To My Beloved Motherland, India

Pre-reading Activities

Question 1:

Unity in Diversity

We know that India is a land of diversity. Form groups of four students each and complete the following table. Remember to write down the points that reveal the unity.

State	Language	Food	Festivals	Life-style
Maharashtra			Ganesh Pooja	kurta dhoti, navvari sari
Punjab	Punjabi			
Tamil Nadu		idli / dosa		
Unity				
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Answer:

State	Language	Food	Festivals	Life-style
Maharashtra	Marathi	pithla, bhakri, puran poli, varan bhat	Ganesh <i>Pooja</i>	<i>kurta dhoti, navvari</i> sari
Punjab	Punjabi	paratha, sarso ka saag, lassi, makki di roti butter chicken, mutter paneer	Lohri	kurta-pajama, pagdi, salwar kameez
Tamil Nadu	Tamil	idli / dosa	Pongal	<i>lungi</i> -shirt, sari / nine yards sari
Unity	Hindi and English are commonly spoken and understood languages	enjoy their own traditional delicacies as well as that of other states	Diwali, Holi	trousers-shirt, sari / salwar kameez

Question 2:

Our Heroes

Look at the photographs in your textbook and complete the following table. Within your group select the personality and after discussion complete the following table. The group leader will present the information to the class.

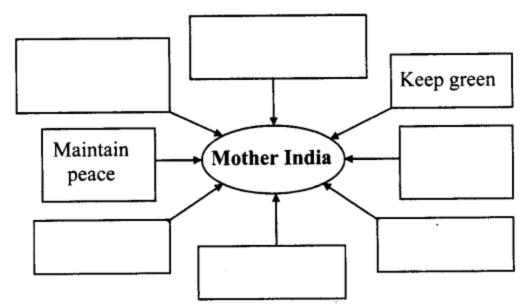
Name of the leader	Born on / Place	Contribution	Important Events	Message	Death
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Name of the leader	Born on / Place	Contribution	Important Events	Message	Death
Bal Gangadhar Tilak	23 rd July, 1856 / Ratnagiri	Father of the Indian unrest; various movements in the freedom struggle; Sarvajanik Ganeshotsav	Started newspapers 'Kesari' and 'Maratha'; organized Deccan Education Society; wrote Gita Rahasya in Mandalay	Swaraj is my birthright and I shall have it.	1 st August, 1920
Mahatma Gandhi	2 nd October, 1869 / Porbandar	Lived and preached the principles of 'satyagraha', 'ahimsa', 'self-reliance' and 'simplicity'; leadership in Indian Independence Movement	Non-cooperation Movement; Civil dis- obedience Movement; Salt Satyagraha; Quit India Movement	Be the change you wish to see in the world.	30 th January, 1948
Smt. Indira Gandhi	19 th November, 1917 / Allahabad	Intervened in the Pakistani Civil War in support of East Pakistan; remained a staunch supporter of Palestinians in the Arab-Israeli conflict; brought in equal pay for equal work for both men and women; supported India's Nuclear Programme	Became the President of the Indian National Congress in 1959; became the Prime Minister of India on 24 th January, 1966; signed the historic Simla Agreement with Pakistan	We must give top priority to the unity and integrity of the country. Everything else is secondary.	31 st October, 1984
Sarojini Naidu	13 th February, 1879 / Hyderabad	Indian freedom fighter; eminent poet, Played a key role in Civil Disobedience and Quit India Movement	First Indian woman to become the President of the Indian National Congress and the first woman to become the Governor of U.P. Helped to establish Women's Indian Association ifr 1917	Empowerment of women.	2 nd March, 1949

Question 3:

Duty towards the Motherland .

Form pairs and complete the web with appropriate responses. Think how you would like to serve the Motherland.



- i. Spread feeling of brotherhood
- ii. Preserve historical monuments
- iii. Help the poor
- iv. Mutual trust and respect
- v. Maintain unity
- vi. Protect from enemies

Question 1:

Read the extract carefully and state whether the following statements are True or False.

