

Time allowed: 45 minutes

Maximum Marks: 200

*General Instructions: Same as Practice Paper-1.***I. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow by choosing the correct option.**

- (1) Politeness has been well defined as benevolence in trifles. It is the desire to put those whom we meet perfectly at their ease, and save them from every kind of petty discomfort and annoyance. The limited part of benevolence called politeness requires only an inclination to make them happy temporarily, while they are in our presence, and when this can be done without any sacrifice on our part or only with a slight sacrifice of personal comfort.
- (2) Politeness is said to be one of the important characteristics of civilised person. Politeness is the art of choosing among your thoughts. It must be implemented in every walk of life. When we deal with people elder to us we are polite. But, an honest polite person is polite with everyone, people of lower status, workers and even children. Not only with humans but also with animals we must be polite as they are our helpers.
- (3) Politeness is a skill. Like any other skill, you can master it with practice. The greatest enemy of politeness is ego. To be a polite person, you have to sacrifice your ego. It is difficult for an egoist to be polite. You have to imply politeness in your thinking, speech and actions. Actions work more than words. Polite actions will give fine results. Politeness will reduce your stress and boost you to be productive. Apart from your present benefits, you protect your future. Being polite makes you mentally healthy. In our daily life, we come across many incidents with people nearby and ourselves.
- (4) Different rules of behaviour have to be observed, accordingly as we are in the street or in the drawing-room, at home or at school, in the company of friends or of strangers. There is also to be considered the great diversity of social etiquette which distinguishes one country from another.
- (5) Politeness, besides being a duty that we owe to others, is a valuable possession for ourselves. It costs nothing, and yet may in many cases bring much profit. The great advantage of this excellence of conduct was very clearly expressed by Dr. Johnson, when he said that the difference between a well-bred and an ill-bred man is that one immediately attracts your liking, the other your dislike.

**1. Which of the following statements are NOT TRUE according to the passage?**

- A. The limited part of benevolence called roughness requires only an inclination to make them happy temporarily, while they are in our presence.
- B. To be a polite person, you have to sacrifice your ego.
- C. Politeness will increase your stress and boost you to be productive.
- D. Politeness costs nothing, and yet may in many cases, bring much profit.

