BIOLOGY

Animal Kingdom

No. of Questions Maximum Marks 180

Time 1 Hour Speed
TEST
62
Chapter-wise

GENERALINSTRUCTIONS

- This test contains 45 MCQ's. For each guestion only one option is correct. Darken the correct circle/ bubble in the Response Grid provided on each page.
- · You have to evaluate your Response Grids yourself with the help of solutions provided at the end of this book.
- Each correct answer will get you 4 marks and 1 mark shall be deduced for each incorrect answer. No mark will be given/ deducted if no bubble is filled. Keep a timer in front of you and stop immediately at the end of 60 min.
- The sheet follows a particular syllabus. Do not attempt the sheet before you have completed your preparation for that syllabus.
- After completing the sheet check your answers with the solution booklet and complete the Result Grid. Finally spend time
 to analyse your performance and revise the areas which emerge out as weak in your evaluation.

1.	C	occif.	antion	of Do	rifora	ic bo	sed on	

- (a) branching (b) spicules
- (c) reproduction (d) symmetry
- 2. A chordate character is
 - (a) gills (b) spiracles
 - (c) postanal tail (d) chitinous exoskeleton
- 3. Which one of the following pairs of animals comprises 'iawless fishes'?
 - (a) Mackerals and Rohu (b) Lamprevs and hag fishes
 - (c) Guppies and hag fishes(d) Lampreys and eels
- Leech is
 - (a) carnivorous (c) ectoparasite
- (b) sanguivorous
- (d) Both (b) and (c)
- 5. Which one of the following groups of animals is bilaterally symmetrical and triploblastic?

- (a) Aschelminthes (round worms)
- (b) Ctenophores
- (c) Sponges
- (d) Coelenterates (Cnidarians)
- 5. Which of the following animal is cold blooded and has 4 chambered heart?
 - (a) Salamander
- (b) Ornithorhynchus
- (c) Crocodile (d) Calotes
- Which one of the following is NOT a characteristic of phylum Annelida?
 - (a) Closed circulatory system
 - (b) Segmentation
 - (c) Pseudocoelom
 - (d) Ventral nerve cord

B-14 NTA NEET

- Which one of the following characters is not typical of the class mammalia?
 - (a) Thecodont dentition
 - (b) Alveolar lungs
 - (c) Ten pairs of cranial nerves (d) Seven cervical vertebrae
- Which one of following feature is possessed by Crustaceans and not by insects?
 - (a) Paired limbs
 - (b) Two pairs of antenna
 - (c) Chitinous exoskeleton
 - (d) Bilateral symmetry
- Poison glands of snake are modified
 - (a) Linguals (b) Sublinguals
 - (c) Maxillaries (d) Parotids
- 11. The adults are radially symmetrical but larvae exhibit bilateral symmetry in
 - (a) Mollusca
- (b) Hemichordata
- (c) Echinodermata (d) Cephalochordata 12. Which one of the following categories of animals, is correctly described with no single exception in it?
 - (a) All sponges are marine and have collared cells.
 - (b) All mammals are viviparous and possess diaphragm for breathing.
 - (c) All bony fishes have four pairs of gills and an operculum on each side.
 - (d) All reptiles possess scales, have a three chambered heart and are cold blooded (poikilothermal).
- 13. Solenocytes and metanephridia are excretory organs of
 - (a) Annelida and Arthropoda
 - (b) Platyhelminthes and Annelida
 - (c) Coelenterata and Mollusca
 - (d) Aschelminthes and Annelida
- 14. Radial symmetry occurs in
 - (a) Porifera and Coelenterata
 - (b) Coelenterata and Echinodermata
 - (c) Coelenterata and Platyhelminthes

