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Discrete Time System



Multiple Choice Questions

- Q.1 Which one of the systems described by the following input-output relations is time invariant?
 - (a) y(n) = n x(n)
- (b) y(n) = x(n) x(n-1)
- (c) y(n) = x(-n)
- (d) $y(n) = x(n) \cos 2\pi f_0 n$

[ESE-2002]

Q.2 To which one of the following difference equations, the impulse response

$$h(n) = \delta(n+2) - \delta(n-2)$$
 corresponds?

- (a) y(n+2) = x(n) x(n-2)
- (b) y(n-2) = x(n) x(n-4)
- (c) y(n) = x(n+2) + x(n-2)
- (d) y(n) = -x(n+2) + x(n-2) [ESE-2004]
- Q.3 x[n] is defined as

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } n < -2 \text{ or } n > 4 \\ 1, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Determine the value of n for which x[-n-2] is guaranteed to be zero.

- (a) n < 1 and n > 7 (b) n < -4 and n > 2
- (c) n < -6 and n > 0 (d) n < -2 and n > 4

[ESE-2006]

- **Q.4** A signal represented by $x(t) = 5 \cos 400\pi t$ is sampled at a rate 300 samples/s. The resulting samples are passed through an ideal low pass filter of cut-off frequency 150 Hz. Which of the following will be contained in the output of the LPF?
 - (a) 100 Hz
 - (b) 100 Hz, 150 Hz
 - (c) 50 Hz, 100 Hz
 - (d) 50 Hz, 100 Hz, 150 Hz

[ESE-2005]

Q.5 The impulse response h[n] of a linear time invariant system is given by

h[n] = u[n+3] + u[n-3] - 2u[n-7], the above system is

- (a) stable but not causal
- (b) stable and causal
- (c) causal but unstable
- (d) unstable and not causal
- **Q.6** The convolution x(n) of two signals.

$$x_1(n) = \{1, -2, 1\} \text{ and } x_2(n) = \begin{cases} 1 : 0 \le n \le 5 \\ 0 : \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\uparrow$$
(a) $x(n) = \{1, -1, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1, 1\}$

(b)
$$x(n) = \{1, -1, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1, 1\}$$

(c)
$$x(n) = \{1, -1, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1, 1\}$$

- (d) None of these
- Q.7 Consider the sequence

$$x[n] = [-4 - j5, 1 + j2, 4]$$

the conjugate anti-symmetric part of the sequence is

- (b) [− *j*2.5, 1, *j*2.5] ↑
- (c) [− *j*5, *j*2, 0] `
 ↑
- (d) [-4, 1, 4]

Q.8 A discrete time signal is given below

$$x[n] = \cos \frac{\pi n}{9} + \sin \left(\frac{\pi n}{7} + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$
 the period of the signal is

- (a) Periodic with period N = 126
- (b) Periodic with period N = 32
- (c) Periodic with period N = 252
- (d) Not periodic
- Q.9 x[n] and h[n] are $\{1, -2, 3\}$ and $\{0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1\}$

respectively. The convolution y[n] = x[n] * h[n]

- (b) {0, 0, 3}
- (c) {0, 0, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1}
- (d) {0, 0, 1, -1, 2, 2, 1, 3}
- Q.10 Statement 1: $x[n] = \cos\left[\frac{1}{4}n\right]$ is non periodic.

Statement 2:
$$x(t) = e^{j\left[\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)t-1\right]}$$
 is periodic

Choose correct option:

- (a) Both statement are true.
- (b) Statement 1 is false, but statement 2 is true
- (c) Statement 1 is true, but statement 2 is false
- (d) Both statements are false.
- Q.11 Consider:
 - 1. y[n] = x[2-n] is non-causal
 - 2. $y[n] = x[n] \cos \omega_0 n$ is causal
 - 3. $y[n] = \operatorname{sgn}[x[n]]$ is non-causal

Which of the above is false?