- i. The poet's heart fills with sorrow for being bom here.
- ii. India is referred to as the Motherland of the poet.
- iii. The poet's ancestors came from some other country.

iv. He will not spare any alien for a sum.

v. The soil has given him food to eat.

Answer:

- i. False
- ii. True
- iii. False
- iv. True
- v. True

Question 2:

Match column A with B.

	Column 'A'		Column 'B'
*i.	Poet's heart	a.	fill with anguish
	[A6, pg. 186]		
	[July 15]		
*ii.	Poet's soul	b.	is always ready to
	[A6, pg. 186]		shed / sacrifice
	[July 15]		•
*iii.	Poet's blood	c .	is quenched by the
	[A6, pg. 186]		water
*iv.	Poet's thirst	d.	is always ready to
	[A6, pg. 186]		adorn
	[Mar 14]		L
*v.	Poet's life	e.	came from ancestors
	[A6, pg. 186]		
	[July 15]		
vi.	Poet's home	f.	leaps with joy
	[July 15]		r
vii.	The poet feels	g.	to sacrifice his life
	proud [Mar 14]		
viii.	The poet's soul is	h.	because he is son of
	filled with anguish		India
	[Mar 14]		
ix.	The poet is ready	i.	see havoc done in
	[Mar 14]		country

(i - f), (ii - a), (iii - b), (iv - c), (v - d), (vi - e), (vii - h), (viii - i), (ix - g)

Question 3:

Match the following expressions from the extract.

	Column 'A'		Column 'B'
i.	This is the air	a	which appeased my
			thirst.
ii.	This is the soil	b	that gave me my
			heartbeat.
iii.	This is the water	c	which I had breathed
			at first.
iv.	This is the place	d	that gave me food to
			eat.

(i - c), (ii - d), (iii - a), (iv - b)

A2. Understanding the Extract

i. Answer in a paragraph.

Question 1: Who is proud to be the son of India? Answer: The poet is proud to be the son of India.

Question 2:

Why does the narrator fell proud?

Answer:

The poet is ready to sacrifice his life for the sake of the Motherland. He would protect and safeguard it and is not ready to give even an inch of it to an alien in exchange of money

Question 3:

When is the poet's soul filled with anguish? **Answer:** The poet's soul is filled with anguish to see the havoc done to his Motherland.

Question 4:

Who is referred to as beloved in the poem?

Answer:

The poet's motherland-India is referred to as beloved in the poem.

Question 5:

What should not be spared for a sum?

Answer:

Even an inch of the Motherland should not be spared to an alien for a sum.

Question 6:

Why is the poet not ready to give an inch of land?

Answer:

The poet is not ready to give an inch of land because it is his Motherland. It is the place where he was bom and his ancestors came from. He loves and respects his Motherland. So, he is not ready to give it to anyone.

Question 7:

What are the things that the poet has received from his Motherland? OR

Mention the things received by the poet from his Motherland.

Answer:

The poet's Motherland is the place where he had taken his first breath. The soil of his Motherland has given him food to eat and water to quench his thirst. The poet says that his Motherland has given him his heartbeat.

Question 8:

What is the poet ready to sacrifice for the Motherland?

Answer:

The poet is ready to sacrifice his life, his blood for the Motherland. '

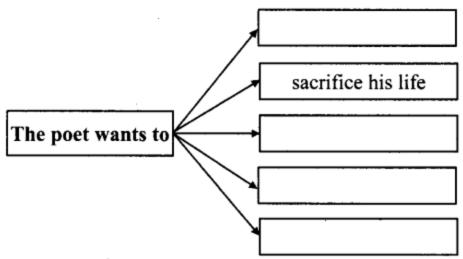
Question 9:

What is the poet ready to do for the sake of the Motherland? **Answer:**

Carter and wealth. He is ready to shed his blood anytime in future for his Motherland.

