



Sample Paper

English Language & Literature

READING

I. Read the passage given below.

- I. On the last Sunday of November, among the ruins of the Phra Prang Sam Yot temple in Lopburi, Thailand, a bountiful banquet awaits the guests of honour, none of whom are humans. This feast is held in celebration of Lopburi's thousands of macaques, thought to bring good luck to the area and its people.
- II. Located 93 miles away from Bangkok, archaeological evidence confirms that Lopburi has been continuously inhabited for at least 3,000 years—this makes it one of the oldest and most historic cities in Thailand. Due to a millennia-worth of human habitation, the city boasts countless ancient sites dating from a variety of civilisations and dynasties.
- III. From what began in 1989 by hotelier Yongyuth Kitwattananusont, the Monkey Buffet Festival was launched with the help of the Tourism Authority of Thailand. Over the years, the festival has expanded to include a large number of primates. In turn, it has seen an increase in the number of visitors who attend this unique event.
- IV. In the week leading up to the festival, locals pass out “invitations” to the monkeys with cashews attached to them as a small incentive. But, Lopburi's residents don't stop there when it comes to rolling out the red carpet for their furry neighbours.
- V. The Monkey Buffet Festival kicks off with an opening ceremony that includes performances by dancers in monkey costumes. When the monkeys arrive, hosts remove sheets from the banquet tables, revealing decorative spreads of vibrantly hued fruits and vegetables. The macaques jump across tables and climb towering pyramids of watermelon, durian, lettuce, pineapple and more, indulging in the nearly two tons of offerings.
- VI. Respect for monkeys traces back at least 2,000 years to the epic tale of Rama, a divine prince, and his struggle to rescue his wife, Sita, from the clutches of a demon lord. According to the tale, the monkey king Hanuman and his army helped rescue Sita. Since that time, monkeys have been appreciated as a sign of good luck and prosperity. Lopburi's annual buffet is one way people mark their appreciation.

(Source: www.ripleys.com)

Based on your understanding of the passage answer any eight out of the ten questions by choosing the correct option.

- Q. 1** The monkey buffest festival is celebrated to:
- A. calm down the macaques.
 - B. pet the macaques.
 - C. mark good luck to the people through monkeys.
 - D. conserve the macaques.

Q. 2 Select the option that suitably completes the dialogue with reference to paragraph II.

Joe: Lopburi's tradition of annual monkey feast is both weird and fascinating! I wonder if the city has anything else to offer.

Noel: Being one of the oldest cities in Thailand, Lopburi

- A. shows an immense respect to the macaques.
- B. throws a lavish banquet solely for the primates.
- C. is inhabited by people who are immensely proud of their culture.
- D. has been the site of ancient civilizations and dynasties.

Q. 3 Choose the option that best conveys the message in –'rolling out the red carpet.'

- A. Preparing for an award ceremony.
- B. Preparing for a religious sacrifice.
- C. Welcoming the guests with full fervor.
- D. Draping the venue in red fabrics.

Q. 4 The traditional monkey buffet festival holds relevance from:

- A. a 2000-year-old epic tale of Lord Rama
- B. the episode when Rama rescued Sita with the help of King Hanuman
- C. the episode when King Hanuman had rescued Sita from the demon God
- D. the episode of offering food to the monkey in epictales

Q. 5 Select the option with the underlined words that can suitably replace *indulging* (paragraph V).

- A. We saw the lions feasting upon their prey during our safari tour.
- B. There have been many crimes involving animal poaching for past few years.
- C. It was so satisfying to see justice finally being served.
- D. He thinks his jokes are not offensive when it is far from the truth.

Q. 6 Anthropomorphism is a type of personification that gives human characteristics to non-humans or objects, especially animals.

From the options given below, select an anthropomorphism that appears in the para IV.

