Lesson -2 Face the Problem

- 1. Have you ever been in a situation which frightened you?
- 2. What did you do to get out of it?



It was a hot, humid afternoon in Benaras. As Narendra walked along the *ghats* of the Ganga, there were very few people around. But there was a large number of monkeys on the trees and on the ground, jumping, chattering, running and leaping.

The monkeys on the *ghats* had developed a strange habit over the years. They fed on the fruits and cereals brought for them by the devotees. Sometimes they snatched away the food from the visitors' hands before they could throw it to them. But Narendra did not know this.

He kept on walking until he reached a lonely spot.

Suddenly a monkey came towards him, expecting some food. The sudden movement frightened Narendra. He turned and started walking towards the *ghats*. The monkey followed him. When the other monkeys saw it, they too started following Narendra.

Now, Narendra was frightened enough. He increased his pace and finally started running. The monkeys, now large in number, chased him scratching his body and screeching. His clothes were torn, tears ran down his cheeks, and he ran trembling with fear.

Suddenly, he heard a voice. "Hold your ground." The voice had such a force that Narendra stopped at once. The monkeys stopped too.

It was a priest of the nearby temple commanding him. He ordered, "Face them." Narendra turned back and stood firm before the monkeys. The priest threw a stick to him and commanded again, "Attack them." Narendra picked up the stick and stepped forward with raised hands. The monkeys ran away in fear.

"Face the problem, my child. Don't try to run away from it," said the priest in a pleasant voice.

It was a great experience of life for Narendra. Do you know who was Narendra? He was a great son of mother India. He is known as Swami Vivekanand.

Exercises

Read and Learn

leap	chase	screech
cereal	tremble	increase
devotee	priest	command

Word Power

Word

Match the following words with their meanings.

Meaning

		-	111000111119			
	humid		to take away	to take away something forcefully		
	chattering		very religiou	very religious person		
	devotee		speed	speed		
	snato	ch	warm and da	warm and damp		
	pace		sound made	sound made by monkeys		
Cor	nprel	hens	ion			
A)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	Who How Wha Who		ong along the <i>ghats</i> ? on the <i>ghats</i> feed? dra do when the monkeys followed him? endra to face the monkeys?		
	` '		what name is Narendra kn	•	popularly?	
	(vii)	Wha	nt do you learn from the s	tory?		
B)	Cho	ose tl	ne correct answers from	the g	given options.	
	(i)	Nare	endra was			
		` ,	running on the <i>ghats</i> walking along the <i>ghats</i>	` ′		
	(ii)	The	monkeys were not	on t	the <i>ghats</i> .	
			jumping		sleeping	
		(c)	leaping	(d)	chattering	
	(iii) The priest told I		priest told Narendra to _		·	
		(a)	hide	(b)	run away	
		(c)	feed the monkeys	(d)	face the monkeys	
	(iv)	Nare	endra was later known as	_		
		(a)	Swami Dayanand (b) Sw	ami l	Ramkrishna Parmahansa	
		(c)	Swami Vivekanand (d) S	Swam	i Ram Tirth	
			(7)			
			(')			

C)		range these sentences in correct sequence and rewrite.				
	(i)	The priest asked Narendra to attack monkeys.				
	(ii)	The monkeys chased Narendra.				
	(iii)	Narendra was walking				
	(iv)					
	(v)	The monkeys ran awa	y in fear.			
Let	's Le	arn				
	Rea	d the following singula	ar and plural nouns carefully.			
		Singular	Plural			
		girl	girls			
		baby	babies			
		boy	boys			
		bus	buses			
		monkey	monkeys			
		wife	wives			
a)		Now, write the correct plurals of the following nouns-				
		bird	bush			
		bench	class			
		donkey	knife			
	b)	Now, write correct si nouns-	ingular forms of the following			
		chairs	tables			
		keys	teeth			
		leaves	mice			
	c)	Complete the sentend brackets.	ces using the appropriate word from			
		(i) Ais sitting	ng on the branch. (monkey/monkeys)			

(ii)	There were manyin the	garden. (tree/trees)
(iii)) The goes to school every	day. (girl/girls)
(iv)) There was a in the garder	n. (man/men)
(v)	A lives in a kennel. (dog/	(dogs)

Let's Talk

Read these sentences carefully.

There	is	only one	blackboard	in the class.
There	are	many	chairs	in the room.

Now, talk about the things, using the above pattern.

a table in the room books on the table cows in the shed a horse in the stable a parrot in the cage

Let's Read

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given under it.

Good manners are shown not only in words, but in deeds as well. The deeds are really more important than the words. In a crowded street, when some one helps a blind man, an old or a feeble man, across the street, through heavy traffic, it is an instance of good manners that springs from a kind heart.

We must similarly show good manners when we go to parks, gardens and public places. They are spots of natural beauty; and people go there for a little peace and to enjoy the beauty of surroundings. They want to forget for a while the worries of their daily life. It is not right to spoil the beauty of these places by throwing bits of paper or skins of bananas around and rob others of their peace by making noise.

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Consideration for others requires that we should do everything in our power to preserve the natural beauty and peace of these places.

Questions:

- 1. What is more important than the words?
- What springs from a kind heart? 2.
- What should we do to preserve the natural beauty of the 3. places mentioned in the passage?
- Why do the people go these places? 4.
- 5. Why should we have good manners?

Let's	Write					
` /		e five sentences using the words given below, one is done for (<u>flower</u> , water, plants, air, rice)				
T _	There are <u>flowers</u> in the	e garden.				
_						
(b) V	Vrite an application to	your Headmaster for two days leave.				
Let's	do it					
N	Take a list of countab	ole and uncountable nouns separately.				
	Countable	Uncountable				
Exam	ple: girl	beauty				
	boy	cattle				
	egg	milk				
	•••••					
	••••••	•••••				

(10)