## ANIMAL KINGDOM

# Protozoans, basis of classification and Phylum porifera

- **1.** Pick the odd pair out :-
  - (1) Cellular level: Porifera
  - (2) Tissue level: Aschelminthes
  - (3) Organ level: Platyhelminthes
  - (4) Organ system level: Annelida
- **2.** Animals possess various type of symmetry, select the correctly matched:-
  - (1) Echinodermates radial symmetry
  - (2) Arthropods bilateral symmetry
  - (3) Sponges mostly asymmetrical
  - (4) All of these
- **3.** Select the group of organism given below those have diploblastic members only:-
  - (1) Ctenoplana, Taenia, Fasciola
  - (2) Physalia, Meandrina
  - (3) Wuchereria, Culex, Limulus
  - (4) Aedes, Ascaris, Hydra
- **4.** Open blood vascular system is found in :-
  - (1) Saccoglossus
- (2) Anopheles
- (3) *Pila*
- (4) All of these
- **5.** Select the option with all pseudocoelomates animals?
  - (1) Ascaris, Fasciola, Taenia
  - (2) Culex, Locusta, Limulus
  - (3) Wuchereria, Ascaris, Ancylostoma
  - (4) Nereis, Hirudinaria, Wuchereria
- **6.** Closed blood vascular system is found in :-
  - (1) Bombyx
- (2) Sepia
- (3) Balanoglossus
- (4) Ascidia
- 7. The members of phylum porifera are called sponges, having numerous distinguishable character, but which of the following is considered as their peculiar character?
  - (1) These are diploblastic animals
  - (2) Mostly members are marine and some are fresh water
  - (3) Choanocytes which line the spongocoel
  - (4) Intracelluar digestion
- **8.** Organ level of organisation is found in :-
  - (1) Spongilla
- (2) Pleurobranchia
- (3) Taenia
- (4) Obelia

- **9.** Spongilla and Euspongia are the members of phylum porifera, bearing which of the following characters?
  - (1) They have a water transport or canal system.
  - (2) These are hermaphrodites with internal fertilization
  - (3) Both 1 and 2
  - (4) These are exclusively marine
- **10.** Select the set of organisms which have metameric segmentation:-
  - (1) Physalia, Fasciola, Hirudinaria
  - (2) Gorgonia, Aedes, Chaetopleura
  - (3) Asterias, Balanoglossus, Branchiostoma
  - (4) Pheretima, Periplaneta, Frog
- 11. Locomotory structure are absent in :-
  - (1) Flagellated protozoans
  - (2) Sporozoans
  - (3) Ciliated protozoans
  - (4) Amoeboid protozoans
- **12.** Amoeboid protozoans are characterised by :-
  - (1) Cilia
  - (2) Flagella
  - (3) Pseudopodia
  - (4) None of these
- **13.** Which of the following pair is not correctly matched?
  - (1) Entamoeba: Dysentry
  - (2) Plasmodium: Malaria
  - (3) Trypanosoma: Kala azar
  - (4) Giardia: Diarrhoea
- **14.** The correct set for porifera is :-
  - (1) Acoelomates, Fresh water, Zooplanktonic, Triploblastic, Cell aggregate body plan
  - (2) Eucoelomates, Marine, Sedentary, diploblastic, blind sac body plan
  - (3) Celluar level of organisation, Mostly Marine, Sedentary, diploblastic
  - (4) Acoelomates, Marine, Sedentary, diploblastic, blind sac body plan

15.	Which one of the following invertebrates is a protostomic, bilateral symmetric and	
	pseudocoelomate :-	
	(1) Pila (2) Aphrodite	
	(3) Wuchereria (4) Hirudinaria	
16.	Choose the correct statement from the following:	25.
	(1) Poriferans are generally marine	20.
	(2) Mostly poriferans are asymmetrical	
	(3) Choanocytes or collar cells line the	
	spongocoel and the canals.  (4) All of the above	26.
17.	Digestion in Cnidarians is :-	
	(1) Extracellular (2) Intracellular	
	(3) Both 1 and 2 (4) None of these	Phy
18.	Which of the following sponge is also known as 'Bath	_
	sponge'?	27.
	(1) Spongilla (2) Scypha	
	(3) Euspongia (4) Leucosolenia	
19.	Which of the following is not locomotory organelles	
	of protozoans?	
	(1) Cilia (2) Flagella	
	(3) Tubefeet (4) Pseudopodia	
20.	Metamerism is found in :-	
	(1) Arthropoda, Annelida, Chordata	
	(2) Mollusca, Porifera, Echinodermata	
	(3) Aschelminthes, Annelida, Chordata	28.
	(4) Annelida, Arthropoda, Mollusca	
21.	Trypanosoma belongs to group:-	
	(1) Amoeboids protozoans	
	(2) Sporozoans	
	(3) Flagellated protozoans	
00	(4) Ciliated protozoans	
<b>22</b> .	Paramecium moves about by :-	90
	(1) Pseudopodia	29.
	(2) Cilia	
	(3) Both 1 and 2	
23.	(4) Flagella  The phylocheming radial symmetry.	
<b>2</b> 3.	The phyla showing radial symmetry:- (1) Echinodermata, coelenterata and	
	(1) Echinodermata, coelenterata and ctenophora	
	(2) Porifera, mollusca and echinodermata	

(3) Protozoa and coelenterata

(4) Coelenterata, ctenophora and annelida

**24.** The symmetry found in an animal which can be divided into indentical left and right halves in only one plane is:-