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| A. Lopburi's residents | B. furry neighbours |
| C. locals | D. monkeys |

Q. 7 Choose the option that CORRECTLY states the two aspects related to appreciation in the passage.

- (1) Appreciation of humans by animals with a festival.
- (2) Appreciation of animals by inviting them to a feast.
- (3) Appreciation of primitive humans by the modern humans.
- (4) Appreciating the macaques through a feast to bring good luck and fortune.
- (5) Appreciation of the macaques by giving them bananas.

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| A. (1) and (4) | B. (2) and (3) |
| C. (2) and (4) | D. (3) and (5) |

Q. 8 The Monkey Buffet Festival owes its commencement to:

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| A. the locals | B. the earlier kings |
| C. Hotelier Yongyuth Kitwattananusont | D. the monkey tamers |

Q. 9 The residents of Lopburi make the buffet special by:

- A. arranging the food in pyramids B. arranging the food in a decorative spread
C. attaching cashew to the invitation D. both (A) and (B)

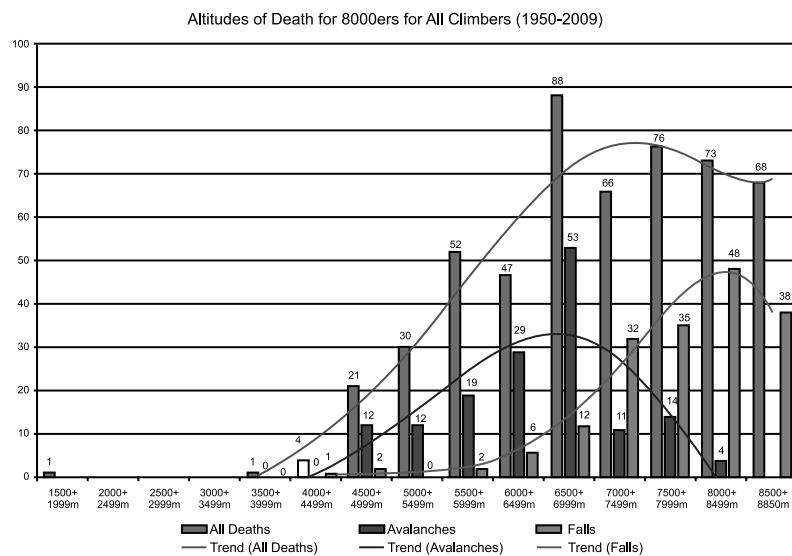
Q. 10 Choose the option that lists the quote best expressing the central idea of the passage.

- (1) "Appreciation is the highest form of prayer, for it acknowledges the presence of good wherever you shine the light of your thankful thoughts." — *Alan Cohen*
(2) "Be thankful for what you have and you'll end up having more." — *Oprah Winfrey*
(3) "You won't be happy with more until you're happy with what you've got." — *Viki King*
(4) "We should all be thankful for those people who rekindle the inner spirit."

— *Albert Schweitzer*

- A. option (1) B. option (2)
C. option (3) D. option (4)

II. Read the passage given below.



- I. High-altitude climbing is still a very dangerous task in spite of the availability of oxygen masks and other protective equipment, which modern climbers take with them. These, of course, are indispensable accessories of climbing, but more important than these is the stamina of the climber, which ultimately determines the success of his attempt. Throughout his journey, death is his constant companion, which he can keep at a distance only with his superb presence of mind.
- II. He has to tread every inch of the ground with utmost care, for a false step may not only strike him a fatal blow, but also bring disaster to the whole expedition. That is why all expeditions invariably take with them local guides who are experienced climbers and who have a thorough knowledge of the nature of the terrain. Moreover, a huge amount of capital is needed for financing these expeditions, and this is generally provided by governments or rich private organisations.
- III. The primary object of a mountaineering expedition is to get to the top of a high mountain, which, in the past has withstood all attempts to conquer it. But it should not be presumed that the expedition is a complete failure if it does not reach its destination. Sometimes operations

are temporarily suspended because of bad weather, loss of some valuable equipment or the sudden death of a very important member of the party.

