

#### RACE # 18

1. The graph below represents the y-component of the velocity of an object as a function of time. Which of the following could be a reasonable description of its motion ? (Positive y-axis is upwards)



- (A) The object accelerates upward at a constant rate and then accelerates downward until it hits the ground at t = 6 s.
- (B) The object accelerates upward at a constant rate and then accelerates downward until it reaches it highest point at t = 6 s.
- (C) The object accelerates upward at a non-constant rate and then acceleratese downward until it hits the ground at t = 6 s.
- (D) The object accelerates upward at a non-constant rate and then accelerates downward until it reaches it highest point at t = 6 s.
- 2. In the given figure is shown position-time graph of a particle moving in a straight-line. The **CORRECT** statement(s) is/are :-



- (A) Average velocity between a & b is less than instantaneous velocity at b.
- (B) Average velocity between b & d is equal to instantaneous velocity at c.
- (C) Direction of average velocity from a to d is opposite to instantaneous velocity at d.
- (D) Average velocity in interval a to c is less than average velocity in interval a to d.
- 3. Figure shows a graph of x versus t for a race between a turtle and rabbit. The graph shows that



- (A) At the begining of race turtle was ahead of rabbit.
- (B) Rabbit began to move certain time later as compared to turtle
- (C) There was an interval of time when rabbit was taking rest.
- (D) When rabbit was in motion at all the instants its speed was greater than that of the turtle.





## Paragraph for Question 4 to 6

An observer records position of a particle moving on a straight-line path at various instants of time. He starts his stopwatch when the particle is passing the point x = 10 m. With the help of these data he prepares the following graph, where position x is shown on the ordinate in meters and time t on the abscissa in seconds.



### 4. At the instant t = 0,

(A) the particle was moving in the negative x-direction and the observer started his stopwatch.

- (B) the particle was moving in the positive x-direction and the observer started his stopwatch.
- (C) the particle started its motion from origin with a negative velocity and the observer started his stopwatch.
- (D) the particle started its motion with a positive velocity and the observer started his stopwatch.

### 5. Speed of the particle

- (A) first increases then decreases in time interval between points B and F
- (B) first increases then decreases in time interval between points D and F
- (C) always increases between points H and I.
- (D) always decreases between points F and G.
- 6. The particle is changing its direction of motion at the instant corresponding to points (A) A and E only. (B) B, F and G only.
  - (C) C, D, E and H only. (D) C, D, E, H and I only.
- 7. Write down maximum acceleration (in  $ms^{-2}$ ) for shown velocity time graph of a moving body.



8. A particle is moving in a straight line with velocity v and acceleration a. Write number of graph(s) in which the particle is always speeding down.







**9.** Position-time (x – t) graph of a particle moving on a straight line is shown in the first column of the following table. In the second column some descriptions of the motion are given. Suggest suitable match between these two



10. A car is moving along a straight line. It's position(x) - time(t) graph is shown in column-II. Match the entries in column-I with points on graph.



# Column-I

- (A)  $x \rightarrow$  negative,  $v \rightarrow$  positive,  $a \rightarrow$  positive
- (B)  $x \rightarrow \text{positive}, v \rightarrow \text{negative}, a \rightarrow \text{negative}$
- (C)  $x \rightarrow$  negative,  $v \rightarrow$  negative,  $a \rightarrow$  positive
- (D)  $x \rightarrow \text{positive}, v \rightarrow \text{positive}, a \rightarrow \text{negative}$

#### Column-II

- (P) P(Q) Q
- $(\mathbf{Q}) \mathbf{Q}$ (R) R
- (K) K (S) S

N_Race # 18			ANSWER KEY
<b>1. Ans. (D)</b>	2. Ans. (A,B,C)	3. Ans. (A,B,C,D)	4. Ans. (A)
5. Ans. (A)	6. Ans. (B)	7. Ans. 2	8. Ans. 2 and 3
9. Ans. (A) $\rightarrow$ (S); (B) $\rightarrow$ (P); (C) $\rightarrow$ (Q); (D) $\rightarrow$ (T)			
<b>10. Ans. (A) S (B) Q</b>	(C) <b>R</b> (D) <b>P</b>		