(a) B and C

(b) A and C

(c) A and B

(d) B and D

**2. We should be polite to:**

- A. people of lower status
- B. workers
- D. children
- E. animals

C. people of higher status

(a) A

(b) B, C and D

(c) A and E

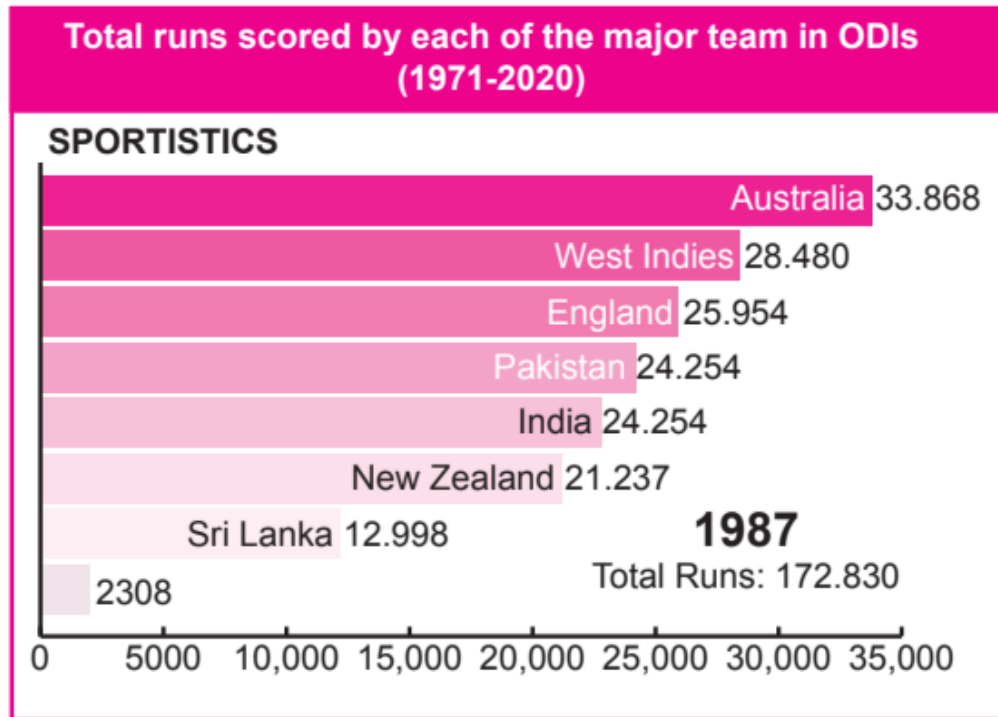
(d) A, B, C, D and E

3. Which of the following can be characterised as NOT 'egoistic' according to you and with reference to the passage?  
 A. A near-constant tendency to be self-referential.  
 B. An ability to commit to anything that doesn't serve their interests.  
 C. An exaggerated view of their inabilities.  
 D. A lack of personal accountability.  
 E. Difficulty empathizing.  
 (a) A, C (b) B, C (c) D, E (d) A, E
4. What are the benefits of being polite?  
 A. It protects your future. B. It makes you mentally healthy.  
 C. It will reduce stress and increase productivity. D. It will help in staying away from strangers.  
 (a) B and D (b) A and D (c) A, B and C (d) C and D
5. Politeness is a skill. How can a person master in it?  
 (a) With different rules (b) With practice (c) With social etiquette (d) With code of conduct
6. Which is the suitable title for the given passage?  
 (a) Politeness is an art (b) Characteristics of being polite  
 (c) Benevolence in Trifles—Politeness (d) Politeness is a duty
7. Select the sentence from the options that make the correct use of 'well-bred', as used in the passage.  
 (a) A carefully rendered coiffure also indicates a state of well-bred.  
 (b) His attitude was that of a well-bred man reluctant to discuss some family differences with a prying outsider.  
 (c) One is the sense of well-bred in society, which is virtually not existent.  
 (d) Thus, the highest idea is that of goodness; things are, only if they are good; being without well-being is naught.
8. What is the difference between a well-bred and an ill-bred man?  
 (a) One is harsh and the other is polite  
 (b) One immediately attracts your liking, the other your dislike  
 (c) One is talented and the other is attractive  
 (d) One is mentally healthy and the other one is physically healthy
9. You have to imply politeness in your:  
 A. rules B. thinking C. children D. speech E. actions  
 (a) A, B and C (b) B, D and E (c) C and D (d) B and E
10. Why is it difficult for an egoist to be polite?  
 (a) Because an egoist is impossible to change  
 (b) Because to be polite, a person has to be mentally healthy. An egoist person is not mentally healthy.  
 (c) Because politeness is a skill and an egoist person is not skilled  
 (d) Because to be polite, a person has to sacrifice his ego. And, an egoistic person can't sacrifice his ego

**II. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow by choosing the correct option.**

- (1) Cricket is a global passion, played everywhere from Test match arenas to village greens, tropical beaches and dusty back lots. Cricket is the world's second most popular spectator sport after football.
- (2) The origin of cricket is somewhere in the Dark Ages. All research concedes that the game derived from a very old, widespread and uncomplicated pastime by which one player served up an object, be it a small piece of wood or a ball, and another hit it with a suitably fashioned club. Cricket was first recorded in 16th-century England, and it was played in grammar schools, farm communities and everywhere in between. But things really took off when 18th-century nobles realised it was a great sport.
- (3) The oldest surviving set of cricket laws date from 1744 – printed on a handkerchief, naturally. It's now in the MCC Museum at Lord's in London. The oldest permanent fixture is the annual Eton v Harrow match, played since 1805. A young Lord Byron turned out for Harrow in the first match, though history doesn't record how poetic – or "mad, bad and dangerous" – his bowling was.

- (4) The first international match was in 1877 when Australia beat England in Melbourne. The match was dubbed a 'Test', since the grueling nature of playing over five days was deemed the ultimate 'test' for any side. But it was Australia's first win on English soil – in 1882 at The Oval in London – that led to matches between the two nations being christened the Ashes. Following the defeat, newspapers published an obituary mourning "the death of English cricket", adding that "the body will be cremated and the ashes taken to Australia".
- (5) A One Day International (ODI) cricket is a form of limited overs, played between two teams with international status, in which each team faces a fixed number of overs, usually 50. The Cricket World Cup is played in this format. The international one-day game is a late twentieth-century development. The first ODI was played on 5th January 1971 between Australia and England at the Melbourne Cricket Ground.