- IV. Every big expedition takes with it men who are interested in botany, biology, geology and various other branches of science, and these men carry with them equipment for recording their observations concerning the weather, the terrain, and different forms of life in higher altitudes. Other scientists, explorers and expeditionists utilise the fruits of their observations. Thus, every unsuccessful expedition contributes to the success of later expeditions.
- V. The British Expedition led by Colonel Hunt would have found their way to Everest much more difficult had not earlier expeditions armed them with useful knowledge about the death-dealing weather which they had to encounter in the vicinity of the summit.
- VI. To ordinary people, mountaineering need not be a fearful journey in the land of snowstorms, where the brave adventurer is always face to face with death. They can scale less ambitious heights, rest their weary limbs under a quiet shelter and feast their eyes in the distant landscape. In the company of friends they can enjoy an outing near a waterfall or cross into the next valley with haversacks full of provisions dangling from their shoulders. All those who can afford to go to hill station should seek this innocent pleasure, for it can be had without any risk to life or limb. (Source: The Atlantic)

Based on your understanding of the passage answer any six out of the eight questions by choosing the correct option.

- Q. 11** The purpose of carrying equipment for recording observations during expeditions is to
Choose the correct option.
- A. make sure people don't get bored on top of the mountain.
 - B. make documentaries and upload them on the internet.
 - C. learn more about the plant diversity of that region.
 - D. ensure that the observations can prove useful for future expeditions.
- Q. 12** Choose the option that lists the CORRECT answers for the following:
- (1) These people had found their way to the Everest but not much before learning in the earlier expeditions with the death-dealing weather. Who were they?
 - (2) Some people utilize their observations for their future expeditions and they are a group of people. Who are they?
- A. (1) is a lot of travellers and (2) is a group of women achievers.
 - B. (1) is a group of scientists and (2) is a group of students.
 - C. (1) is the British expedition and (2) is a group of explorers.
 - D. (1) is a group of workers and (2) is a few local guides.
- Q. 13** Select the option that gives the correct meaning of the following statement.
"Moreover, a huge amount of capital is needed for financing these expeditions."
- A. The expeditions are a huge investment for tourism.
 - B. The expeditions are an expensive affair.
 - C. The expeditions can only be held in countries with developed capital cities.
 - D. The expeditions require a deep understanding of finance.
- Q. 14** Which of the following is one of the reasons for the temporary suspension of mountaineering expeditions?
- A. bad weather
 - B. bad company
 - C. bad coach
 - D. loss of money

Q. 15 Select the option listing what the given sentence refers to.

'Thus, every unsuccessful expedition contributes to the success of later expeditions.'

- (1) mistakes from present expedition can be a learning lesson for future.
- (2) halting an unsuccessful expedition is vital.
- (3) observations and records from past expeditions can contribute to the success of later ones.
- (4) later expeditions avoid knowing about past ones not to get demotivated.
- (5) it is vital to list all the findings so that it can prove useful for others even if it wasn't for you.

- A. (1), (2) and (3)
B. (1), (3) and (4)
C. (1), (3) and (5)
D. (2), (3) and (5)

Q. 16 Which of the following should be present in a person for going for a mountaineering expedition?

- A. love for mountains B. love for nature
C. love for the environment D. all of these

Q.17 This passage lists an example proving that High-altitude climbing

Select the correct option.

- A. is a very dangerous yet rewarding experience.
B. is a very dangerous and life-threatening sport.
C. is not something that should be encouraged to everyone.
D. is better left for local guides.

Q. 18 Choose the correct option to answer the following:

According to paragraph I, *‘Throughout his journey, death is his constant companion.’*

This is so because

- A. death is inevitable in adventure.
- B. there is always the risk of lethal accidents.
- C. expeditions expect you to sacrifice yourself for the sake of it.
- D. accidents are not that common and it are exaggerated.