Question 10:

Complete the web with suitable responses. Write all the things the poet is ready to do for the motherland.



i. adorn his Motherland with his life

ii. reduce all the havoc done to his Motherland

iii. protect every inch of his Motherland from aliens

iv. keep the dignity of his Motherland unchallenged

A3. Vocabulary

Question 1:

Glance through the extract and you will come across many words that are now old fashioned. Make a list of such words along in the table?

Old words	Meaning
thy	your
canst	
thine	

Answer:

Old words	Meaning
thy	your
canst	can
thine	yours

Question 2:

Form a pair and find out the various rhyming words from the extract. Complete the following table after reading the extract.

Words	Rhyming words
son	done
born	
first	
eat	
state	

Words	Rhyming words	
son	done	
born	adorn	
first	thirst	
eat	heartbeat	
state	date	

Question 3:

Find the rhyming words from the poem for: i. dart ii. stare

Answer:

- i. heart
- ii. spare

Question 4:

Find and write down from the extract the words that describe the following.

- i. Situation in which a lot of damage, destruction, etc. happens.
- ii. Coming from a different country, race or group.

Answer:

i. havoc ii. alien

Question 5:

Find from the extract opposites of the following words. i. sorrow ii. death iii. last

Answer:

- i. joy ii. life iii. first

Additional Questions for Practice

Question 1:

Read poem again the and after discussing with your partner answer the following questions.

*a. Why does the narrator feel proud?

Answer:

The narrator feels proud because he is a son of India. He also feels proud for taking birth in India.

*b. What feeling does the poem create in your mind?

Answer:

The poem evokes a patriotic feeling in my mind. It inspires me to respect and be proud of my motherland. It fills my heart with a strong desire to protect and safeguard it by sacrificing my life, if needed.

c. Are you proud of being an Indian? Why?

Answer:

Yes, I am proud of being an Indian. I feel that India offers a lot of career opportunities to students and people here are warm and welcoming. We have a rich cultural heritage and we celebrate vibrant festivals throughout the year. Our land is blessed with natural beauty. Apart from that, we are making progress towards being a developed country. With all these qualities, India is indeed a nation one can be proud of.

Question 2:

Complete

Look at the following starting expressions. Complete them with the thoughts of your own. One is done for yoii.

For example:

This is the place This is the place of my dream. **i.** This is the place of

Answer:

This is the place of my ancestors.

ii. This is the country

Answer:

This is the country of rich and varied heritage.

iii. This is the school

Answer:

This is the school that taught me to be myself.

iv. This is the family

This is the family that inculcated good values in me.

v. This is the mother

Answer:

This is the mother who nurtured me with love and care.

Question 3:

Observing a poem

Observe the poem again with the following things in mind.

i. Number of stanzas

Answer:

There are four stanzas in the poem.

ii. Number of lines in each stanza

Answer:

There are four lines in each of the first three stanzas. There are only two lines in the last. stanza.

iii. Total number of lines

Answer:

There are 14 lines in the poem.

This poem is a 'sonnet' where the 14 lines are broken down into sections called quatrains. The first three quatrains contain four lines each and the last quatrain contains two lines.

Question 4:

Changing word-order

i. Look at a line taken from the poem and the sentence prepared by changing the order of words.

a. Even an inch of it, I cannot hand, Now read..

Answer:

I cannot hand even an inch of the land.

b. Observe which line makes the meaning more clear.

Answer:

Line (b) makes the meaning more clear. It is written in the correct prose order (subject + verb + object).

ii. Now, select any line from the poem and change the word order and rewrite.

Answer:

a. My heart with joy leaps for being here bom Correct order: My heart leaps with joy for being bom here. b. My soul with anguish fills for havoc done Correct order: My soul fills with anguish for havoc done.

Questio Be a po Look at My India	et the expres	sions tha	t begin with	1
This	is	the	air	
This	is	the	soil	
This	is	the	water	
This	is	the	place	

Now, try to complete these lines in the way you feel appropriate.

Answer:

My India, I am glad to be your son.

This is the air that gives life to each one.

This is the soil so very fertile.

This is the water that flows for a mile.

This is the place where the sun shines bright.