(1) Spherical

(2) Bilateral

(3) Radial

(4) Biradial

**25.** Gullet of *Paramecium* is meant for :-

(1) Osmoregulation

(2) Ingestion

(3) Egestion

(4) Reproduction

**26.** Which one is monogenetic parasite?

(1) Trypanosoma

(2) Plasmodium

(3) Entamoeba

(4) Liver fluke

### Phylum Coelenterata to Hemichordata

- **27.** Echinodermates are considered as the first deuterostomic animals. They possess which of the following common characters?
  - The adult echinoderms are radially symmetrical but larvae are bilaterally symmetrical.
  - (2) Excretory system is absent
  - (3) Development is indirect with free swimming larva.
  - (4) All of the above
- **28.** Phylum Arthropoda considered as the largest phylum among the kingdom animalia. They possess which of the following common characters?
  - (1) They have jointed appendages
  - (2) Open blood circulation
  - (3) Both1 and 2
  - (4) Excretion takes place through flame cells.
- **29.** Fasciola and Taenia are the members of phylum platyhelminthes bearing which of the following characters?
  - (1) They have organ level of organisation
  - (2) Flame cells help in osmoregulation and excretion
  - (3) They have dorso-ventrally flattened body
  - (4) All of the above

- **30.** The biological name of animals and their popular common name are given below, select the correctly matched among following:-
  - (1) Ancylostoma Hookworm
  - (2) Octopus Squid
  - (3) Antedon Brittle star
  - (4) Laccifer Locust
- **31.** The members of phylum Aschelminthes are called round worms, having numerous distinguishable character, but which of the following can not be considered as their character?
  - (1) These are pseudocoelomate animals
  - (2) They are bilaterally symmetrical
  - (3) Organ system level of body organisation
  - (4) Round worms are monoecious.
- **32.** Members of phylum annelida and arthropoda show metamerism and have a lot of common features like?
  - (1) Solid, double ventral nerve cord
  - (2) Schizocoelomate
  - (3) Both 1 and 2
  - (4) Open blood circulation
- 33. The body cavity which is lined by mesoderm is called coelom, if the mesoderm is present as scattered pouches in between the ectoderm and endoderm, such a body cavity is called pseudocoelom, select the pseudocoelomate phylum:-
  - (1) Annelida
  - (2) Arthropoda
  - (3) Echinodermata
  - (4) Aschelminthes
- **34.** Apis, Bombyx, Laccifer and Anopheles are the members of phylum Arthropoda. Select the characters those are exclusive to the members of Phylum-Arthropoda:-
  - (1) They have jointed appandages
  - (2) Excretion takes place through malpighian tubules.
  - (3) Both 1 and 2
  - (4) Enterocoelomic coelom

- **35.** Distinguishing character of hemichordate is :-
  - (1) Open circulatory system
  - (2) Excretory organ is proboscis gland
  - (3) They are dioecious
  - (4) All of the above
- **36.** Select the distinguishable characters of Echinodermates from Hemichordates:-
  - (1) These animals have an endoskeleton of calcareous ossicles
  - (2) They have water vascular system
  - (3) The adult echinoderms are radially symmetrical
  - (4) All of the above
- **37.** An observer collect some sample like *Pheretima*, *Herudinaria* and *Bombyx*, Select the common characters among them:-
  - (1) Ventral Nerve chord
  - (2) They show metamerism
  - (3) Both 1 and 2
  - (4) Open circulatory system
- **38.** Which of the following may be considered as the unique feature of members of phylum arthropoda?
  - (1) They have ventral nerve cord
  - (2) They have open circulatory system
  - (3) They have jointed appendages
  - (4) Development may be direct or indirect
- **39.** *Nereis* and *Pheretima* are similar to *Sepia* and *Octopus* in which one of the following features?
  - (1) Dorsal nerve cord
  - (2) They are dioecious
  - (3) Both 1 and 2
  - (4) Closed circulatory system
- **40.** In which one of the following organism its respiratory organs are correctly matched?
  - (1) Starfish Pharyngeal Gills
  - (2) King crab Book gills
  - (3) Cuttle fish Book lungs
  - (4) Earthworm Tracheal system

- **41.** Which one of the following statements is correct either for *Physalia* or *Pila* or both.
  - (1) They have organ system level of organisation.
  - (2) They are bilaterally symmetrical.
  - (3) Pila has a rasping organs for feeding called radula
  - (4) Pila is also called as Fresh water mussel
- **42.** Which one of the following statements about certain given animals is correct?
  - (1) Octopus shows metamerism
  - (2) Flat worms are pseudocoelomates
  - (3) Insects are coelomates
  - (4) Adult echinoderms are bilaterally symmetrical
- **43.** Which one of the following is not a characteristic of phylum mollusca?
  - (1) Coelomates
- (2) Segmentation
- (3) Mantle
- (4) Shell
- **44.** Which one of the following phyla is correctly matched with its general characteristics?
  - (1) Porifera Cellular level of organisation and external fertilisation
  - (2) Coelenterata Diploblastic and internal fertilisation
  - (3) Aschelminthes Pseudocoelomates and dioecious
  - (4) Hemichordata Coelomates and closed circulatory system
- **45.** Which of the following pair of animals comprise 'Comb jellies'?
  - (1) Balanoglossus and Saccoglossus
  - (2) Pleurobranchia and Ctenoplana
  - (3) Sea anemone and sea pen
  - (4) Sea lily and brittle star
- **46.** Select the incorrect statement among the following:-
  - (1) Members of phylum ctenophora are commonly known as "Comb Jellies".
  - (2) When any plane passing through the central axis of the body divides the organism into two identical halves, is called radial symmetry
  - (3) Earthworm and Nereis are monoecious
  - (4) Body of *Balanoglossus* is composed of proboscis, collar and trunk