GRAMMAR and WRITING

GRAMMAR

III. Answer any five out of six questions by selecting the most appropriate option for each.

Q. 19 When I last visited Lucknow, I remember clearly that there be a house here.

- A. was B. dare
C. used to D. could be

Q. 20 No other island is Australia.

- A. as big as B. bigger
C. biggest D. more big

Q. 21 Neither my mother nor my father available to attend the parents-teacher meeting.

- A. were being B. were
C. is D. have been

Q. 22 Which option displays the correct change of the following to reported speech?

The coach said, "Bravo! You have done well".

- A. The coach said that you have done well.
- B. The coach applauded him saying that he had done well.
- C. The coach told him you had done well.
- D. The coach exclaimed that he has done well.

Q. 23 Which option displays the correct change of the following to reported speech?

The lady said, "I am not very happy to be here today".

- A. The lady told that she was not very happy to be here today.
B. The lady said that she is not very happy to be here today.
C. The lady said that she was not very happy to be there that day.
D. The lady said that she was not very happy to be there today.

Q. 24 When he joined the army, Col. Anthony already the team since a decade.

- A. had, lead B. have, been leading
C. will, been leading D. had, been leading

WRITING

IV. Answer any five out of six questions given, with reference to the context below.

You happened to take part in a blood donation camp organized by Health Club of your school in Lucknow. You are surprised to find that most of the people there have no awareness of importance of the noble cause of blood donation. Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper expressing your concern and encouraging youngsters to organize such campaigns.

Q. 25 Which of the following should be a part of the letter?

- A. Name of your school
B. Name of the city's mayor
C. Benefits of blood donation
D. Both A and C

Q.26 How do you think that letter is most appropriately addressed?

- A. Dear Editor
B. To, The Editor
C. To, Dear Editor
D. Editor Sir

Q. 27 Choose the appropriate subject for the letter.

- Creating awareness for blood donation.
- Benefits of blood donation.
- Need to encourage blood donation and health camps in the city.
- Responsibilities of youngsters towards blood donation.

Q.28 Which of the following group can be exempted from the letter?

A.	History of blood donation, process of blood formation, government subsidies	B.	Simple ways to organize blood donation camp, benefits of the act, encouraging youngsters' active participation
C.	Blood donation at community level, health benefits, similar campaigns	D.	Assistance from several health groups, society awareness, healthy habits

A.	History of blood donation, process of blood formation, government subsidies	B.	Simple ways to organize blood donation camp, benefits of the act, encouraging youngsters' active participation
C.	Blood donation at community level, health benefits, similar campaigns	D.	Assistance from several health groups, society awareness, healthy habits

Q. 29 Select the option that justifies the choice of introducing this letter.

- (1) *Through the esteemed column of your newspaper, I would like to draw the attention of the residents of Lucknow towards a noble act.*
- (2) *Being a responsible citizen of this country, I believe the initiative that I would like to highlight through this letter shall help the masses.*
- A. Yes to (1) because of the polite tone.
- B. Yes to (2) because of the formal and hopeful tone.
- C. No to (2) because of lengthy and informal tone.
- D. Yes to both (1) and (2).

Q. 30 Complete the conclusion of the letter by choosing the appropriate option.

To conclude, I would like to appeal to the youngsters that they are the future of the country and shall play (i) The significant responsibility of its health, happiness and progress lies on their (ii) They should therefore carry out such initiatives for the benefits of one and all.

- A. (i) an important role in their individual health (ii) hardworking hands
- B. (i) an important role in science and technology (ii) strong brains
- C. (i) an important role in its security (ii) marksheet and academics
- D. (i) a pivotal role in its development (ii) strong shoulders

LITERATURE

This section has sub-sections-V, VI, VII, VIII & IX. There are a total of 30 questions in this section. Attempt any 26 questions from the sub-sections V to IX.

