
 - (2) Poet
 - (3) Poet's friend
 - (4) Boy's friend
- Q 2. What becomes peculiar of the boy who has lost his ball?
 - (1) The boy is happy as to what he is to do.
 - (2) The boy is confused as to what he is to do.
 - (3) The boy is angry as to what he is to do.
 - (4) The boy is excited as to what he is to do.
- Q 3. What did the poet see?
 - (1) The poet saw the ball bouncing towards the truck.
 - (2) The poet saw the ball bouncing towards him.
 - (3) The poet saw the ball bouncing towards the water.
 - (4) The poet saw the ball bouncing towards the old man.

- Q 4. Where did the ball finally land?
 - (1) On the land.
 - (2) In the air.
 - (3) In the fire.
 - (4) In the water.
- Q 5. "Merrily" is mentioned for?
 - (1) Boy
 - (2) Water
 - (3) Street
 - (4) Ball

Passage - 2 5 Marks

Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow:
No use to say 'O there are other balls':
An ultimate shaking grief fixes the boy
As he stands rigid, trembling, staring down
All his young days into the harbour where
His ball went.

- Q 1. How do people generally treat a boy who has lost his ball?
 - (1) People generally comfort the boy saying "there are other balls".
 - (2) People generally scold the boy saying "you were not playing properly".
 - (3) People generally ignore the boy saying "We don't care".
 - (4) People generally appreciate the boy saying "Well done".
- Q 2. What comes to the boy's mind, when he looks at the ball?

- (1) Parents scolding him.
- (2) All his infant days.
- (3) All his young days.
- (4) He won't get another ball.
- Q 3. Why is the boy sad?
 - (1) The boy's parents punished him.
 - (2) There was nobody to play with him.
 - (3) He wanted the new ball.
 - (4) The boy lost his ball.
- Q 4. What does he stare at?
 - (1) He stares at the poet.
 - (2) He stares at the ball fallen in the water.
 - (3) He stares at the cars in the street.
 - (4) He stares at his parents.
- Q 5. "All his young days", whose young days the line is referred to?
 - (1) Poet
 - (2) Old man
 - (3) Boy
 - (4) Poet's friend