- **47.** What is common to *Pheretima*, *Culex* and *Limulus*?
  - (1) Ventral nerve cord
  - (2) Metamerism
  - (3) Coelomate
  - (4) All of the above
- **48.** Which of the following pairs are correctly matched?
  - (A) Flame cells Taenia, Fasciola
  - (B) Notochord Balanoglossus
  - (C) Metagenesis Physalia and Obelia
  - (D) Open circulatory system Apis, Pila and Laccifer
  - (1) A, B and C
  - (2) A and C
  - (3) A, C and D
  - (4) A and B
- **49.** Which one of the following is a matching pair of a body feature and the animal possessing it?
  - (1) Canal system Asterias
  - (2) Metagenesis Obelia
  - (3) Dorsal nerve cord Pheretima
  - (4) Muscular pharynx Taenia
- **50.** What is true about *Neries, Apis, Columba, Macropus* and *Chelone*?
  - (1) Dorsal hollow nerve cord
  - (2) Ventral solid nerve cord
  - (3) Closed circulatory system
  - (4) Metamerism
- **51.** Which one of the following is a living fossil?
  - (1) Echinus
- (2) Pinctada
- (3) Hirudinaria
- (4) Limulus
- **52.** Which one of the following is a matching pair of an animal and a certain phenomenon it exhibits:
  - (1) Octopus Metamerism
  - (2) Hydra Metagenesis
  - (3) Ascaris Sexual dimorphism
  - (4) Pheretima Indirect development
- **53.** Fasciola belongs to a group of animals. Which are best described as:
  - (1) Triploblastic, bilaterally symmetrical and Acoelomates.
  - (2) Dorso-ventrally flattened body
  - (3) Mostly monoecious
  - (4) All of the above

- **54.** Which one of the following group of animals is correctly matched with their two characteristic morphological features?
  - (1) Pavo, Camelus, Delphinus Dorsal hollow nerve cord and poikilothermous
  - (2) Asterias, ophiura, Balanoglossus and Saccoglossus Enterocoelomate and Deute rostomic
  - (3) Ascaris, Ancylostoma and Pheretima Pseudocoelomates and metamerism
  - (4) *Pila, Octopus, Apis* and *Bombyx* Open circulatory system and Dorsal nerve cord

#### Chordata

- **55.** Which one of the following pair of animals belongs to 'Cartilaginous fishes'?
  - (1) Labeo and Catla
  - (2) Pterophyllum and Scoliodon
  - (3) Pristis and Carcharodon
  - (4) Petromyzon and Myxine
- **56.** Select the incorrect statement from the following:
  - (1) Cyclostomates have an elongated body bearing 6-15 pairs of gill slits
  - (2) All chordates are vertebrates
  - (3) Bony fishes have four pairs of gills with operculum
  - (4) Reptiles are poikilotherms.
- **57.** Which one of the following is a correct matching set of class and its examples?
  - (1) Mammalia *Ornithorhynchus*, *Pteropus* and *Aptenodytes*.
  - (2) Reptilia Chameleon, Calotes, Neophron
  - (3) Amphibia Rana, Ichthyophis, Crocodilus
  - (4) Osteichthyes Clarias , Pterophyllum, Catla
- **58.** What is common about *Corvus, Columba, Camelus* and *Elephas*?
  - (1) They are viviparous and development is direct
  - (2) They are homiothermous animals and have 12 pairs of cranial nerves.
  - (3) The digestive tract of these animals has additional chambers, the crop and gizzard.
  - (4) They have dicondylic skull.

- **59.** Which one of the following characters is not typical of the class Aves?
  - (1) The long bones are hollow with air cavities.
  - (2) They are oviparous and development is direct.
  - (3) Air sacs connected to lungs supplement respiration
  - (4) The Avian skin is moist with scales.
- **60.** What is true for Reptilia?
  - (1) They have external ear opening
  - (2) Sexes are separate and fertilization is external
  - (3) Both 1 and 2
  - (4) Snakes and lizard shed their scales as skin cast
- **61.** Reptiles are considered as the first amniote animals. They possess which of the following common characters?
  - Tympanum represents ear. They do not have external ear opening
  - (2) Heart is usually four chambered.
  - (3) Both 1 and 2
  - (4) They are oviparous and development is indirect.
- **62.** *Rana* and *Hyla* are the members of class-Amphibia bearing which of the following characters?
  - (1) A tympanum represents the ear.
  - (2) These are cold blooded animals.
  - (3) They have moist skin without scales.
  - (4) All of these
- **63.** The biological name and their popular common name of animals are given below, select the correctly matched among the following?
  - (1) Trygon Saw Fish
  - (2) Carcharodon Great white shark
  - (3) Ornithrohynchus Penguin
  - (4) Clarias Fighting Fish
- 64. The members of class osteichthyes are called bony fishes having numerous distinguishable character but which of the following can not be considered as their character?
  - (1) Skin is covered with cycloid / Ctenoid scales.
  - (2) Air bladder is present which regulates buoyancy.
  - (3) In males pelvic fins bear claspers
  - (4) Mouth is mostly terminal

