# If $\alpha$ and $\beta$ are solutions of $x^2 - 10x + 10 = 0$ such that $\frac{\alpha}{\beta} + \frac{\beta}{\alpha} = b$ , then roots of equation $2x^2 + 10x + 3b = 0$ 2.

are

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1.

3.

TIME : 45 Min.

(A) rational and distinct

(A)  $q^3 - 2q^2 - p^3 + 4p + q = 0$ (C)  $q^3 - 2q^2 - p^2 - 4pq + q = 0$ 

- (D) irrational and disti (C) imaginary A right triangle has perimeter of length 7 and hypotenuse of length 3.
- in the triangle, then the value of  $\cos \theta$  equals-

(A) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$$
 (B)  $\frac{4 + \sqrt{2}}{6}$  (C)  $\frac{4 - \sqrt{2}}{3}$  (D)  $\frac{4 - \sqrt{2}}{6}$ 

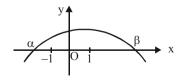
# **SECTION-I(ii)**

**SECTION-I(i)** Straight Objective Type (3 Marks each, -1 for wrong answer)

If both roots of  $x^2 + px + q = 0$  are positive and one root is cube of other root, then -

Multiple Correct Answer Type (4 Marks each, -1 for wrong answer)

- Number of real value(s) of c for which system of equations  $x^2 + cx 1 = 0$  and  $cx^2 + x 1 = 0$  have 4. (A) a common root, is 1 (B) two common roots, is 1 (C) exactly one common solution, is 1 (D) a common root, is 2.
- If the graph of  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$  is as shown in figure, then -5.
  - (A) a > 0
  - (B) b < 0
  - (C) c < 0
  - (D)  $b^2 > 4ac$
- The graph of quadratic polynomial  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$  is shown below. 6.



Which of the following are correct?

(A)  $\frac{c}{a} < -1$ (B)  $|\beta - \alpha| > 2$ (C)  $f(\mathbf{x}) > 0 \forall \mathbf{x} \in (0,\beta)$ (D) abc < 0

If 
$$\theta$$
 is the largest non right angle

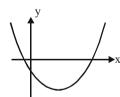
(B)  $q^3 - 2q^2 - p^4 + 4p^2q + q = 0$ (D)  $q^3 - 2q^2 - p^3 - 4pq + q = 0$ 

(B) real and equal

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MATHEMATICS

M.M. : 35







#### **SECTION-I(iii)**

## Linked Comprehension Type (Single Correct Answer Type) (3 Marks each, -1 for wrong answer)

### Paragraph for Question 7 & 8

Let 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 1$$
 and  $g(x) = x + 1$ .

- 7. Let  $f(x) + \lambda g(x) \ge -10 \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ , then sum of all possible integral values of  $\lambda$  is -(A) -11 (B) -13 (C) 11 (D) 13
- 8. Range of  $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  is -
  - (A)  $\left(-\infty, -3\right] \cup \left[1, \infty\right)$  (B)  $\left(-\infty, 1\right] \cup \left[3, \infty\right)$  (C)  $\left(-\infty, -1\right] \cup \left[3, \infty\right)$  (D)  $\left(-\infty, \infty\right)$

## SECTION-III(i)

Numerical Grid Type (Single digit Ranging from 0 to 9) (4 Marks each, -1 for wrong answer)

9. If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are roots of  $x^2 - 21x + 4 = 0$  and  $\frac{\sqrt{\alpha}}{\beta}$ ,  $\frac{\sqrt{\beta}}{\alpha}$  are roots of  $px^2 + qx + 2 = 0$ , then value of

of (26p + q) is

10. Find the range of values of 'a' for which the system of equations

x + ay = 3 satisfy x > 1; y > 0and ax + 4y = 6

RACE # 22									MATHEMATICS
SECTION-I	Q.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	Α.	D	D	В	D	В	Α	B,C,D	
SECTION-III	Q.	8	9	10					
	Α.	0	7	2					

#### **MATHS /R # 23**