V. Read the given extract to attempt the questions that follow:

It was during the meal that, just as Lencho had predicted, big drops of rain began to fall. In the north-east huge mountains of clouds could be seen approaching. The air was fresh and sweet. The man went out for no other reason than to have the pleasure of feeling the rain on his body, and when he returned he exclaimed, “these aren’t raindrops falling from the sky, they are new coins. The big drops are ten cent pieces and the little ones are fives.”

(A Letter to God)

Q. 31 When exactly did it start raining?

- A. When Lencho and his family were sleeping.
- B. When Lencho and his family were having supper.
- C. When Lencho and his children were in the field.
- D. When Lencho’s wife was preparing supper.

Q. 32 How was the atmosphere referred to in the above extract?

- A. New and savoury B. Dull and sweet
- C. Fresh and sweet D. Fresh and savoury

Q. 33 Lencho compares to raindrops.

- A. Flakes of snow B. coins
- C. hailstones D. satisfaction

Q. 34 When Lencho said *"These aren't raindrops falling from the sky"*, He meant that they are.....

- A. flakes of snow.
- B. money.
- C. hailstones.
- D. source of enjoyment for him.

Q. 35 Select the suitable word to complete the following:

strong: hefty: foretell:

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| A. exclaimed | B. predicted |
| C. engulfed | D. enclosed |

VI. Read the given extract to attempt the questions that follow.

Usually, Wanda sat in the seat next to the last seat in the last row in Room Thirteen. She sat in the corner of the room where the rough boys who did not make good marks sat, the corner of the room where there was most scuffling of feet, most roars of laughter when anything funny was said, and most mud and dirt on the floor. Wanda did not sit there because she was rough and noisy. On the contrary, she was very quiet and rarely said anything at all. And nobody had ever heard her laugh out loud. Sometimes she twisted her mouth into a crooked sort of smile, but that was all.

(The Hundred Dresses I)

Q. 36 What character of Wanda does the narrator want to depict?

'On the contrary, she was very quiet and rarely said anything at all. And nobody had ever heard her laugh out loud'.

- (1) Wanda wanted to have no friends
- (2) Wanda was a proud girl.
- (3) Wanda was rough and noisy.
- (4) Wanda was calm and serene.
- (5) Wanda was an impaired person.

Choose the correct option from the following.

- | | |
|----------------|---------------------|
| A. (1) and (5) | B. (1), (3) and (4) |
| C. Only 4 | D. Only 5 |

Q. 37 Select the most appropriate option based on (1) and (2).

- (1) Nobody had ever heard her laugh out loud.
- (2) Wanda was very noisy and rough.

- A. (2) is true and (1) is false.
- B. (2) is the result for (1).
- C. (2) is the cause for (1).
- D. (2) is false and (1) is true

Q. 38 Why would Wanda sit in the corner of the room?

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| A. She was mischievous. | B. Everyone made fun of her. |
| C. She was very rich. | D. She was shaggy. |

Q. 39 Select the option that displays an example of a *crooked smile*.

The art gallery was full of paintings such as.....

A.	A beautiful girl with a crooked nose dancing in the rain.
----	---

B.	A beggar with an uneven smile which was bigger on one side than the other counting money.
----	---

C.	An artistic view of the trekkers climbing a peak.
----	---

D.	A differently abled man painting with his toes.
----	---

Q. 40 What can we conclude about Wanda from the following lines?

Wanda did not sit there because she was rough and noisy. On the contrary, she was very quiet and rarely said anything at all.

- A. She is good for nothing.
- B. She does not want to be noticed.
- C. She is impaired.
- D. She is a prankster.

VII. Read the given extract to attempt the questions that follow:

He should be snarling around houses

At the jungle's edge,

Baring his white fangs, his claws,

Terrorising the village!