- **65.** Members of class Reptilia, Aves and mammalia are amniotes and have a lot of common feature, but they differ from each other remarkably, select the common features among them:
  - (1) They have 12-Pairs of cranial nerves.
  - (2) One pair of metanephric kidney help in excretion
  - (3) They are dioecious and fertilization is internal
  - (4) All of these
- **66.** Corvus, Psittacula and Pavo are the members of class Aves. Select the characters those are exclusively found in class-Aves:-
  - (1) A cover of soft feathers is present all over the body of all the birds.
  - (2) They are warm-blooded.
  - (3) They are oviparous and development is direct.
  - (4) They have 4-chambered heart
- 67. Distinguishing characters of mammals are :-
  - (1) Diaphragm is present in the body cavity.
  - (2) Mammary glands are found in females for baby feeding.
  - (3) Their body is covered by a coat of hair.
  - (4) All of these
- **68.** Select the distinguishable characters of Reptiles from Amphibians ?
  - (1) Cranial nerves are 12 pairs
  - (2) Monocondylic skull
  - (3) An amniotes
  - (4) All of these
- **69.** Which one of the following statements about all the four of *Bufo*, *Rana*, *Rattus* and *Camelus* is correct?
  - (1) All are poikilotherms
  - (2) All have 12 pairs of cranial nerve
  - (3) All have dicondylic skull
  - (4) Sexes are separate and fertilisaion is internal
- **70.** Which one of the following is not a characteristic of cyclostomates?
  - (1) Cyclostomstes have a sucking and circular mouth without jaws.
  - (2) Cranium and vertebral column are bony
  - (3) Circulation is closed type
  - (4) Cyclostomates are marine but migrate for spawning to fresh water.

- **71.** Which of the following pair are correctly matched?
  - (A) Protochordates Lancelet
  - (B) Amniotes Struthio, Aptenodytes, Chelone, Equus
  - (C) Cartilaginous Fishes Scoliodon, Trygon, Hippocampus
  - (D) Tunicates Salpa, Doliolum, Ascidia
  - (1) A, B and D
- (2) A, C and D
- (3) A, B and C
- (4) Only A and B
- **72.** Which one of the following class is correctly matched with its general characteristics?
  - (1) Aves The hind limbs generally have scales and are modified for walking.
  - (2) Reptilia 10 pairs cranial nerves and dicondylic skull
  - (3) Cyclostomata Skin is covered with scales.
  - (4) Osteichthyes Gill slits are separate and without operculum.
- **73.** What is true about *Psittacula*, *Ornithorhynchus* and *Crocodilus*?
  - (1) Four Chambered heart
  - (2) Oviparous
  - (3) 12 paris of cranial nerve
  - (4) All of these
- **74.** Select the distinguishable characters of cyclostomata from Pisces:-
  - (1) Their body is devoid of scales and paired fins.
  - (2) Cyclostomates include jaw less fishes.
  - (3) Internal ear contains one or two semicircular canals
  - (4) All of these
- **75.** Which one of the following is a matching pair of body feature and the animal possessing it?
  - (1) Vertebral column Salpa, Petromyzon
  - (2) Gnathostomata Corvus, Myxine
  - (3) Air baladder Labeo, Pristis
  - (4) Pneumatic bones Corvus, Columba
- **76.** Pristis and Carcharodon are the members of class chondrichthyes, bearing which of the following characters?
  - (1) Air bladder is present.
  - (2) Respiration by 4-pairs of gills and these gills are covered by operculum.
  - (3) Male fishes have 'claspers' as copulatory organ so that fertilization is internal.
  - (4) All of these

- **77.** Which of the following fish is also known as "Great white shark'?
  - (1) Pristis
- (2) Trygon
- (3) Clarias
- (4) Carcharodon
- **78.** Select the correct statement from the following:
  - (1) In Amphibians endoskeleton is fully ossified and the long bones are hollow with air cavities.
  - (2) Body of most of mammals is divided into head, neck, trunk and tail.
  - (3) Reptiles and Birds are warm blooded.
  - (4) All of the above
- **79.** Which one of the following groups of animals each is correcly matched with their characteristic feature?
  - (1) Rana, Clarias, Testudo, Struthio -Poikilothermous
  - (2) Chameleon, Psittacula, Salamendra Amniotes
  - (3) Corvus, Columba, Camelus, Elephas Dicondylic skull
  - (4) Naja, Bungarus, Viper Poisonous snake
- **80.** Match list-I with list-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:-

	5	J							
	List-I		List-II						
(Nar	ne of the	Animal)	(The group to which they belong						
A.	Sting ra	У	(i) Amphib	oia					
В.	Alligato		(ii) Chondri	ichthyes					
C.	<i>Ichthyop</i>	ohis	(iii) Reptilia						
D. <i>Doliolum</i>		(iv) Tunicata							
			(v) Osteichthyes						
	Α	В	С	D					
(1)	(v)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)					
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)					
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(v)	(iii)					
(4)	(v)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)					

- **81.** Amphibians are considered to be intermediate between Pisces and Reptilia because :-
  - (A) They possess vertebral column
  - (B) Both branchial and pulmonary respiration occur in their life history.
  - (C) Oviparity and viviparity are represented.
  - (D) They have 3-chambered heart.
    Select the correct answer using the codes given below?
  - (1) A and C
- (2) B and D
- (3) A and B
- (4) C and D

**82.** Presence of notochord, dorsal tubular nerve cord and pharyngeal gill slits are the three fundamental characters of the phylum chordata.

In which one of the following chordate all the three characters are found throughout the life?

- (1) Doliolum
- (2) Ascidia
- (3) Balanoglossus
- (4) Branchiostoma
- **83.** Consider the following features :-
  - (A) Anadromous migration.
  - (B) Absence of jaws.
  - (C) Ectoparasites on Fishes.
  - (D) Larval stages are Fresh water

Which of the following animal has all the above mentioned features?

