

His From Gathering to Growing Food

<1M>

1. Where is the site Koldihwa located ?

- (A) Pakistan                      (B) Uttar Pradesh                      (C) Bihar                      (D) Andhra Pradesh

2. What were the occupations followed by the tribes of Middle Stone Age?

- (A) herding                      (B) hunting                      (C) fishing                      (D) All of these

3. What material have we found at the Gufkral site?

- (A) wheat and lentil                      (B) rice                      (C) cotton                      (D) millet

4. Burzahom is in \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Andhra Pradesh                      (B) Kashmir                      (C) Mizoram                      (D) Bihar

5. Where do we find proof of jadeite which may have been brought from China?

- (A) Daojali                      (B) Burzahom                      (C) Chirand                      (D) Mehrgarh

6. Where do we find tools made of fossil wood?

- (A) Mehrgarh                      (B) Daojali                      (C) Burzahom                      (D) Chirand

7.

What several things were observed by men, women and children of Neolithic Age?

(i) the places where edible plants were found

(ii) how seeds broke off the stalks

(iii) how new plants sprouted from the fallen seeds

- (A) Only option (i) is correct                      (B) Only (ii) and (iii) are correct  
(C) None of these                      (D) All of these

8.

The first animal to be tamed by the early people was

- (A) sheep                      (B) goat                      (C) wild ancestor of dog                      (D) pig

9. According to the Archeologists, what kind of houses were built by people in Burzahom?

- (A) Marble houses                      (B) Glass houses                      (C) Pit houses                      (D) Hay houses

10. What kind of Neolithic tools have been found at various sites?

- (A) Tools polished to give fine cutting edge  
(C) Pestles
- (B) Mortars  
(D) All of the above

11. what do we mean by Neolithic ?  
(A) old stone age (B) stone age (C) new stone age (D) none of the above

12. What products are not provided to us by animals?  
(A) Meat (B) Cotton (C) Milk (D) Silk

13. What different ways were followed by people to store food and seeds?  
(A) People started making large clay pots (B) They wove baskets  
(C) Pits were dug into ground for storing food and seeds (D) All of these

14. At which site were cattle hoof marks found on clay surface?  
(A) Mehrgarh (B) Kolidhwa (C) Mahagara (D) Gufkral

15. What was the belief of people in Mehrgarh?  
(A) That there is some form of life after death (B) That there is no god  
(C) That sun is the centre of the solar system (D) None of these

16. According to Archaeologists, what must have been the reason behind burying goats along with the dead bodies?  
(A) To serve as food in the next world after death (B) To make fossils  
(C) To make cotton (D) All of these

17. Finds at Mehrgarh include remains of square or rectangular houses. How many compartments were there in a house?  
(A) 1 or more (B) 2 or more (C) 3 or more (D) 4 or more

18.

Match the following and choose the answer from the options given below

Column I	Column II
A. Domestication	(i) Farmers and herders living in a group
B. Tribe	(ii) Process in which people grow plants and look after animals
C. Jadeite	(iii) Near Brahmaputra Valley
D. Daojali Hading	(iv) A stone that may have been brought from China

(A) A-(i), B-(ii), C-(iii), D-(iv) (B) A-(iv), B-(iii), C-(ii), D-(i)

(C) A-(ii), B-(i), C-(iv), D-(iii)                      (D) A-(i), B-(iv), C-(iii), D-(ii)

19. Where is Paiyampalli located at present day?

(A) Uttar Pradesh                      (B) Orissa                      (C) Pakistan                      (D) Andhra Pradesh

20.

When did the Domestication of animals begin?

(A) 10,000 yrs ago      (B) 12,000 yrs ago                      (C) 13,000 yrs ago      (D) 14,000 yrs ago

21. The most common animal, generally kept by the people in Mehrgarh was

(A) Cattle                      (B) Camel                      (C) Dog                      (D) Cat

22. Burial is an arrangement for

(A) weak people                      (B) obese people                      (C) dead people                      (D) ill people

23. In Neolithic Age, Millet was grown in

(A) Hallur                      (B) Paiyampalli                      (C) Both 'a' and 'b'      (D) None of these

24. The earliest plants to be domesticated were\_\_\_\_\_.

(A) Wheat                      (B) Barley                      (C) Only a                      (D) Both a&b

25. Where is Gufkral ?

(A) Kashmir                      (B) Orissa                      (C) Uttar Pradesh                      (D) Bihar

26. State whether true or false: Chirand is a site in Kashmir.

27. State whether true or false: Jadeite, found in Daojali Hading, may have been brought from China.

28. Mehrgarh is considered to be the place where men and women learnt to\_\_\_\_\_.

(A) grow barley and wheat      (B) grow rice                      (C) grow vegetables      (D) grow apples

29. Where is the famous site of Burzahom situated?

(A) Kashmir                      (B) Bihar                      (C) Pakistan                      (D) None of the above

30. What was the need of domestication of animals ?

(A) Milk                      (B) Meat                      (C) Hide                      (D) All of the above

31. Hearths were made at Burzahom \_\_\_\_\_ the house.

(A) Inside                      (B) Outside                      (C) Only a                      (D) Both a & b

32. In Which regions of India have we found examples of early farmers and herders ?

(A) North-west                      (B) Kashmir                      (C) East and south india                      (D) All of the above

33. The major differences between the tribals and normal society people are in \_\_\_\_\_.

(A) they live in forests                      (B) they live near rivers  
(C) They live away from modern life                      (D) Common wealth amongst the members

34. Stone tools found in these regions are different to the palaeolithic age and that's why they are called as \_\_\_\_\_.

(A) Neolithic                      (B) Mesolithic                      (C) microlithic                      (D) none of the above

35. How do scientists identify the animals that existed during the pre -historic period ?

(A) through bones of animals                      (B) through their mention in books of that time  
(C) only a                      (D) both a and b

36. How have the scientists been able to find which crops were grown by the early men?

(A) finding of burnt grain                      (B) finding of crops  
(C) finding of animal bones                      (D) all of the above

37. Which places have we found considerable bone implements ?

(A) Gufkral                      (B) Chirand                      (C) only a                      (D) both a & b

38. Which period do we associate with Burzahom people ?

(A) palaeolithic                      (B) Mesolithic                      (C) Neolithic                      (D) Middle palaeolithic

39. Where did the stone age man live?

<2M>

40. Why do people who grow crops have to stay in the same place for a long time?

41. How was fire discovered?

42. How do we know about the past? Describe various sources that are used to study the past?

<3M>

43. List three ways in which the lives of farmers and herders would have been different from that of hunter-gatherers.

44. How did the life change with the beginning of agriculture?

45. What are the stages in the Stone Age in the order of their occurrence?