11. According to the passage, how did the game of Cricket originate?
- Somewhere in the Dark Ages
  - Old, widespread and uncomplicated passions
  - By a piece of wood or a ball
  - With a suitably fashioned club
- (a) A and B                      (b) B and C                      (c) A, B and C                      (d) B, C and D
12. Where can we find the oldest set of cricket laws?
- 1877 – in Australia
  - 1744 – printed on a handkerchief
  - In the Dark Ages
  - 5th January 1971 at the Melbourne Cricket Ground
13. Which match did Lord Byron play?
- Eton V Harrow
  - Australia V England
  - Grammar School V Farm Communities
  - All of these
14. When was the first international match played?
- 1971
  - 1877
  - 1744
  - 1882
15. Which countries played the match?
- India and Australia
  - India and England
  - England and Australia
  - England and South Africa



16. Based on your reading of the passage, rearrange the following in a correct order as discussed in the passage given above.
- A. The first ODI was played on 5th January, 1971.  
B. The oldest permanent fixture is the annual Eton V Harrow match.  
C. The origin of cricket is somewhere in the Dark Ages.  
D. The first international match was in 1877.
- (a) A, B, C, D                      (b) C, B, D, A                      (c) B, C, A, D                      (d) D, C, B, A
17. Australia first won English soil in 1882 at The Oval in London – that led to matches between the two nations being christened the:
- (a) great sport                      (b) Ashes                      (c) history                      (d) dark ages
18. Which statement from the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?
- (a) The Cricket World Cup is played in a Test match format.  
(b) Cricket was first played in grammar schools, farm communities and everywhere in between.  
(c) The first international match was in Melbourne.  
(d) The international one-day game is a late twentieth-century development.
19. What is the tone of the writer when he says, “Following the defeat, newspapers published an obituary mourning ‘the death of English cricket’, adding that “the body will be cremated and the ashes taken to Australia”?
- (a) Humour                      (b) Sarcasm                      (c) Grief                      (d) Sympathy
20. Which of the following is the antonym of the word ‘deemed’?
- (a) Alleged                      (b) Estimated                      (c) Ostensible                      (d) Actual

**III. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow by choosing the correct option.**

- (1) We live in an era where it is difficult to miss fast and junk food and the rise in teenage obesity and related health issues due to it.
- (2) During teenage, weight gain is normal but when it goes beyond control, the person becomes obese. Our body requires energy to function, which is derived from the food we eat but when the intake of food becomes more than the amount that the body requires, the excess energy is stored as body fat.
- (3) Contemporary lifestyle sees an increasing consumption of junk food, and spending time watching television and playing computer games. Overeating along with lack of physical exercise are the major causes leading to teenage obesity. Large intake of high-calorie food and low-nutrient food leads to unnecessary weight gain. Besides these, obesity can also be genetically inherited where some people have the genetic tendency to burn calories more slowly compared to others. Stress is also a reason for obesity where people resort to overeating to alleviate their stress.
- (4) Teenage obesity is growing immensely and has been named an ‘obesity epidemic’. A number of health issues arise out of it like diabetes, high blood pressure and cholesterol, sleeping disorders, hormonal imbalance, and asthma. Along with these, obesity can also result in psychological problems like low self-esteem due to the constant jeering of peers. Obese teens are more prone to being teased and physically bullied compared to others of their same age.
- (5) Therefore, it is necessary to control excessive weight gain. Inactivity is the major cause of obesity and regular exercise is the best way to control it. Physical activity like jogging, swimming and playing outdoor games can help to keep one fit. A balanced diet with lots of vegetables, fruit and whole grains is also essential. Junk food and soft drinks should be substituted with lots of vegetables, fruit and whole grains in the diet. Drinking around 8-10 glasses of water also helps to reduce calorie intake.
- (6) Parents have an important role in controlling teenage obesity as they should try to set examples by following a healthy diet and leading a healthy lifestyle. A combined effort of parents and kids can help to control this eating disorder.
21. When does a teen become obese?
- (a) When they play computer games  
(b) When a teen’s weight gain goes beyond control  
(c) When they spend most of the time watching television  
(d) When they have less energy