- (1) Doliolum
- (2) Herdmania
- (3) Petromyzon
- (4) Amphioxus
- **84.** Which one of the following is neither a Fish nor a snake but an amphibian?
  - (1) Cuttle fish
- (2) Hag Fish
- (3) *Ichthyophis*
- (4) Horned toad

#### **Animal Kingdom**

- **85.** Which one of the following animals requires comparatively less energy for body maintenance?
  - (1) Camel
- (2) Bird
- (3) Fish
- (4) Elephant
- **86.** Match list-I (Animals) with list-II (Organ of locomotion) and select the correct answer using the codes gives below the lists:-

•						
List-I			List-II			
A. Star fish		(i) Muscular foo				
B. Apple sn	nail	(ii) Comb plates				
C. Nereis		(iii) Tubefeet				
D. Sea walr	nuts	(iv) Parapodia				
A	В		C	D		
(1) (iii)	(i)	(	ii)	(iv)		
(0) (111)	(**)			<i>(-</i> )		

	А	р	C	ט
(1)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)

<b>87</b> .	Which one of the fo	ollowing is a molluscan?		Ç	<b>≯</b> B			
	(1) Sea horse	(2) Sea lily						
	(3) Sea mouse	(4) Sea hare	93.	11111	Ā			
88	Metameric segment first developed in p	tation in the animal hierarchy hylum?		D  A schematic repression shown in the above	entation of a typical chordate is			
	(1) Ctenophora				_			
	(2) Chordata			respectively:-	maked A, B, C and D are			
	(3) Annelida			(1) Notochord, Ne	erve cord, Intestine and gill slits			
	(4) Arthropoda				t, Gillslits, Nerve cord and			
89.		ng pairs of respiratory structures		Notochord				
	and animals is/are	-		(3) Postanal part,	nerve cord, Notochord and Gill			
	(A) Ctenidia - Hone			= '	Notochord, Nerve cord and Gill			
	(B) Book lungs - Sc	-		slits.				
	(C) Tracheal system	•	94.	Consider the follow	_			
	(D) Book gills - <i>Lim</i>				elongs to the class Aves.			
	(1) A and B (3) B and D	(2) B and C (4) B,C and D		(B) Locomotory of flagella.	organelle of Trypanosoma is			
90.		ous plates in the dermis in the		(C) Euspongia is co	ommon bath sponge.			
		imming bilaterally symmetrical		(D) Coelenterates	are pseudocoelomates.			
	larva are typical ch	aracteristics of :-		Which of the abov	e statements is/are correct ?			
	(1) Annelida	(2) Arthropoda		(1) C alone	(2) B and C			
	(3) Mollusca	(4) Echinodermata		(3) A, B and C	(4) B, C and D			
91.	Consider the follow	ring statements :	95.	Which one of the fo	ollowing feature is not applicable			
	Hydra typically has				minthes - <i>Taenia</i> , <i>Fasciola</i> and			
	A. A radially symn	netrical body		Planaria?				
	B. A gastovascular	cavity		(1) Triploblastic for				
	C. Both a polyp at	nd medusoid form.		(2) Absence of me	etamerism			
	(1) A, B and C are	correct		(3) Parasitism				
	(2) A and C are co			(4) Absence of definite circulatory and respiratory systems.				
	(3) A and B are con		96.	Which one of the following pair is not correctly				
00	(4) A and C are co			matched?				
92.	which of the follow vectors?	ving insects is/are consider as		(1) Chaetopleura -				
	(1) Culex	(2) Aedes		(2) Ascaris - Round	l worm			

(4) All of the above

(3) Anopheles

(3) Wuchereria - Filarial worm

(4) Enterobias - Hook worm

- **97.** Most of lower aquatic animals such as protozoans, poriferans, coelenterates etc. are ammonotelic, because :-
  - (1) Water available to these animals contains less nitrogen.
  - (2) Ammonia can be converted into urea.
  - (3) Excretion of ammonia requires large amount of water, which is available to these animals.
  - (4) Ammonia helps in checking inflow of water into body.
- **98.** Which of the following statements regarding mammals are correct?
  - 1. *Delphinus* and *Balaenoptera* are aquatic mammals.
  - 2. Ornithorhynchus is oviparous
  - 3. Mammals have double occipital condules.

Select the correct answer :-

- (1) 1, 2 and 3
- (2) 1 alone
- (3) 1 and 2 only
- (4) 2 and 3 only
- **99.** Which one of the following endoparasite absorbs nutrients from the host directly through their body surface?
  - (1) Fasciola
- (2) Ascaris
- (3) Taenia
- (4) All of the above
- **100.** Reptiles, Birds and Mammals resemble in the character of their :-
  - (1) Occipital condyle
  - (2) Homeothermous
  - (3) Poikilothemous
  - (4) Amnion
- **101.** The symmetry of coelenterates is similar to that of :-
  - (1) Larvae of a phylum, whose members possess canal system.
  - (2) Larvae and adults of a phylum whose member possess a water vascular system.
  - (3) Adults of a phylum whose members possess a spiny body wall and dermal calcareous ossicle.
  - (4) All of the above
- **102.** Echinoderms are considered to be the most evolved invertebrates because they:-
  - (1) Are triploblastic and have organ system level of organisation
  - (2) Have a great power of regeneration
  - (3) Both 1 and 2
  - (4) Are enterocoelic and deuterostomic

- **103.** Which one of the following is a bilaterally symmetrical, blind sac body plan and triploblastic and acoelomate invertebrate?
  - (1) Ascaris
- (2) Wuchereria
- (3) Hydra
- (4) Fasciola
- **104.** With reference to scorpions, which one of the following statements is correct?
  - (1) The body consists of head, Thorax and abdomen
  - (2) They display mosaic and stereoscopic vision.
  - (3) They have book lungs which corresponds to the gills of prawn.
  - (4) All of the above
- 105. Consider the following characteristics of organisms
  - (A) Diploblastic body
  - (B) Possessing cnidocytes
  - (C) Presence of both intracellular and extracellular digestion.

Which of the above are characteristics of organism of coelenterata?

