

CLASS TEST

PHYSICS

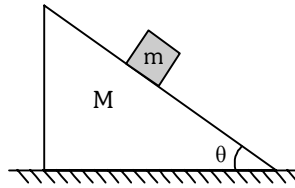
CLASS TEST # 17

SECTION-I

Single Correct Answer Type

7 Q. [Marks 3 (–1)]

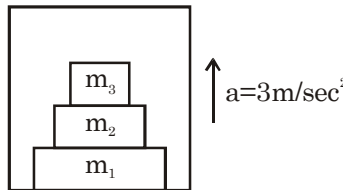
1. A block of mass m slides down on a wedge of mass M as shown in figure. Let $\vec{a}_1$ be the acceleration of the wedge and $\vec{a}_2$ the acceleration of block w.r.t. ground. N_1 is the normal reaction between block and wedge and N_2 the normal reaction between wedge and ground. Friction is absent everywhere. Select the incorrect alternative



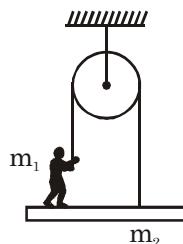
- (A) $N_2 < (M + m)g$ (B) $N_1 = m(g \cos\theta - |\vec{a}_1| \sin\theta)$
 (C) $N_1 \sin\theta = M|\vec{a}_1|$ (D) $m\vec{a}_2 = -M\vec{a}_1$
2. Three blocks are connected by strings and pulled by a force $F = 60 \text{ N}$ as shown in figure. If $m_A = 10 \text{ kg}$, $m_B = 20 \text{ kg}$ and $m_C = 30 \text{ kg}$, then



- (A) Acceleration of the system is 2 m/s^2 (B) Acceleration of the system is 5 m/s^2
 (C) $T_1 = 10 \text{ N}$ & $T_2 = 30 \text{ N}$ (D) $T_1 = 20 \text{ N}$ & $T_2 = 40 \text{ N}$
3. A lift is moving with acceleration 3 m/sec^2 . Three masses are put as shown in figure. Find the normal contact force exerted by floor of lift on mass m_1 . ($m_1 = 5 \text{ kg}$, $m_2 = 3 \text{ kg}$ and $m_3 = 1 \text{ kg}$)

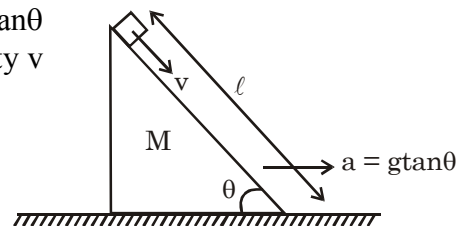


- (A) 116 N (B) 117 N (C) 52 N (D) 13 N
4. A man of mass m_1 holding one end of a massless inextensible string that passes over the smooth pulley, is accelerating up while standing on a platform of mass m_2 . Find the force applied by the man on the platform, if it moves up with an upward acceleration 'a'.

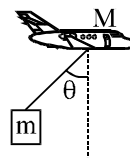


- (A) $m_1 g$ (B) $m_1(g + a)$ (C) $\frac{(m_1 - m_2)}{2} g$ (D) $\frac{m_1 - m_2}{2} (g + a)$

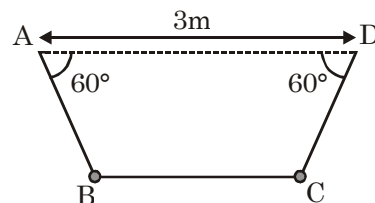
5. A smooth wedge of mass M is pushed with an acceleration $a = g \tan \theta$ and a block of mass m is projected down the slant with a velocity v relative to the wedge. The most **CORRECT** statement is :



- (A) The time taken by the block to reach the ground is $\frac{l}{v}$.
 (B) The normal reaction between wedge and block is $mg \sec \theta$.
 (C) The normal reaction offered by ground to the wedge is $(M + m)g$.
 (D) All of the above.
6. A helicopter of mass M is carrying a box of mass m at the end of a rope and is moving horizontally with constant acceleration 'a'. The acceleration due to gravity is 'g'. Neglect air resistance. The rope is stretched out from the helicopter at a constant angle θ to the vertical. What is this angle?