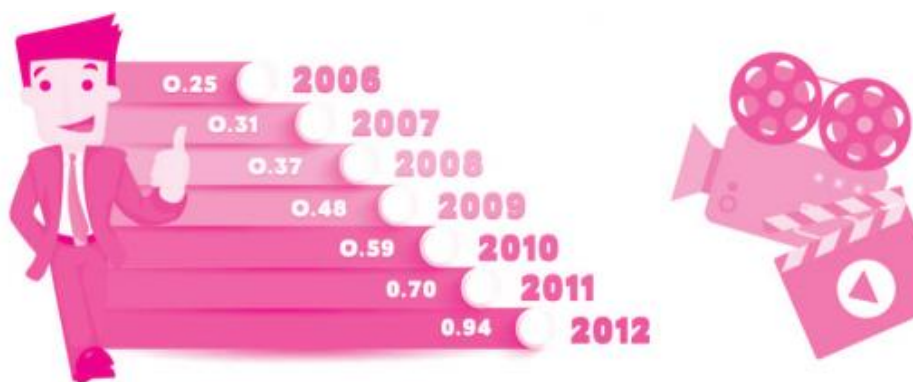
- 22. Which word from the following means the opposite of 'alleviate'?**  
 (a) Lighten (b) Assuage (c) Aggravate (d) Mitigate
- 23. Why do teens become obese?**  
 (a) Because they don't drink around 8-10 glasses of water  
 (b) Because they are not reducing calories intake  
 (c) Because of high blood pressure  
 (d) Because they overeat along with lack of physical exercise
- 24. What are the major causes of obesity?**  
**A. Large intake of high-calorie food and low-nutrient food**  
**B. High blood pressure and cholesterol**  
**C. Obesity can also be genetically inherited**  
**D. Constant jeering of peers**  
**E. Stress is also a reason for obesity**  
 (a) A and D (b) B, C and D (c) A, C and D (d) A, B and C
- 25. What are the health issues related to obesity?**  
**A. Diabetes** **B. High blood pressure** **C. Hormonal imbalance** **D. Asthma**  
**E. Pneumonia** **F. Sleeping disorders** **G. High cholesterol** **H. Influenza**  
 (a) A and D (b) B, D, F and H (c) A, B, C, D, F and G (d) A, B, C, D, E and F
- 26. Why does it affect teens psychologically?**  
 (a) Because they developed diabetes in an early age  
 (b) Because teens may likely to have low self-esteem due to the constant jeering of peers  
 (c) Because they become upset as they don't get support from their parents  
 (d) Because their hormones level fluctuates throughout their lifetime
- 27. What do you infer from 'contemporary lifestyle'?**  
 (a) Lifestyle occurring in the same age group (b) Lifestyle followed in the past  
 (c) Lifestyle occurring in the current age (d) Ordinary lifestyle
- 28. Which of the following are some simple ways to prevent obesity?**  
**A. Physical activity like jogging, swimming and playing outdoor games**  
**B. Increase intake of high-calorie food**  
**C. A balanced diet with lots of vegetables, fruit and whole grains**  
**D. Drinking around 8-10 glasses of water as it helps reduce calorie intake**  
**E. Spend more time with peers**  
 (a) B, D and E (b) A, C and D (c) C, D and F (d) A, B and C
- 29. How can parents help their kids to control eating disorder?**  
 (a) By making them do more physical exercise  
 (b) By supporting them in constant jeering of peers  
 (c) By following a healthy diet and leading a healthy lifestyle  
 (d) By continuously checking their health issues
- 30. Select the sentence that makes the correct use of the word 'inherited' as used in the passage.**  
 (a) She began her own business with the inherited which she got from her grandfather.  
 (b) Maybe they had inherited it from their mother, not his father.  
 (c) He left sizable inherited to his children.  
 (d) Thanks to his inherited from his grandfather, Arthur did not need to worry about incurring expenses.

**IV. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow by choosing the correct option.**

- (1) By generating a means of employment for people with excellent artistic abilities and incredible imagination, the animation industry is growing into a multi-crore industry with vast career prospects. The animation is the linking and the manipulation of still images to create an illusion of motion. Images, graphics, text, and audio are brought together to create a live moving picture on the screen. Thus the animator, who is an expert in animation art, gives life to a character using a blend of imagination and technology.