- (1) A and B
- (2) B and C
- (3) A and C
- (4) A, B and C
- 106. Metagenesis in Obelia signifies by :-
  - (1) Alternation of generation between haploid medusa and diploid polyp.
  - (2) Polyps produce medusae sexually and medusae form the polyps asexually.
  - (3) Alternation of generation between diploid medusa and diploid polypoid.
  - (4) All of the above

(3) (iii)

(4) (ii)

(ii)

(i)

**107.** Match list-I with list-II and select the correct answer:

List-I (Animal) (Type of coelom)  A. Echinodermata (i) Coelom absent  B. Arthropoda (ii) Haemocoel  C. Aschelminthes (iii) Enterocoelous coelom (iv) Pseudo coelom (v) Schizocoelous coelom  A B C D  (1) (iii) (i) (v) (iv) (2) (iii) (ii) (v) (iv)											
A. Echinodermata  B. Arthropoda  C. Aschelminthes  D. Annelida  C. Aschelminthes  D. Annelida  C. Aschelminthes  (ii) Haemocoel  (iii) Enterocoelous coelom  (iv) Pseudo coelom  (v) Schizocoelous coelom  (v) Schizocoelous coelom  (v) Coelom absent  (iv) Pseudo coelom  (v) Schizocoelous coelom  (v) Coelom absent  (iv) Pseudo coelom  (v) Schizocoelous coelom  (v) Coelom absent  (ii) Haemocoel		List-	I	List	List-II						
B. Arthropoda C. Aschelminthes D. Annelida  C. Aschelminthes C. Aschelminthes C. Aschelminthes C. D C. Aschelminthes C. D		(Anin	nal)	(Тур	e of coelom)						
C. Aschelminthes D. Annelida (iii) Enterocoelous coelom (iv) Pseudo coelom (v) Schizocoelous coelom  A B C D  (1) (iii) (i) (v) (iv)	A.	Echir	nodermata	(i) Coe	lom absent						
D. Annelida (iv) Pseudo coelom (v) Schizocoelous coelom  A B C D  (1) (iii) (i) (v) (iv)	B.	Arthr	opoda	(ii) Hae	(ii) Haemocoel						
(v) Schizocoelous coelom  A B C D  (1) (iii) (i) (v) (iv)	C.	Asch	elminthes	(iii) Ente	(iii) Enterocoelous coelom						
A B C D (1) (iii) (i) (v) (iv)	D.	Anne	elida	(iv) Pseu	(iv) Pseudo coelom						
(1) (iii) (i) (v) (iv)				(v) Schi	zocoelous coelom						
		Α	В	C	D						
(2) (iii) (ii) (v) (iv)	(1)	(iii)	(i)	(v)	(iv)						
	(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(v)	(iv)						

(iv)

(iii)

(v)

(v)

**108.** Consider the following statements:

During the alternation of generation or Metagenesis in dimorphic coelenterates, the medusae are necessarily:

- (A) Free living
- (B) Sedentary
- (C) Medusae form the polyps asexually
- (D) medusae form the polyps sexually
- (1) A, C and D are correct
- (2) A and D are correct
- (3) A and C are correct
- (4) B and C are correct
- **109.** Which of the following types of protozoans may be responsible for the origin of sponges?
  - (1) Amoeboid protozoans
  - (2) Flagellated protozoans
  - (3) Ciliated protozoans
  - (4) Sporozoans
- 110. In which one of the following protochordate, notochord present from head to the tail in adult stage.
  - (1) Ascidia
  - (2) Salpa
  - (3) Doliolum
  - (4) Branchiostoma
- 111. In the evolutionary history of the animal kingdom, which of the following features have evolved for the first time in phylum annelida?
  - 1. Metameric segmentation
  - 2. organ system level of organisation
  - 3. Closed circulatory system
  - 4. True coelom
  - 5. Bilateral symmetry

Select the correct answer -

- (1) 1, 2 and 5
- (2) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- (3) 1, 3 and 4
- (4) only 1 and 2

- **112.** Select the correctly matched example of Bony fishes with their common names:
  - (1) Betta Fighting fish
  - (2) Clarias Magur
  - (3) Pterophyllum Angel fish
  - (4) All of the above
- **113.** Select the incorrectly matched animals with their common names:-
  - (1) Ophiura Brittle star
  - (2) Ancylostoma Hookworm
  - (3) Aptenodytes Penguin
  - (4) Meandrina Stag horn coral
- **114.** Exocoetus, Bufo and Labeo on one hand and Elephas, Psittacula and Columba on the other differ in the following?
  - The body temperature of the former changes with environmental temperature, the temperature of the latter remains more or less constant.
  - (2) The former have mesonephric kidney, The latter have metanephric kidney.
  - (3) Both 1 and 2
  - (4) The former are oviparous, the latter are viviparous
- **115.** Which of the following sets of animals belong to the same group?
  - (1) Bangarus, Testudo
  - (2) Pavo, Hyla
  - (3) Clarias, Rana
  - (4) Felis, Calotes
- **116.** Identify true statements :
  - (A) Cnidarians have blind-sac body plan
  - (B) Digestion in Ctenophora is both intra as well as extracellular
  - (C) Agnathans are endoparasite in fishes.
  - (D) Ichthyophis belongs to tetrapoda group
  - (1) A, C and D
- (2) A, B and D
- (3) B and D
- (4) A and D