- (a) only 1
- (b) only 2
- (c) only 3
- (d) None
- Q.12 Given the finite length input x[n] and the corresponding finite length output y[n] of an LTI system as shown below, the impulse response h[n] of the system is

$$x[n] = \{1, -1\}$$

$$h[n]$$

$$y[n] = \{1, 0, 0, 0, -1\}$$

- (a) $h[n] = \{1, 0, 0, 1\}$
- (b) $h[n] = \{1, 0, 1\}$
- (c) $h[n] = \{1, 1, 1, 1\}$
- (d) $h[n] = \{1, 1, 1\}$ [GATE-2010]
- Q.13 A discrete time linear shift-invariant system has an impulse response h[n] with h[0] = 1, h[1] = -1, h[2] = 2, and zero otherwise. The system is given an input sequence x[n] with x[0] = x[2] = 1and zero otherwise. The number of nonzero samples in the output sequence y[n], and the value of v[2] are, respectively
 - (a) 5, 2
- (b) 6, 2 (d) 5, 3
- (c) 6, 1

[GATE-2008]

- Q.14 Two discrete time systems with impulse responses $h_1[n] = \delta[n-1]$ and $h_2[n] = \delta[n-2]$ are connected in cascade. The overall impulse response of the cascaded system is
 - (a) $\delta[n-1] + \delta[n-2]$ (b) $\delta[n-4]$
 - (c) $\delta[n-3]$
- (d) $\delta[n-1]\delta[n-2]$

[GATE-2010]

- Q.15 A signal has frequency of 2500 Hz and is sampled at the rate of 6000 Hz. What among therse should be the cut-off frequency of filter for successful recovery of just main signal?
 - (a) 2000 Hz
- (b) 1000 Hz
- (c) 3000 Hz
- (d) 6000 Hz
- Q.16 Step response of discrete time LTI system is

given as
$$S(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$$
, then the impulse

response of the system will be

- (a) 1, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, ... (b) $-1 \frac{1}{2}$, $-\frac{1}{4}$, ...
- (c) $1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, \dots$ (d) $1, 1, 1, 1, \dots$



Numerical Data Type Questions

Q.17 The lengths of two discrete time sequence $x_1(n)$ and $x_2(n)$ are 5 and 7, respectively. The maximum length of a sequence $x_1(n) * x_2(n)$

[ESE-2005]

Q.18 A sinusoid x(t) of unknown frequency is sampled by an impulse train of period 20 ms. The resulting sample train is next applied to an ideal low-pass filter with a cut-off at 25 Hz. The filter output is seen to be a sinusoid of frequency 20 Hz. This means that x(t) has a minimum frequency of ____Hz.

[GATE-2014]

Q.19 For the signal $f(t) = 3 \sin 8\pi t + 6 \sin 12\pi t +$ $\sin 14\pi t$, the minimum sampling frequency (in Hz) satisfying the Nyquist criterion is ____.

[GATE-2014]



Try Yourself

T1. Consider the integral $y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-t} \delta(2t-1) dt$.

The value of integral is _____

[Ans: (d)]

T2. A system with input x(n) has output

$$y(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 3^k x(n-k)$$

The impusie response of system will be

- (a) $h(n) = 3^n u(n)$
- (b) $h(n) = 3^n u(n+2)$
- (c) $h(n) = 3^{n+2} u(n+2)$
- (d) $h(n) = 3^n u(n-2)$

[Ans: (a)]

Consider an LTI System with impulse response

If the system has input

$$x_1(n) = \delta(n) + \delta(n-1) + \delta(n-2)$$

then output is

$$y_1(n) = \cos n$$

If the system has input

$$x_2(n) = \delta(n-1) + \delta(n-2)$$

the output is

$$y_2(n) = \sin n$$

The impulse response of system will be

- (a) $h(n) = \cos n \sin n$
- (b) $h(n) = \cos(n) \sin(n-1)$
- (c) $h(n) = \cos n + \sin n$
- (d) $h(n) = \cos(n) + \sin(n-1)$

[Ans: (a)]

T4. A band pass filter has a bandwidth of 3 MHz and lower cut off of 2 MHz. What is the value of min sampling frequency?

V. .

[Ans: (10 MHz)]

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