- (2) Aspirant animators must have a passion and a flair for drawing and creative imagination. In addition, they must also possess an advanced level of technological understanding, meet and interact with a large number of people.
- (3) In the present scenario, animation has a plethora of opportunities in areas like films, cartoons, advertisements, television, and product designing. The animation industry can be broadly classified into categories like 3D and 2D animation, gaming, multimedia, web designing, and visual effects.
- (4) In India, the animation industry is growing immensely thus making the country a destination for the outsourcing of animation work. The reasons for this mainly are skilled workers and low cost of production besides the rise of the gaming industry. Apart from this, the Indian audience is showing keen interest in animated movies and commercials which has led several production houses to produce a greater number of animated movies.
- (5) Being aware of the increasing popularity of the animation industry, educational institutions across the country are beginning to include animation courses in their programme. A number of animation institutes have also come up in India which will help students both in grooming their creative skills as well as in their placements.
- (6) The magical world of animation is thus becoming one of the fastest and most lucrative industries in India. Despite a humble start in the year 1974 with the educational animation film 'Ek Anek Aur Ekta', the animation industry in India is a well-established career option today.

### The growth of Indian Animation Industry in US billion dollars is as mentioned below:-



So the growth remains approximately **69 US** billion dollars in six years

31. What are the reasons behind the growth of the Animation Industry in India?
  - A. Skilled workers
  - B. Rise of the gaming industry
  - C. Rise of still images
  - D. Low cost of production
  - E. Good communication skill
  - F. Indian audience is showing keen interest in animated movies and commercials
  - (a) A, C and D
  - (b) B, D and F
  - (c) A, B, D and F
  - (d) A, B, C and E
32. What qualities must a good animator possess?
  - A. Passion and flair for drawing and creative imagination
  - B. Flair for creative writing
  - C. Commercial work experience
  - D. Must have good communication skills
  - E. Advanced level of technological understanding
  - (a) A, C and E
  - (b) B, C and D
  - (c) A, D and E
  - (d) B, C and D
33. What has the growth of the animation industry led to?
  - (a) Vast career prospects
  - (b) Inclusion of animation courses in educational institutions
  - (c) Establishment of animation institutes
  - (d) All of these



- 34. Which word means the same as 'illusion'?**  
 (a) Apparition (b) Correction (c) Reality (d) Certainty
- 35. When did the animation industry begin in India?**  
 (a) 1947 (b) 1974 (c) 1977 (d) 1794
- 36. Which word from the following is the antonym of 'lucrative'?**  
 (a) Profitable (b) Unprofitable (c) Worthwhile (d) Remunerative
- 37. Which of the following areas do animators have opportunities in?**  
**A. Films B. Graphics C. Cartoons D. Audio**  
**E. Advertisements F. Television G. Product Designing**  
 (a) A, B, C, E and F (b) A, C, E, F and G (c) C, D, E, F and G (d) A, B, D, E and F
- 38. What does an animator do?**  
 (a) Shows interest in animated movies and commercials  
 (b) Gives life to a character using a blend of imagination and technology  
 (c) Works towards the low cost of production  
 (d) Destroys still images
- 39. How much was the growth of the Indian Animation Industry in 2011?**  
 (a) \$0.69 billion (b) \$0.48 billion (c) \$0.70 billion (d) \$0.94 billion
- 40. Based on your reading of the passage, which two sentences from the following are TRUE?**  
**A. The animation destroys still images to create an illusion of motion.**  
**B. In India, the animation industry is growing immensely, thus making the country a destination for the outsourcing of animation work.**  
**C. An animator must have good writing skills because the field requires him to write creative content.**  
**D. Aspirant animators must have a passion and a flair for drawing and creative imagination.**  
 (a) A and B (b) B and C (c) A and C (d) B and D