- **117.** Identify the correct statements from the following with reference to the cartilaginous fishes:
  - (A) Male pectoral fin bears claspers
  - (B) Teeth are modified cycloid scales
  - (C) Air bladder is absent
  - (D) They have internal fertilization
  - (1) A and B
- (2) B and C
- (3) C and D
- (4) A and D
- **118.** Over two third of all named species on earth are Arthropods. Identify their category which is not matching
  - (1) Living fossil King crab
  - (2) Vector Culex
  - (3) Gregarious pest Limulus
  - (4) Economically important Apis
- 119. Identify correct statements:
  - (A) Fertilization is internal in Ascaris
  - (B) Parapodia help in swimming in few Arthropods
  - (C) Nereis is an aquatic form and it is monoecious
  - (D) Radula is a rasping organ of star fish
  - (1) A and C
- (2) B and C
- (3) D only
- (4) A only
- **120.** In which of the following animals muscular pharynx is more distinct?
  - (1) Taenia
  - (2) Ancylostoma
  - (3) Loligo
  - (4) Fasciola
- **121.** Identify incorrect statement with regard to Coelenterata
  - (1) Sea anemone is a polyp
  - (2) Jelly fish is free swimming Coelenterate
  - (3) *Meandrina* exhibit two basic body forms called polyp and medusa
  - (4) Digestion is both extracellular and intracellular
- **122.** Identify correct statement :
  - (1) Fertilization is internal in Ctenophora
  - (2) Clasper is a modified form of scales in Scoliodon (Dog fish)
  - (3) Cyclostomates have teeth and body is scale less
  - (4) Radula is a rasping organ of Arthropods

- **123.** In osteichthyes group:
  - (1) Fertilization is internal
  - (2) Placoid scales are more
  - (3) Gill cover is found
  - (4) Air bladder is absent
- **124.** Acraniates are those lower Chordates which posses
  - (1) Unpaired appendages
  - (2) Cranium and vertebrae
  - (3) Paired appendages
  - (4) Jaws and exoskeleton
- **125.** A phylum which has triploblastic, Acoelomate and Blind-sac body plan is :
  - (1) Ctenophora
- (2) Platyhelminthes
- (3) Coelenterata
- (4) All of the above
- **126.** First phylum to have complete digestive tract can be represented by :
  - (1) Taenia
- (2) Wuchereria
- (3) Pheretima
- (4) Apis
- **127.** Which of the following animals belong to same group?
  - (1) Hyla, Aedes, Crab,
  - (2) Sea urchin, Sea lily, Sea cucumber
  - (3) Sea pen, Sea fan, Sea hare
  - (4) Sand worm, Round worm, Earthworm
- **128.** The phenomenm of Autotomy and regeneration is well marked in :
  - (1) Mollusca
- (2) Annelida
- (3) Arthropoda
- (4) Echinodermata
- 129. Which one is not a correct statement?
  - (1) The Larva of Scoliodon exists
  - (2) Lateral line is absent in *Bangarus*
  - (3) Air bladder is present in Betta
  - (4) All Chordates are deuterostomes
- **130.** Which of the following trait does not relate to Class-Reptilia?
  - (1) Calotes is a garden lizard
  - (2) Fertilization is always internal
  - (3) Body is covered with glandular skin
  - (4) They have copulatory organs.

131.	Which one of the following of the birds?	g bird is different from rest	139.	Identify false statements	:			
	(1) Neophron	(2) Aptenodytes		(A) Cyclostomates are ed	ctoparasite on true fishes			
	(3) Psittacula	(4) <i>Corvus</i>		(B) Ctenophores are ses	sile and bear Cnidocytes			
132.	Which of the following state (A) Hind limb are partial	tement is/are true for birds ly modified into wings.		(C) Aschelminthes incluned in non-parasitic round w	uded parasitic as well ss vorms			
	<ul><li>(B) Humming bird is exc</li><li>(C) Fertilization is internal</li></ul>	al.		(D) Arthropods are mo Calcareous exoskelet	st abundant group with			
	(D) Air sac connected to lu (1) A, B (2) B, C	ing supplement respiration (3) A, D (4) C, D		(1) B, D	(2) A, B			
133.	Which of the following i	s correct pair ?		(3) C, D	(4) A, D			
	(1) Struthio – Vulture		140.	Which of the following an	imal belongs to the correct			
	(2) Chameleon – Garden	n lizard		class?				
	(3) <i>Chelone</i> – Turtle			(1) <i>Euglena</i> – Ciliata				
	(4) Betta – Flying fish			(2) Paramecium – Flage	llata			
134.	Which of the following i	s correct pair ?		(3) Plasmodium – Sporos				
	(1) <i>Hyla</i> – Coelenterate			(4) Entamoeba – Mastigo	-			
	(2) Pteropus – Flying fish		141.	Identify the true stateme	ent :			
	(3) Doliolum – Protocho			(1) Protozoans are mostl	y heterotrophic animals			
135.	(4) Carcharodon – Bony Which one of the follow bronchial respiration?	ing set of animal will have		(2) Water enters inside the in sponges.	body through the osculum			
	(1) Prawn, Cyclops	(2) Spider, Cyclops		(3) Ctenophores are fres	sh water animals			
	(3) Clarias, Pavo	(4) Fish, Ichthyophis		(4) All parasites are tripl	oblastic			
136.	Which one of the follow tracheal respiration.	ing set of animal will have	142.	Identified the incorrect sta with reference to round	ntement from the following worm:			
	(1) Silk worm, Laccifer			(A) Syncytial epidermis				
	(2) Limulus, Prawn			(B) Most and free livings	of ectoparasites			
	(3) Spider, <i>Cyclops</i>			(C) All parasites are unis	sexual			
137	(4) <i>Apis</i> , King crab Which one of the follow	ing statement is true?		(D) Incomplete alimentar	ry canal			
107.		a are always Deuterostomes		(1) A and B	(2) B and C			
	(2) Eumetazoan are Deu	•		(3) B and D	(4) A and D			
	(3) All acoelomates are		143.	Identify the correct state	ment :			
		s are bilateral symmetrical		(1) Gills of the bony fishes	are covered by operculum			
138.		osses both reptilian and		(2) Alimentary canal of a through anus at post	amphibian opens outside erior end			
	(1) Macropus			(3) Crocodile has three of	chambered heart			
	(2) Scaly ant eater			(4) Birds are poikilotherm animals				
	(3) Ornithorhynchus		144.	Presence of canal system	m is characteristic feature			

