Worksheet 17.1

Marks - 4

Case study based questions 10th Social Studies Popular struggles and Movements

Passage - 1

4 Marks

Nepal witnessed an extraordinary popular movement in April 2006. The movement was aimed at restoring democracy, Nepal, you might recall, was one of the 'third wave countries that had won democracy in 1990. Although the king formally remained the head of the state, the real power was exercised by popularly elected representatives. King Birendra, who has accepted this transition from absolute monarchy to constitutional monarchy, was killed in a mysterious massacre of the royal family in 2001. King Gyanendra, the new king of Nepal, was not prepared to accept democratic rule. He took advantage of the weakness and unpopularity of the democratically elected government. In February 2005, the king dismissed the then Prime Minister and dissolved the popularly elected Parliament. The movement of April 2006 was aimed at regaining popular control over the government from the king.

Q 1. When did Nepal initially won democracy?

(1) In 1950 Nepal initially won democracy.
 (2) In 1690 Nepal initially won democracy.
 (3) In 1990 Nepal initially won democracy.
 (4) In 1790 Nepal initially won democracy.

Q 2. Which King accepted this transition from absolute monarchy to constitutional monarchy?

(1) King Birendra accepted this transition from absolute monarchy to constitutional monarchy.
(2) King Ram accepted this transition from absolute monarchy to constitutional monarchy.

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(3) King Raghav accepted this transition from absolute monarchy to constitutional monarchy.
(4) King Henry accepted this transition from absolute monarchy to constitutional monarchy.

Q 3. When was the popularly elected Parliament was dissolved in Nepal?

In 2010 the popularly elected Parliament was dissolved in Nepal.
 In 2006 the popularly elected Parliament was dissolved in Nepal.
 In 2002 the popularly elected Parliament was dissolved in Nepal.
 In 2009 the popularly elected Parliament was dissolved in Nepal.

Q 4. When did Nepal witnessed an extraordinary popular movement?

Nepal witnessed an extraordinary popular movement in April 2006.
 Nepal witnessed an extraordinary popular movement in April 2012.
 Nepal witnessed an extraordinary popular movement in April 2015.
 Nepal witnessed an extraordinary popular movement in April 2020.