**V. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow by choosing the correct option.**

- (1) A recent survey brought back focus on teenage smoking. According to the survey, 80% of smokers form the habit when they are minors. It is estimated that one out of five teenage smokers smokes about 10 cigarettes everyday. What is more, teenage smokers are no longer satisfied with nicotine and are increasingly taking to deadly contraband like marijuana and cannabis.
  - (2) Initially, smoking starts from curiosity but soon becomes a habit. Oblivious of the fatal dangers involved, nascent smokers ignore even the statutory warning inscribed on the pack.
  - (3) Forming the habit of smoking in an early age is often attributed to a whole lot of psychological reasons; but the problem is also precipitated by the glamorous representation of smoking by stars on the silver screen, linking it with style.
  - (4) Peer pressure is another big reason for minors taking up smoking. Besides, locally manufactured tax free cigarettes also push them towards this habit. These cigarettes are particularly popular among the youth, as they are available at a significantly lower price than the legally manufactured cigarettes. According to a FICCI report on these cigarettes, the government suffers huge revenue loss annually due to them, while youths fall victim to smoking. While in the short term, smokers get sick due to common ailments and in the long run their lungs get badly affected. Diseases such as oral cancer are associated with tobacco use in any form.
  - (5) Smokers can quit smoking by monitoring some of their food habits. Food rich in vitamin C reduce the urge to smoke. Also, milk, celery, carrot, fruits and vegetables when taken before smoking, compel the smoker to quit the habit.
- 41. Why have teenagers started consuming contraband and have not remained satisfied with nicotine consumption only?**  
 (a) It is cheaper than the cigarettes.  
 (b) It does not have harmful impact on health.  
 (c) People consuming contraband are not looked upon by the society.  
 (d) None of these

- 42. Why are locally manufactured cigarettes sold at a lower price?**  
 (a) Because they are popular.  
 (b) Because no tax is levied on these cigarettes.  
 (c) Because the manufacturers of these cigarettes intend to capture a bigger market share.  
 (d) Because they have a limited market and therefore, cannot be sold at a higher price.
- 43. Which of the following is false in context of the passage?**  
 (a) Most of the smokers start smoking at an early age.  
 (b) Smoking leads to psychological diseases leading to a weak memory.  
 (c) People drawn to smoking are charmed by big stars showing smoking in the screen.  
 (d) Smoking affects lungs if the habit does not get rid at an early age.
- 44. Which of the following has been mentioned about the FICCI report in the passage?**  
 (a) Tax free cigarettes help keep a vigil on frequent smokers as they are sold at few shops only.  
 (b) More and more people indulge in smoking as tax free cigarettes remain available at a reduced price.  
 (c) Tax free cigarettes cause a huge revenue loss to the government.  
 (d) Only (b) and (c)
- 45. Which of the following food items do not help smokers get rid of smoking?**  
 (a) Vegetables (b) Fruits (c) Celery (d) Chocolate
- 46. Why do people tend to ignore the statutory warning inscribed on the pack of cigarettes?**  
 (a) The warning fails to convey the message for which it is mentioned.  
 (b) They care little about their health.  
 (c) They possess little knowledge of the risks associated with its consumption.  
 (d) None of these
- 47. Choose the word which is most nearly the same in meaning of the word 'annually'.**  
 (a) Deliberately (b) Steadily (c) Yearly (d) Finally
- 48. Choose the word which is most nearly the same in meaning of the word 'nascent'.**  
 (a) Seasoned (b) Smart (c) Conventional (d) New
- 49. Choose the word which is most nearly the opposite in meaning of the word 'compel'.**  
 (a) Allow (b) Venerate (c) Prove (d) Force
- 50. Choose the word which is most nearly the opposite in meaning of the word 'oblivious'.**  
 (a) Careless (b) Acquaint (c) Negligent (d) Mindful

## PRACTICE PAPER-16

- |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. (b)  | 2. (d)  | 3. (d)  | 4. (c)  | 5. (b)  | 6. (c)  | 7. (b)  |
| 8. (b)  | 9. (b)  | 10. (d) | 11. (d) | 12. (b) | 13. (a) | 14. (b) |
| 15. (c) | 16. (b) | 17. (a) | 18. (a) | 19. (a) | 20. (d) | 21. (b) |
| 22. (c) | 23. (d) | 24. (c) | 25. (c) | 26. (b) | 27. (c) | 28. (b) |
| 29. (c) | 30. (b) | 31. (c) | 32. (c) | 33. (d) | 34. (a) | 35. (b) |
| 36. (b) | 37. (a) | 38. (a) | 39. (b) | 40. (b) | 41. (d) | 42. (b) |
| 43. (b) | 44. (d) | 45. (d) | 46. (d) | 47. (c) | 48. (d) | 49. (a) |
| 50. (d) |         |         |         |         |         |         |