(1) Ascaris

(3) *Pila* 

(2) Euspongia

(4) Amphioxus

(4) Ichthyophis

145.	In which of the following	g fishes, jaws are absent?	153.	_	animals respiration takes			
	(1) Exocoetus	(2) Hippocampus		place by book lungs?	40) 0.4			
	(3) Myxine	(4) Trygon		(1) Honey bee	(2) Silk worm			
146.	_	lat worm, segmented body		(3) Scorpion	(4) Grass hopper			
	is found? (1) Liver fluke	(2) Tape worm	154.	Which of the following is	a correctly matched pair?			
	(3) Filarial worm	(4) Sand worm		(1) <i>Ophiura</i> - Sea lily				
147.		not the feature of Mollusca		(2) Octopus - Cuttle fish				
	phylum?			(3) Torpedo - Electric ra				
	(1) It is the second largest p	ohylum of animal kingdom.	155	(4) Aptenodytes - Ostrich				
	(2) Muscular foot for local	omotion.	155.	blooded animals?	groups belongs to cold			
	(3) They are acoelomate	animals.		(A) Chondrichthyes	(B) Amphibia			
	(4) Presence of shell aro	-		(C) Aves	(D) Mammalia			
148.	Which of the following p	pair is correct ?		(1) A and C	(2) B and D			
	(1) Parapodia - Leech			(3) C and D	(4) A and B			
	(2) Flagella - Ascaris		156.	Which of the following b				
	(3) Archacocyte - Obelia			(1) Pigeon	(2) Ostrich			
	(4) Antenna - Anopheles	5e		(3) Crow	(4) Peacock			
149.	Which of the following ph	ylum is pseudocoelomate?	157					
	(1) Cnidaria		137.	Which of the following is not feature of Cartilaginous fishes?				
	(2) Ctenophora			(1) Presence of placoid s	scales			
	(3) Platyhelminthes			(2) Notochord present w	hole life			
	(4) Aschelminthes			(3) Three chambered he	art			
150.	Which of the following s	tatements is incorrect ?		(4) Sexes are separate				
	(1) Polyp is asexual stag	e	158.	In amphibians, cloaca is	the common opening for			
	_	lace in <i>Englena</i> during day		(1) Alimentary canal				
	time	idee in <i>Englena</i> during day		(2) Urinary tract				
	(3) Sleeping sickness is o	caused by <i>Leishmania</i>		(3) Reproductive tract				
		ory organ of coelenterates	150	(4) All of the above	fulland wantahuata Whish			
151.		statement is correct for	139.	type of locomotion is for	ful land vertebrate. Which und in them?			
	hemichordates?			(1) Jumping	(2) Saltatorial			
	(A) Fish like body			(3) Crawling	(4) None of the above			
	(B) Body is triploblastic	truo monto	160.	Which of the following gro				
	<ul><li>(C) Body is devided into</li><li>(D) Excretion through pr</li></ul>	=		to the same class?				
		(3) A and C (4) B and D		(1) Chelone, Corvus	(2) Macropus, Myxine			
152.		group notochord is present		(3) Loligo, Octopus	(4) Bombyx, Peripatus			
	in whole life?		161.	Monkey, Lion, Bat, Kang	aroo are classified in same			

(1) Order

(3) Class

(2) Family

(4) None of the above

(1) Hemichordata

(3) Cephalochordata

(2) Urochordata

(4) Vertebrata

162. Binomial system of nomenclature is established by

(1) Huxley

(2) John Ray

(3) Lamarck

(4) Linnaeus

163. Which type of locomotory organ are found in "Soft bodied animals"?

(1) Cilia

(2) Tube feet

(3) Tentacles

(4) Muscular Foot

**164.** Match the column-I with the column-II and find out the correct answer:

Column-I	Colum-II
(A) Spongocoel	(i) Arthropoda
(B) Dorso-ventrally	(ii) Cnidaria
flattened body	
(C) Coelenteron	(iii) Porifera
(D) Chitinous exoskeleton	(vi) Platyhelminthes

(1) A-iii, B-iv, C-i, D-ii

(2) A-iv, B-iii, C-ii, D-i

(3) A-iii, B-iv, C-ii, D-i (4) A-ii, B-iv, C-iii, D-i

	ANSWERS KEY																			
								A.	NOW	LIK	) KE	<i>i</i> 1								
Que.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Ans.	2	4	2	4	3	2	3	3	3	4	2	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	1
Que.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Ans.	3	2	1	2	2	3	4	3	4	1	4	3	4	3	4	4	3	3	4	2
Que.	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Ans.	3	3	2	3	2	3	4	3	2	4	4	3	4	2	3	2	4	2	4	4
Que.	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Ans.	1	4	2	3	4	1	4	4	3	2	1	1	4	4	4	3	4	2	4	2
Que.	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
Ans.	2	4	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	4	3	4	4	3	3	4	3	1	3	4
Que.	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
Ans.	3	4	4	3	4	3	3	2	2	4	3	4	4	3	1	2	3	3	4	2
Que.	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
Ans.	3	3	3	1	2	2	2	4	1	3	2	4	3	3	1	1	4	3	1	3
Que.	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
Ans.	1	3	1	2	3	2	3	4	4	3	4	3	3	3	4	2	3	4	3	3
Que.	161	162	163	164																
Ans.	3	4	4	3																