But he's locked in a concrete cell

His strength behind bars,

Stalking the length of his cage,

Ignoring visitors

(*A Tiger in the Zoo*)

Q. 41 What does the poet expect a wild free tiger to do?

- A. Snarl and sneak down into houses.
- B. Snarl around houses.
- C. Snarl and enter into the village houses.
- D. Snarl atop village houses.

Q. 42 What does the poet speak about the caged tiger if given freedom, according to the extract?

- (1) The tiger would be fending for himself.
- (2) Actively roaming around.
- (3) It would be showing off its strength.
- (4) It would be dependent.
- (5) It would not be harmful.

A. (1), (2) and (3)

B. (2) and (4)

C. Only (1)

D. (3) and (5)

Q. 43 What does the poet mean by 'in a concrete cell'?

This means that the tiger is:

A. resigned to the cell

B. he is strong

C. he is defensive

D. he is dependent.

- Q. 46** Mr. Harriot asked Mrs. Pumphrey to cut down on regarding Tricki's diet.
- A. malt B. cod-liver oil
C. milk D. sweet things
- Q. 47** What was Mrs. Pumphrey trying to explain to Mr. Harriot?
- A. She was trying to explain her health issues with Mr. Harriot.
B. She was trying to explain the diet of her pet dog Tricki, to Mr. Harriot.
C. She was trying to discuss the health condition of her pet dog Tricki, to Mr. Harriot.
D. She was telling Mr. Harriot of how she was controlling her pet dog Tricki's diet.
- Q. 48** Select the option listing Mrs. Pumphrey's characteristics, as revealed in the extract.
- (1) compassionate
(2) stern
(3) strict
(4) empathetic
(5) uncaring
- A. 2 and 3 B. Only 5
C. 1 and 4 D. 1 and 3
- Q. 49** Select the most appropriate option based on (1) and (2).
- (1) He was so listless, he seemed to have extra energy.
(2) I have been giving him some little extras between meals to build him up, some malt and cod-liver oil and a bowl of Horlicks at night to make him sleep.
- A. (2) is true and (1) is false.
B. (2) is the result for (1).
C. (2) is the cause for (1).
D. (2) is false and (1) is true.
- Q. 50** The phrase *I did for a bit* suggests that Mrs. Pumphrey tried to.....
- A. cut down on it for some time. B. continue with it for some time.
C. ignore it for some time. D. stop it for some time.

IX. Attempt the following.

- Q. 51** From Lencho's house, one could see the river and the
- A. field of ripe wheat with flowers.
 - B. field of ripe corn with flowers.
 - C. field of blooming sunflowers.
 - D. field of rice and grains.
- Q. 52** In the poem 'The Ball Poem', what happens to the boy as he loses his ball?
- A. Becomes sad and gloomy.
 - B. Gets excited as he'll get a new ball.
 - C. Starts looking for it with desperate eyes.
 - D. Took his way to the pond to get back the ball.
- Q. 53** The Seagull gave the young Seagull a piece of
- A. mother, meat
 - B. brother, meat
 - C. mother, fish
 - D. father, bread
- Q. 54** How is Wanda seen as different by the other girls?
- A. Because of her nature
 - B. Because of her tasks
 - C. Because of her origin and dress
 - D. None of the Above
- Q. 55** With reference to the poem *Dust of Snow*, complete the phrase with a suitable choice:
The way a
..... down on me
- A. crow, threw
 - B. parrot, threw
 - C. crow, shook
 - D. eagle, shook
- Q. 56** Mandela refers to the oppressor also as a prisoner because:
He is a
- A. Prisoner of Hatred, locked behind bars of prejudice and narrow mindedness.
 - B. Prisoner of Greed, locked behind bars of prejudice and fickle mindedness.
 - C. Prisoner of Anger, locked behind bars of jealousy and animosity
 - D. Prisoner of Envy, locked behind bars of selfishness and narrow mindedness
- Q. 57** In the poem *A Tiger in the Zoo*, the tiger raised his head at night to look onto:
- A. the patrolling cars.
 - B. the clouds.
 - C. the stars.
 - D. the other animals of the zoo.
- Q. 58** After setting the landlord's house on fire, Griffin became:
- A. homeless wanderer clad in royal clothes.
 - B. world's 1st scientist having performed the rarest experiment with success.

