CLASS – XII MATHEMATICS ASSIGNMENT NO. 2 TOPIC – relations and functions

- Q1 Let n be a fixed positive integer. Define a relation R on Z as follows (a, b) $\in \mathbb{R} \iff$ a-b is divisible by n. Show that R is an equivalence relation on z.
- Q2. Let z be the set of integers show that the relation $P = [a, b] \cdot a + \frac{b}{2} = a \frac{b}{2} + b + \frac{b}{2} = a \frac{b}{2} + \frac{b}{2} +$

 $R = [a, b) : a, b \in \Box z$ and a + b is even] is an equivalence relation on z.

Q3. Let S be a relation on the set R of real numbers defined by $S = [(a, b) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} : a^2 + b^2 = 1]$ prove that S is not an equivalence relation R.

Q4. Show that the relation R on the set R of real numbers defined as

- $R = [(a, b) :: a < b^2]$ is neither reflexive nor symmetric nor transitive.
- Q5. Show that the relation R on R defined as $R = [(a, b) : a \le]$ is reflexive and transitive but not symmetric.
- Q6. Show that $f: R \rightarrow R$, defined as $f(x) = x^3$, is a bijection.
- Q7. Show that the modulus function $f R \rightarrow R$, given by f(x) = [x] is neither one-one nor on-to.
- Q8. Show that the function of F : $R \rightarrow R$ given by $f(x) = x^3 + x$ is a bijection.

Q9. Let A = R –[2] and B = B-[1]. If f : A \rightarrow B is a mapping defined by f(x) $\frac{x-1}{x-2}$, show that f is bijective.

- Q10. Show that f: $R \rightarrow R$, given f(x) = x [x], is neither one-one or onto.
- Q11. Ret f(x) = [x] and g(x) = [x], Find

(i)
$$(\text{gof}) \left(\frac{-5}{3}\right) \cdot (\text{fog}) \left(\frac{-5}{3}\right) (\text{ii}) (\text{gof}) \left(\frac{5}{3}\right) \cdot (\text{fog}) \left(\frac{5}{3}\right) (\text{iii}) (\text{f+2g}) (-1)$$

Q12. If
$$f(x) = \frac{3x-2}{2x-3}$$
, prove that $f(f(x) = x \text{ for all } x \Box R \int \frac{3}{2}$

- Q13. Find fog and gof, if (i) $f(x) = e^x$, $g(x) = \log e^x$ (ii) f(x) = x + 1, g(x) = 2x + 3
- Q14. Prove that the function $f: R \rightarrow R$ defined by f(x) = 2x-3 is invertible find f.
- Q15. Let $F : N \rightarrow R$ be a function defined as $f(x0 = 4x^2 + 12x + 15)$. Show that f: N \rightarrow Range (f) is invertible. Find the inverse of f.
- Q16. Show that f: [-1, 1] \rightarrow R, given by $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+2}$ is one-one, find the inverse of the function f: (-1, 1)

→Range (f).

Q17. Let 'x' be a binary operation on set 2 - [1] defined by a x b = a + b - ab; a, b, -Q - [1]. Find the identity element with respect to on Q. Also, prove that every element of Q - [1] is invertible.

Q18. Consider the binary operation $\Box \Box$ on the set 3 = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5} defined by A $\Box \Box B$ = Minimum of a and B. Write the composition table of a and b.