- (A) $\sin \theta = a/g$ (B) $\cos \theta = a/g$
 (C) $\tan \theta = a/g$ (D) $\sin \theta = ma/(Mg)$
7. ABCD is an elastic string of natural length 3 m and particles of equal mass are attached to the unstretched string at points B and C where $AB = BC = CD$. The ends A and D are then attached to two points on the same horizontal level and 3 m apart. The particles hang in equilibrium so that the string sections AB and CD are each at 60° to the horizontal. Force constant of the string is 50 N/m.

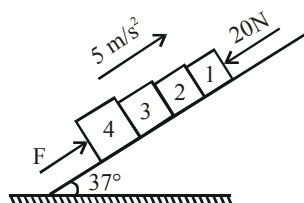


- (A) Extension in AB is $\frac{2}{3}m$
 (B) Extension in BC is $\frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}}m$
 (C) Extension in AB is equal to extension in BC.
 (D) Mass of each particle is 5kg.

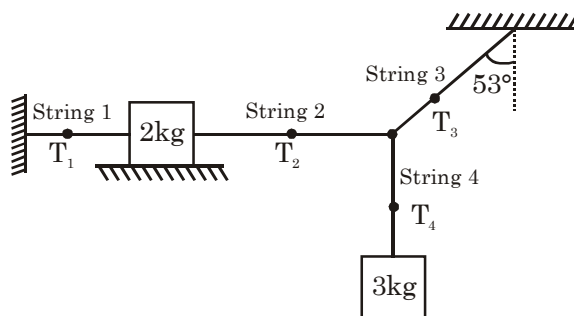
Multiple Correct Answer Type

5 Q. [4 M (-2)]

8. Four block system having masses 1kg, 2kg, 3kg & 4 kg respectively are placed on smooth inclined plane and all blocks are moving upward with acceleration 5 m/s^2 . If net force action on 1kg, 2kg, 3kg & 4 kg blocks are F_1 , F_2 , F_3 & F_4 respectively then :-

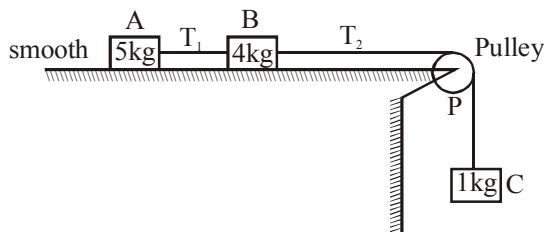


- (A) $F_1 = 5 \text{ N}$ (B) $F_2 = 10 \text{ N}$ (C) $F_3 = 15 \text{ N}$ (D) $F_4 = 20 \text{ N}$
9. A system of two blocks are connected by the strings as shown in figure. All strings are inextensible and massless and surface is smooth.

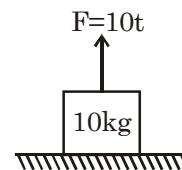


- (A) $T_1 = 40 \text{ N}$ (B) $T_2 = 40 \text{ N}$ (C) $T_3 = 50 \text{ N}$ (D) $T_4 = 30 \text{ N}$

10. Shown system is released at $t = 0$. Select correct statement(s) about subsequent motion of blocks. Here strings are massless and pulley is frictionless & massless. [$g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$]

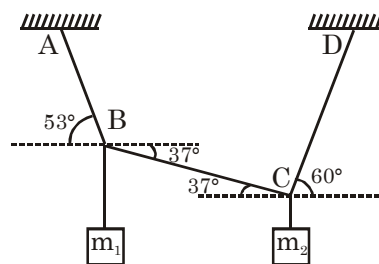


- (A) Acceleration of A is equal to 1 m/s^2 (B) Tension $T_1 = 5\text{N}$
 (C) Tension $T_2 = 9\text{N}$ (D) Clamp force on pulley is 9N .
11. A block of $m = 10 \text{ kg}$ is kept on ground. A vertically upward force $F = (10t)\text{N}$, where t is the time in seconds starts acting on it at $t = 0$ as shown in figure.



- (A) Time at which block loose contact from the surface is 10 sec .
 (B) Velocity of block at $t = 20 \text{ sec}$ is 50 m/s .
 (C) Velocity of block at $t = 20 \text{ sec}$ is 200 m/s .
 (D) Displacement of block in 20 sec is $\frac{500}{3} \text{ m}$.