C. homeless invisible wanderer, without clothes, without money.

D. the richest scientist with all luxuries of the world.

Q. 59 Starting with the introduction, Anil further discussed which topic with Hari Singh?

A. The skilled cricketers who were going to be the part of the T20 tournament.

B. The workers working for him at the Jumna Sweet Shop

C. The students whom he had taught and how they turned to be a big name today.

D. The well-oiled wrestlers who were grunting, lifting and throwing each other about.

Q. 60 Mrs. Pumphrey called Mr. Herriot to tell him about Tricki's illness. What ailments did she mention?

A. Tricki would eat nothing, refused even his favourite dishes and had bouts of vomiting.

B. Tricki would eat nothing but his favourite dishes and sleep all day.

C. Tricki refused to eat his favourite dishes and played with other dogs.

D. Tricki had bouts of vomiting but still kept eating without break.



Answers

Sample Paper

1. C. mark good luck to the people through monkeys.
2. D. has been the site of ancient civilizations and dynasties.
3. C. Welcoming the guests with full fervor.
4. A. a 2000-year-old epic tale of Lord Rama
5. A. We saw the lions feasting upon their prey during our safari tour.
6. B. furry neighbours
7. C. 2 and 4
8. C. Hotelier Yongyuth Kitwattananusont
9. D. both (A) and (B)
10. A. option 1
11. D. ensure that the observations can prove useful for future expeditions.
12. C. (1) is the British expedition and (2) is a group of explorers.
13. B. The expeditions are an expensive affair.
14. A. bad weather
15. C. (1), (3) and (5)
16. D. all of these
17. A. is a very dangerous yet rewarding experience.
18. B. there is always the risk of lethal accidents.
19. C. used to

20. A. as big as
21. B. were
22. B. The coach applauded him saying that he had done well.
23. C. The lady said that she was not very happy to be there that day.
24. D. had, been leading
25. D. Both A and C
26. B. To, The Editor
27. C. Need to encourage blood donation and health camps in the city.
- 28.

A.	History of blood donation, process of blood formation, government subsidies
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29. D. Yes to both (1) and (2).
30. D. (i) a pivotal role in its development (ii) strong shoulders
31. B. When Lencho and his family were having supper.
32. C. Fresh and sweet
33. B. coins
34. D. source of enjoyment for him.
35. B. predicted
36. C. Only 4
37. D. (2) is false and (1) is true
38. B. Everyone made fun of her.
- 39.

B.	A beggar with an uneven smile which was bigger on one side than the other counting money.
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40. B. She does not want to be noticed.
41. B. Snarl around houses.
42. A. (1), (2) and (3)
43. A. resigned to the cell
44. A. Terrorize the villagers.
45. C. The miserable life of the animals in a zoo.
46. D. sweet things
47. C. She was trying to discuss the health condition of her pet dog Tricki to Mr. Harriot.
48. C. 1 and 4
49. A. (2) is true and (1) is false.
50. A. cut down on it for some time.
51. B. field of ripe corn with flowers
52. C. Starts looking for it with desperate eyes.

- 53. C. mother, fish
- 54. C. Because of her origin and dress.
- 55. C. crow, shook
- 56. A. Prisoner of Hatred, locked behind bars of prejudice and narrow mindedness.
- 57. C. the stars.
- 58. C. homeless invisible wanderer, without clothes, without money.
- 59. D. The well-oiled wrestlers who were grunting, lifting and throwing each other about.
- 60. A. Tricki would eat nothing, refused even his favourite dishes and had bouts of vomiting.