 - (d) Arthropoda and Mollusca

- 15. Which of the following statements is/are not true?
 - In Urochordata, notochord is present in larval tail.
 - (ii) In Cephalochordata, notochord extends from head to tail region.
 - (iii) Branchiostoma belongs to hemichordata.
 - (iv) Only one class of living members, class Cyclostomata represents the super class agnatha
 - (a) (ii) and (iv) (b) (i), (iii) and (iv)
 - (d) (i) and (iv)
- (c) (iii) only 16. In Amoeba and Paramecium osmoregulation occurs through
 - (a) pseudopodia (b) nucleus
 - (c) contractile vacuole (d) general surface
- 17. Animals with metameric segmentation, bilateral symmetry and closed circulatory system belong to phylum
 - (b) Echinodermata (a) Annelida
 - (c) Arthropoda (d) Mollusca
- 18. Which one of the following characters is not typical of the class Mammalia?
 - (a) The codont dentition
 - (b) Alveolar lungs
 - (c) Ten pairs of cranial nerves
 - (d) Seven cervical vertebrae
- 19. The segments of earthworms are
 - (a) Apparent in the embryo but not in the adult (b) Specialised for different functions and are present in endoderm only
 - Present in mesoderm but not in the ectoderm
 - (d) Repetitive, with serial repetition of at least some
- 20. The evolution of an internal body cavity/coelom offered an advantage in animal body design in all areas, except
 - (a) Evolution of effecient organ systems (b) Provides space within which the gonads can expand and large number of gametes stored
 - Circulation (c)
 - (d) Greater freedom of movement

(u) minopot	in und monused	No. or other contractions		
RESPONSE GRID	13. (a) (b) (c) (d)	15. @ 6 © d	11. @ © © d 16. @ b © d	

Biology B-15

- 21. Animals like bats have/are
 - (a) Hollow skeleton
 - (b) Feathers which are modified reptilian scales
 - (c) Endothermic
 - (d) Efficient respiration. Non-vascular air sacs are
- connected to lungs to supplement respiration

 22. Which of the following is incorrect match of animal group/life style/structure/function?

	Animal	Lifestyle	Structure/functions group
(a)	Sponges	Sessile filter feeders	Amoebocytes/carry food and wastes Spicules/support and protection
(b)	Cnidarians	Free floating or attached	spongin / support Gastrovascular cavity/digestion Cnidocytes/ protection and food
(c)	Flatworms	Free living or parasite	getting Flame cells/ excretion Tegument/
(d)	Molluses	Terrestrial, marine, fresh water inhabitar	protection Radula/feeding mantle/motility
	(a) (b)	Animal (a) Sponges (b) Cnidarians (c) Flatworms	(a) Sponges Sessile filter feeders (b) Cnidarians Free floating or attached (c) Flatworms Free living or parasite (d) Molluses Terrestrial,

- 23. Complete the following analogy: Pigeon's milk: Crop:: Song:
 - (a) Syrinx
- (b) Trachea
- (c) Proventriculus (d) Anterior air sacs
- 24. Which of the following is not correct matching of phylum and its three examples?
 - (a) Annelida: Aphrodite, Chaetopterus, Bonnelia
 - (b) Mollusca: Teredo, Aplysia, Chaetopleura
 - (c) Aschelminthes: Ancylostoma, Enterobius, Tubifex
 - (d) Arthropoda: Buthus, Lepisma, Leptocorisa
- 25. Hemichordates differ from chordates, in that hemichordates
 - (a) Are gill breathers

- (b) Fertilisation is external and development is indirect
- (c) Do not possess notochord
- (d) Are bilaterally symmetrical, triploblastic and coelomate animals
- 26. All birds have
 - (a) Oil gland at the base of tail
 - (b) Feather on their body and can fly
 - (c) Nests to care their babies
 - (d) Internal fertilization, are oviparous and eggs are covered with calcareous shell
- 27. Which one of the following is a coelenterate?
 - (a) Sea mouse
- (b) Sea anemone
- (c) Sea urchin (d) Sea cucumber
- Presence of external ear pinna, body hairs, four chambered heart are the characters of
 - (a) Macropus (b) Balaenoptera (c) Psittacula (d) Aptenodytes
- (c) Psittacula (d) Aptenodytes

 Which one of the following statements about certain given animals is correct?
 - (a) Round worms are pseudo-coelomates
 - (b) Molluscs are acoelomates
 - (c) Insects are pseudo-coelomates
 - (d) Flatworms are coelomates
- 30. Which one of the following phyla is correctly matched with its two general characteristics?
 - (a) Echinodermata pentamerous radial symmetry and mostly internal fertilization
 - Mollusca normally oviparous and development through a trochophore or veliger larva
 - (c) Arthropoda body divided into head, thorax and abdomen and respiration by mouth
 (d) Chordata notochord persists throughout and
 - separate anal and urinary openings to the outside
- Amphibians share with reptiles all of the following characters expect
 - (a) ventral heart
 - (b) external fertilization and indirect development
 - (c) dioecious, oviparous
 - (d) cold blooded or poikilotherms.