12. For the diagram shown below, $m_1 = 10 \text{ kg}$ then :



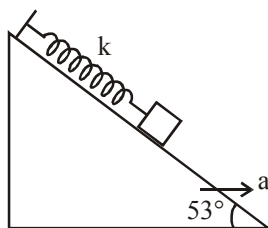
- (A) Tension in string AB is $\frac{2000}{7} \text{ N}$
 (B) Tension in string BC is 1500 N
 (C) Tension in string CD is $\frac{2400}{7} \text{ N}$
 (D) Tension in string CD is 4800 N

Linked Comprehension Type (Single Correct Answer Type)

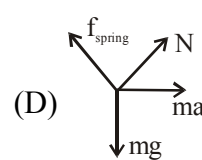
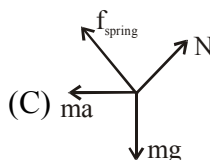
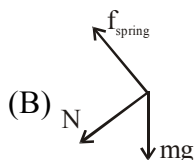
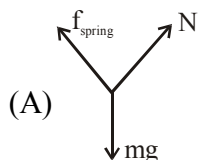
(1 Para $\times$ 2 Q.) [Marks 3 (0)]

Paragraph for Question No 13 and 14

A block of mass m connected to a spring on a wedge as shown in figure. Wedge is accelerated towards right.



13. Which of the following free body diagram is **CORRECT** w.r.t wedge :-



14. Which of the following statement is **CORRECT**

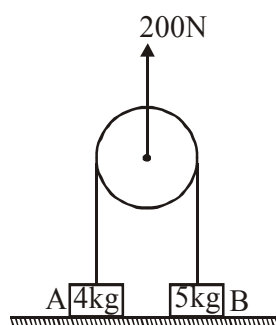
- (A) If $a = g$ spring will be compressed.
 (B) If $a = \frac{4g}{3}$ spring will be in natural length
 (C) Normal reaction between block and wedge reduces as acceleration of wedge is increased.
 (D) None

SECTION-III

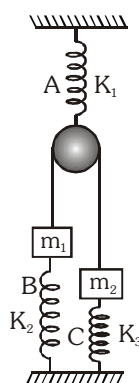
Numerical Grid Type (Ranging from 0 to 9)

3 Q. [4 M (0)]

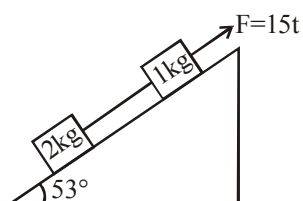
1. Two blocks of masses 4 kg and 5 kg are at rest on the ground. The masses are connected by a massless string passing over a smooth and light pulley. A 200 N force is applied on the pulley. Find the difference in accelerations of blocks in m/s^2 .



2. The system shown in figure is in equilibrium. Masses m_1 and m_2 are 2 kg and 2.5 kg respectively. Spring constants K_1 , K_2 and K_3 are 200 Nm^{-1} , 1000 Nm^{-1} & 500 Nm^{-1} respectively. If the elongation in spring A is 20 cm and the compression in spring C is 1 cm then find out the elongation in spring B in cm.



3. In the given figure the maximum value of tension in the string connecting blocks of 1 kg and 2 kg is 50 N. A force varying with time $F = 15t$ is applied on the 1 kg block as shown. The time (in sec) at which the string breaks is :



SECTION-I

Single Correct Answer Type

7 Q. [Marks 3 (–1)]

1. Ans. (D)

2. Ans. (C)

3. Ans. (B)

4. Ans. (D)

5. Ans. (D)

6. Ans. (C)

7. Ans. (A)

Multiple Correct Answer Type

5 Q. [4 M (–2)]

8. Ans. (A,B,C,D)

9. Ans. (A,B,C,D)

10. Ans. (A,B,C)

11. Ans. (A,B,D)

12. Ans. (A,C)

Linked Comprehension Type

(1 Para × 2 Q.) [Marks 3 (0)]

(Single Correct Answer Type)

13. Ans. (C)

14. Ans. (B)

SECTION-III

Numerical Grid Type (Ranging from 0 to 9)

3 Q. [4 M (0)]

1. Ans. 5

2. Ans. 0

3. Ans. 5