	21. (a)(b)(c)(d)	22. (മ്രിനിരിൻ)	23. എന്നവര	24. (a)(b)(c)(d)	25. abcd
RESPONSE					
	26.(a)(b)(c)(d)	27.(a)(b)(c)(d)	28. (a)(b)(c)(d)	29. (a)(b)(c)(d)	30. @(b)@(d)
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	31.@b@d				

B-16 NTA NEET

- 32. Which of the following statements about the body cavity of animals is true?
 - (a) The body cavity of coelomates develops from the embryonic ectoderm.
 - (b) The acoelomates' body cavity is filled with liquid.
 - (c) The pseudocoel of the pseudocoelomates have a peritoneum.
 - (d) The acoelomates do not have an enclosed body
- 33. Sponges have a very simple body plan. Which of the following statements about sponge structure or function is false?
 - (a) Choanocytes are flagellated cells that play a role in feeding.
 - (b) Large species are found in areas of heavy wave action, where food is most abundant.
 - (c) Individual sponges are both male and female.
 - (d) Water enters a sponge through pores and exits via one or more oscula.
- 34. Which of the following traits is not shared by the Ctenophora and the Cnidaria?
 - (a) Both are diploblastic

 - (b) Both have radial symmetry (c) Both have complete guts.
 - (d) Both have feeding tentacles.
- 35. Earthworm has

(c) No eyes

- (a) Two eyes (b) Many eyes
 - (d) One eve.
- 36. Which of the following statements is not true of the Rotifera?
 - (a) They have a complete gut with an anterior mouth and posterior anus.
 - (b) They are coelomates
 - (c) The corona is a ciliated organ used in acquiring food. (d) They use a hydrostatic skeleton.
- 37. The combination of a true coelom and repeating body segmentation allows the annelids (unlike the anatomically "simpler" worms) to do which of the following?
 - (a) Attain complex body shapes and thus locomote more precisely

- (b) Move through loose marine sediments
- (c) Be hermaphroditic
- (d) Inject paralytic poisons into their prey
- 38. An animal is divided along its main body axis to produce similar halves. Which of the following types of symmetry could apply?
 - (a) Spherical Radial
 - (c) Radial or biradial (d) Bilateral
- Cephalization is a characteristic mainly associated with which of the following types of body symmetry in animals? (b) Radial
 - (a) Asymmetric
 - (c) Biradial (d) Bilateral
- Amphids present on ventrolateral lips of Ascaris are
 - (a) Chemoreceptors (b) Olfactoreceptors
- (c) Tactoreceptors (d) Gustatoreceptors 41. Corals are common representatives of the chidarian
 - (a) Scyphozoa
- (b) Anthozoa
- (c) Porifera (d) Placozoa
- 42. Which of the following characteristics is unique to the phylum Cnidaria?
 - (a) Sexual reproduction
 - (b) Symbiotic associations with other organisms
 - (c) Sedentary body forms
 - (d) Nematocysts
- 43. Which of the following statements is true of all flatworms?
 - (a) Flatworms are biradially symmetric
 - (b) Flatworms have a complete digestive system
 - (c) Flatworms tend to have large, thickened bodies (d) Flatworms are triploblastic
- Which of the following structures is absent from a typical gastropod mollusk (e.g., a garden snail)? (a) Protective shell (b) Head
 - (c) Radula (d) None of these
- Which two of the following are found in the mesophyl or protein matrix and serve as structural support for a sponge?
 - (a) spicule, spongin (b) osculum, spicule (c) medusa polyn (d) polyn, osculum

RESPONSE GRID	32. a b o d 37. a b o d 42. a b o d	33.@b@d 38.@b@d 43.@b@d	34. @ 6 © d 39. @ 6 © d 44. @ 6 © d	35. a b c d 40. a b c d 45. a b c d	36. abcd 41. abcd

BIOLOGY CHAPTERWISE SPEED TEST-62							
Total Questions 45 Total Marks 180							
Attempted Correct							
Incorrect Net Score							
Cut-off Score 40 Qualifying Score 65							
Success Gap =	Net Score	e – Qualifying Score					
Net	Score = (Correct × 4) – (Incorrect ×	1)				